

OXREF BUNDLE

OXREF – Biblatex styles inspired by the *Oxford Guide to Style*

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v2.1

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Introduction

This document provides the documented sources for the oxref bibliography styles:

- oxnotes: a style similar to the standard verbose and its variants, intended for use with footnotes;
- oxnum: a style similar to the standard numeric, intended for use with numeric in-text citation labels;
- oxalph: a style similar to the standard alphabetic, intended for use with alphabetic in-text citation labels;
- oxyear: a style similar to the standard authoryear, intended for use with parenthetical in-text citations.

1.1 Quick start

The styles are self-contained, so you can load them with biblatex:

```
1 \usepackage[style=oxnotes]{biblatex} 1 \usepackage[style=oxalph]{biblatex}
1 \usepackage[style=oxnum]{biblatex} 1 \usepackage[style=oxyear]{biblatex}
```

For further information, including some additional options you can set, please refer to the separate documentation files `oxnotes-doc.pdf`, `oxnum-doc.pdf`, `oxalph-doc.pdf`, and `oxyear-doc.pdf` respectively.

1.2 Installation

1.2.1 DEPENDENCIES

To compile the documentation you will need to have the minted package working, which in turn relies on Python 2.6+ and Pygments. See the documentation of that package for details.

1.2.2 MANAGED WAY

The latest stable release of the biblatex-oxref bundle has been packaged for TeX Live and MiKTeX. If you are running TeX Live and have `tlmgr` installed, you can install the bundle simply by running `tlmgr install biblatex-oxref`. If you are running MiKTeX, you can install the bundle

by running `mpm --install=biblatex-oxref`. Both `tlmgr` and `mpm` have GUI versions that you might find friendlier.

1.2.3 AUTOMATED WAY

A makefile is provided which you can use with the Make utility on UNIX-like systems:

- Running `make source` generates the derived files
 - `README.md`
 - `oxref.bbx`, `oxnotes.bbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.bbx`, `oxnotes-note.bbx`, `oxnotes-inote.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.bbx`, `oxyear.bbx`, `oxnum.bbx`, `oxalph.bbx`
 - `oxnotes.cbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.cbx`, `oxnotes-note.cbx`, `oxnotes-inote.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.cbx`, `oxyear.cbx`, `oxnum.cbx`, `oxalph.cbx`
 - `american-oxref.lbx`, `british-oxref.lbx`, `english-oxref.lbx`
 - `oxnotes.dbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.dbx`, `oxnotes-note.dbx`, `oxnotes-inote.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.dbx`, `oxyear.dbx`, `oxnum.dbx`, `oxalph.dbx`
 - `oxref.bib`
 - `oxref.ins`
 - `oxnotes-doc.tex`, `oxyear-doc.tex`, `oxnum-doc.tex`, `oxalph-doc.tex`
- Running `make` generates the above files and also `oxref.pdf`, `oxnotes-doc.pdf`, `oxyear-doc.pdf`, `oxnum-doc.pdf` and `oxalph-doc.pdf`.
- Running `make inst` installs the files in the user's TeX tree. You can undo this with `make uninst`.
- Running `make install` installs the files in the local TeX tree. You can undo this with `make uninstall`.
- Running `make clean` removes auxiliary files from the working directory.
- Running `make distclean` removes the generated files from the working directory as well.

1.2.4 MANUAL WAY

To install the bundle from scratch, follow these instructions. If you have downloaded the zip file from the Releases page on GitHub, you can skip the first two steps.

1. Run `luatex oxref.dtx` to generate the source files. (You can safely skip this step if you are confident about step 2.)
2. Compile `oxref.dtx`, `oxnotes-doc.tex`, `oxyear-doc.tex`, and `oxnum-doc.tex` with LuaLaTeX and Biber to generate the documentation. You will need to enable shell escape so that `minted` can typeset the listings.
3. Move the files to your TeX tree as follows:
 - `source/latex/biblatex-oxref`: `oxref.dtx`, (`oxref.ins`)
 - `tex/latex/biblatex-oxref`: `american-oxref.lbx`, `british-oxref.lbx`, `english-oxref.lbx`, `oxalph.bbx`, `oxalph.cbx`, `oxalph.dbx`, `oxnotes.bbx`, `oxnotes.cbx`, `oxnotes.dbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.bbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.cbx`, `oxnotes-ibid.dbx`, `oxnotes-inote.bbx`, `oxnotes-inote.cbx`, `oxnotes-inote.dbx`, `oxnotes-note.bbx`, `oxnotes-note.cbx`, `oxnotes-note.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad1.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad2.dbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.bbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.cbx`, `oxnotes-trad3.dbx`, `oxnum.bbx`, `oxnum.cbx`, `oxnum.dbx`, `oxref.bbx`, `oxyear.bbx`, `oxyear.cbx`, `oxyear.dbx`

- doc/latex/biblatex-oxref: README.md, oxalph-doc.pdf, oxalph-doc.tex, oxnotes-doc.pdf, oxnotes-doc.tex, oxnum-doc.pdf, oxnum-doc.tex, oxref.bib, oxref.pdf, oxyyear-doc.pdf, oxyyear-doc.tex
4. You may then have to update your installation's file name database before TeX and friends can see the files.

1.3 Licence

Copyright 2016–2020 Alex Ball.

This work consists of the documented LaTeX file `oxref.dtx` and a Makefile.

The text files contained in this work may be distributed and/or modified under the conditions of the LaTeX Project Public License (LPPL), either version 1.3c of this license or (at your option) any later version.

This work is 'maintained' (as per LPPL maintenance status) by Alex Ball.

Bibliography styles

2.1 Base style: oxref.bbx

2.1.1 LOADING DEPENDENCIES, SETTING UP LANGUAGES, APPLYING OPTIONS

Dependencies:

- For ease of maintenance, we will patch some definitions with xpatch instead of writing out our own in full.
- We will manipulate strings with xstring.
- We will use graphicx for stretching `\bibnamedashes`

```
20 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
21 \RequirePackage{xpatch}
22 \RequirePackage{xstring}
23 \RequirePackage{graphicx}
```

Language support may be widened in future, but for now we support British and American English. Adapted language files have the following suffix.

```
24 \DeclareLanguageMappingSuffix{-oxref}
```

We provide some additional bibliography strings:

- roles expressed as functions;

```
25 \NewBibliographyString{%
26   director, performer, reader, conductor, serieseditor, holder, editorcm,
27   directors, performers, readers, conductors, serieseditors, holders, editorcms,
```

- roles expressed as actions;

```
28   bydirector, byperformer, byreader, byconductor, byserieseditor, byholder, byeditorcm,
```

- publication details;

```
29   facsimile, revised, revisedenlarged, revisedreprint, suppto, equals, original,
```

- publication state;

30 inpressin,

- pagination;

31 book, books, canto, cantos, stanza, stanzas, act, acts, scene, scenes, folio, folios,
 32 article, articles, clause, clauses, regulation, regulations, rule, rules,
 33 booktotal, booktotals, cantototal, cantototals, stanzatotal, stanzatotals,
 34 acttotal, acttotals, scenetotal, scenetotals, foliototal, foliototals,
 35 articletotal, articletotals, clausetotal, clausetotals, regulationtotal,
 36 regulationtotals, ruletotal, ruletotals,

- types;

37 facebook, tweet, podcast, clip, webcast, poster,

- miscellaneous;

38 nolocation, modified, recorded, uploaded, filed, issued,

- labels;

39 anon, pseudo, urldown,

- country names, patents, and patent requests;

40 countryjp, patentjp, patreqjp,

- borrowed from other styles.

41 1column, 2column, inflayer, suplayer, paper, papyrus, pergament,
 42 eucase, eujoinedcases, commissiondecision, application,
 43 order, bill, draft, opened, signed, adopted, inforce,
 44 }

We base our styles on the standard on the principle of least surprise (and to aid with maintenance in the face of new biblatex versions). We set some defaults different to the standard ones, but the author can still override them.

```
45 \RequireBibliographyStyle{standard}
46 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{urldate=comp, pagetracker, timezeros=false, time=12h, isbn=false}
```

Here are the new default punctuation conventions. The new `\relatedtypepunct` is for before the relatedtype localization string, while `\recordseriespunct` is used for audiovisual resources.

```
47 \renewcommand*{\labelnamepunct}{\addcomma\space}
48 \renewcommand*{\newunitpunct}{\addcomma\space}
49 \renewcommand*{\subtitlepunct}{\addcolon\space}
50 \renewcommand*{\intitlepunct}{\nopunct\space}
51 \renewcommand*{\bibnamedash}{\resizebox{2em}{\height}{\textendash}\addthinspace}
52 \newcommand*{\recordseriespunct}{\addcomma\space}
53 \newcommand*{\relatedtypepunct}{\addsemicolon\space}
54 \renewcommand*{\relateddelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
```

```

55 \DeclareDelimFormat{revsdnamedelim}{\addcomma}
56 \DeclareDelimFormat{authortypedelim}{\addspace}
57 \DeclareDelimFormat{editortypedelim}{\addspace}
58 \DeclareDelimFormat{translatortypedelim}{\addspace}

```

2.1.2 NAMES

We declare some new name formats so that authors/editors/others who appear mid-reference can be handled differently from those that appear at the head of the reference.

```

59 \DeclareNameAlias{bookauthor}{default}
60 \DeclareNameAlias{bookeditor}{default}

```

Traditionally, Oxford style (for the humanities) prints author names in small capitals in the bibliography, but in normal case in citations. This is falling out of fashion, so we introduce it as an option.

```

61 \newtoggle{blx@ox@scnames}
62 \DeclareBibliographyOption{scnames}[true]{%
63   \settoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{#1}
64 }

```

The style manuals prefer to omit titles but accept they may need to be included in some circumstances. There are some titles that are only used with full names and some that may be used with initials, so we provide an option for manually switching them off.

```

65 \newtoggle{blx@ox@nametitle}\toggletrue{blx@ox@nametitle}%
66 \DeclareBibliographyOption{usenametitles}[true]{%
67   \settoggle{blx@ox@nametitle}{#1}}
68 \DeclareTypeOption{usenametitles}[true]{%
69   \settoggle{blx@ox@nametitle}{#1}}
70 \DeclareEntryOption{usenametitles}[true]{%
71   \settoggle{blx@ox@nametitle}{#1}}

```

We provide some additional macros for formatting names with titles. Here is the one for natural name order.

```

72 \newbibmacro*{name:title-given-family}[5]{%
73   \usebibmacro{name:delim}{#2#3#1}%
74   \usebibmacro{name:hook}{#2#3#1}%
75   \ifvoid{#5}{}{\iftoggle{blx@ox@nametitle}{\mkbibnametitle{#5}\isdot\bibnamedelimd}{}}%
76   \ifvoid{#2}{}{\mkbibnamegiven{#2}\isdot\bibnamedelimd}%
77   \ifvoid{#3}{}{%
78     \mkbibnameprefix{#3}\isdot
79     \ifprefchar
80     {}
81     {\ifuseprefix{\bibnamedelinc}{\bibnamedelimd}}}%
82   \mkbibnamefamily{#1}\isdot
83   \ifvoid{#4}{}{\ifnumeral{#4}{}{\addcomma}\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}\isdot}}

```

Here is the one for inverted name order.

```

84 \newbibmacro*{name:family-title-given}[5]{%
85   \ifuseprefix{%
86     \usebibmacro{name:delim}{#3#1}%
87     \usebibmacro{name:hook}{#3#1}%
88     \ifvoid{#3}{}{%

```

```

89     \ifcapital{%
90         \mkbibnameprefix{\MakeCapital{#3}}\isdot
91     }{%
92         \mkbibnameprefix{#3}\isdot}%
93     \ifprefchar{}\{\bibnamedelimc}\}%
94     \mkbibnamefamily{#1}\isdot
95     \ifdefvoid{#4}\{\ifnumeral{#4}\{\addcomma}\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}\isdot}%
96     \ifboolexpe{%
97         (test {\ifdefvoid{#5}} or not togl {blx@ox@nametitle})
98         and
99         test {\ifdefvoid{#2}}%
100    }\{\%
101        \revsnamepunct}%
102    \ifdefvoid{#5}\{\iftoggle{blx@ox@nametitle}\{\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnametitle{#5}\isdot}\}\}%
103    \ifdefvoid{#2}\{\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamegiven{#2}\isdot}\}%
104 }\{\%
105     \usebibmacro{name:delim}{#1}%
106     \usebibmacro{name:hook}{#1}%
107     \mkbibnamefamily{#1}\isdot
108     \ifdefvoid{#4}\{\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}\isdot}\}%
109     \ifboolexpe{%
110         (test {\ifdefvoid{#5}} or not togl {blx@ox@nametitle})
111         and
112         test {\ifdefvoid{#2}}
113         and
114         test {\ifdefvoid{#3}}%
115    }\{\%
116        \revsnamepunct}%
117    \ifdefvoid{#5}\{\iftoggle{blx@ox@nametitle}\{\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnametitle{#5}\isdot}\}\}%
118    \ifdefvoid{#2}\{\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamegiven{#2}\isdot}\}%
119    \ifdefvoid{#3}\{\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnameprefix{#3}\isdot}\}\}

```

Oxford style (for the humanities) is to write author names surname first in the bibliography, but in natural order in citations. We implement this, along with the case changing option, in the following name format. We also add a second hash for checking if names (e.g. author and authoraddon) are the same.

```

120     \def\blx@ox@lasthash{}
121     \DeclareNameFormat{bib-family-given/cite-given-family}{%
122         \iffielddannotation{inferred}\{\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{1}\{\bibopenbracket}\}\}\}%
123         \ifitemannotation{inferred}\{\bibopenbracket}\}\}%
124     \ifbibliography{%
125         \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{%
126             \renewcommand*\mkbibnamefamily}[1]{\textsc{##1}}%
127             \renewcommand*\mkbibnamegiven}[1]{\textsc{##1}}%
128             \renewcommand*\mkbibnameprefix}[1]{\textsc{##1}}%
129             \renewcommand*\mkbibnamesuffix}[1]{\textsc{##1}}%
130             \renewcommand*\mkbibnametitle}[1]{##1}%
131         }\{\%
132         \ifgiveninits{%
133             \usebibmacro{name:family-title-given}%
134                 {\namepartfamily}%
135                 {\namepartgiveni}%
136                 {\namepartprefix}%
137                 {\namepartsuffix}%
138                 {\nameparttitle}%
139             }\{\%
140             \usebibmacro{name:family-title-given}%
141                 {\namepartfamily}%
142                 {\namepartgiven}%
143                 {\namepartprefix}%

```

```

144     {\namepartsuffix}%
145     {\nameparttitle}%
146   }%
147   \savefield{hash}{\blx@ox@lasthash}%
148   \ifitemannotation{pseudo}{%
149     \addspace\printtext[parens]{%
150       \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{%
151         \textsc{\bibsstring{pseudo}}%
152       }{%
153         \bibsstring{pseudo}%
154       }}%
155     }{}%
156     \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{%
157       \renewcommand*\mkbibnamefamily[1]{##1}%
158       \renewcommand*\mkbibnamegiven[1]{##1}%
159       \renewcommand*\mkbibnameprefix[1]{##1}%
160       \renewcommand*\mkbibnamesuffix[1]{##1}%
161       \renewcommand*\mkbibnametitle[1]{##1}%
162     }{}%
163   }{%
164     \ifgiveninits{%
165       \usebibmacro{name:title-given-family}%
166       {\ifitemannotation{pseudo}{\biblstring{pseudo}}{\namepartfamily}%
167        {\namepartgiveni}%
168        {\namepartprefix}%
169        {\namepartsuffix}%
170        {\nameparttitle}%
171      }{%
172        \usebibmacro{name:title-given-family}%
173        {\ifitemannotation{pseudo}{\biblstring{pseudo}}{\namepartfamily}%
174         {\namepartgiven}%
175         {\namepartprefix}%
176         {\namepartsuffix}%
177         {\nameparttitle}%
178       }%
179     }%
180   }%
181   \ifitemannotation{inferred}{\bibclosebracket}{}%
182   \usebibmacro{name:andothers}%
183   \iffieldannotation{inferred}{%
184     \ifboolexpr{
185       test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{maxnames}}}
186       or
187       test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{listtotal}}}
188       or (
189         test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{minnames}}}
190         and
191         test {\ifnumgreater{\value{listtotal}}{\value{maxnames}}}
192       )
193     }{\bibclosebracket}{}%
194   }{}%
195 }

```

We change the regular given-family format to include the alternative-name hash and use the title-enhanced name format. We also add a toggle for triggering special formatting if `authoraddon` or `editoraddon` are annotated with `variant`.

```

196   \newtoggle{blx@ox@variantname}
197   \DeclareNameFormat{given-family}{%
198     \ifgiveninits
199     {\usebibmacro{name:title-given-family}

```

```

200     {\namepartfamily}
201     {\namepartgiveni}
202     {\namepartprefix}
203     {\namepartsuffix}
204     {\nameparttitle}}
205     {\usebibmacro{name:title-given-family}
206     {\namepartfamily}
207     {\namepartgiven}
208     {\namepartprefix}
209     {\namepartsuffix}
210     {\nameparttitle}}%
211     \savefield{hash}{\blx@ox@lasthash}%
212     \ifitemannotation{variant}{%
213     \global\settoggle{blx@ox@variantname}{true}%
214     }{%
215     \global\settoggle{blx@ox@variantname}{false}}%
216     \usebibmacro{name:andothers}}

```

We do likewise for the regular family-given format.

```

217     \DeclareNameFormat{family-given}{%
218     \ifgiveninits
219     {\usebibmacro{name:family-title-given}
220     {\namepartfamily}
221     {\namepartgiveni}
222     {\namepartprefix}
223     {\namepartsuffix}
224     {\nameparttitle}}
225     {\usebibmacro{name:family-title-given}
226     {\namepartfamily}
227     {\namepartgiven}
228     {\namepartprefix}
229     {\namepartsuffix}
230     {\nameparttitle}}%
231     \savefield{hash}{\blx@ox@lasthash}%
232     \ifitemannotation{variant}{%
233     \global\settoggle{blx@ox@variantname}{true}%
234     }{%
235     \global\settoggle{blx@ox@variantname}{false}}%
236     \usebibmacro{name:andothers}}

```

There is no comma before numeric suffixes, but there is before textual ones (e.g. ‘junior’).

```

237     \xpatchbibmacro{name:given-family}%
238     {\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}}%
239     {\ifnumeral{#4}{\addcomma}\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}}%
240     {}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch name:given-family}}
241     \xpatchbibmacro{name:family-given}%
242     {\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}}%
243     {\ifnumeral{#4}{\addcomma}\bibnamedelimd\mkbibnamesuffix{#4}}%
244     {}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch name:family-given}}

```

Pseudonyms are printed after the main name, enclosed in parentheses (OGS) or brackets (NHR). Biblatex provides the nameaddon field for this use case, but it is a literal field (it doesn’t format the name provided).

```

245     \DeclareFieldFormat{nameaddon}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
246     \DeclareFieldFormat{namevariant}{\mkbibparens{\bibstring{equals}\space #1}}

```

We provide an alternative method that uses new name fields authoraddon and editoraddon. To do this, we define a bibmacro that reimplements the loopcode logic of `\printnames`, but operates

on two name lists simultaneously; we use saveboxes to extract the hashes, and only print the alternative name if it has a different hash. The same technique is used by oxyear below to pair up names with the short form used in references, so this bibmacro is written to handle both cases.

The namepairs bibmacro takes two arguments: the data fields holding the main name and alternative name respectively.

```

247 \newcounter{namepairs}
248 \newsavebox{\blx@ox@namebox}
249 \newsavebox{\blx@ox@altnamebox}
250 \newbibmacro*{namepairs}[2]{%
251 \setcounter{namepairs}{0}%
252 \savebibmacro{name:andothers}%
253 \renewbibmacro*{name:andothers}{}%
254 \whileboolexpr{%
255 test {\ifnumless{\value{namepairs}}{\value{#1}}}
256 and (
257 test {\ifdefvoid{\c@maxnames}}
258 or
259 test {\ifnumequal{\c@maxnames}{0}}
260 or
261 test {\ifnumless{\value{#1}}{\c@maxnames}}
262 or
263 test {\ifnumequal{\value{#1}}{\c@maxnames}}
264 or
265 test {\ifdefvoid{\c@minnames}}
266 or
267 test {\ifnumequal{\c@minnames}{0}}
268 or
269 test {\ifnumless{\value{namepairs}}{\c@minnames}}
270 )
271 }{%
272 \stepcounter{namepairs}%
273 \ifnumgreater{\value{namepairs}}{1}{%
274 \ifnumequal{\value{#1}}{2}{%
275 \setunit*{\addspace\bibstring{and}\addspace}%
276 }{%
277 \ifnumequal{\value{namepairs}}{\value{#1}}{%
278 \setunit*{\addcomma\space\bibstring{and}\addspace}%
279 }{%
280 \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
281 }%
282 }%
283 }{}%
284 \savebox{\blx@ox@namebox}{%
285 \printnames[#1][\value{namepairs}-\value{namepairs}]{#1}%
286 }%
287 \let\blx@ox@firsthash=\blx@ox@lasthash

```

This is the part intended for authoraddon and editoraddon. Note that it contains an additional test for the variant name toggle.

```

288 \IfEndWith{#2}{addon}{%
289 \savebox{\blx@ox@altnamebox}{%
290 \printnames[by#1][\value{namepairs}-\value{namepairs}]{#2}%
291 }%
292 \let\blx@ox@secondhash=\blx@ox@lasthash
293 \ifdefstrequal{\blx@ox@firsthash}{\blx@ox@secondhash}{%
294 \unhbox\blx@ox@namebox
295 }{%
296 \unhbox\blx@ox@namebox\addspace

```

```

297     \iftoggle{blx@ox@variantname}{%
298       \ifbibliography{%
299         \printtext[namevariant]{\printnames[#1][\value{namepairs}-
        ↪ \value{namepairs}]{#2}}%
300       }%
301     }%
302     \printtext[nameaddon]{\unhbox\blx@ox@altnamebox}%
303   }%
304 }%

```

This is the part intended for `shortauthor` and `shorteditor`. There are differences in the formatting, and the alternative name is actually printed before the main name.

```

305   }%
306   \savebox{\blx@ox@altnamebox}{%
307     \printnames[#1][\value{namepairs}-\value{namepairs}]{#2}%
308   }%
309   \let\blx@ox@secondhash=\blx@ox@lasthash
310   \ifdefstrequal{\blx@ox@firsthash}{\blx@ox@secondhash}{%
311     \unhbox\blx@ox@namebox
312   }%
313   \unhbox\blx@ox@altnamebox
314   \addspace\mkbibparens{\unhbox\blx@ox@namebox}%
315 }%
316 }%
317 }%

```

Now we return to common code.

```

318   \ifboolexpr{
319     test {\ifnumequal{\value{namepairs}}{\c@minnames}}
320     and
321     test {\ifnumgreater{\value{#1}}{\c@maxnames}}
322   }%
323   \ifnumgreater{\c@minnames}{1}{%
324     \finalandcomma
325   }%
326   \printdelim{andothersdelim}\bibstring{andothers}%
327 }%
328 \restorebibmacro{name:andothers}%
329 }

```

We use this now for authors. We provide additional handling to support printing editors or translators promoted to joint authorship status.

```

330   \newbibmacro*{author+altauthor}{%
331     \ifboolexpr{
332       test {\ifnameundef{authoraddon}}
333       and
334       test {\ifnameundef{jointauthor}}
335     }%
336     \printnames{author}%
337   }%
338   \ifnumequal{\value{authoraddon}}{\value{author}}{%
339     \usebibmacro{namepairs}{author}{authoraddon}%
340   }%
341   \printnames{author}%
342   \ifnameundef{authoraddon}{%
343     \setunit*{\addspace}%
344     \printtext[nameaddon]{\printnames[byauthor]{authoraddon}}%

```

```

345     }%
346     \ifnameundef{jointauthor}{}%
347     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
348     \iffieldundef{jointauthortype}{%
349       \bibstring{byeditor}%
350     }{%
351       \printfield{jointauthortype}}%
352     \setunit{\addspace}%
353     \printnames[author]{jointauthor}%
354   }%
355 }%
356 }
357 \DeclareFieldFormat{jointauthortype}{%
358   \ifbibstring{by#1}{\bibstring{by#1}}{#1}}

```

This is the (simpler) implementation for editors.

```

359 \newbibmacro*{editor+altdeditor}{%
360   \ifnameundef{editoraddon}{%
361     \printnames{editor}%
362   }{
363     \ifnumequal{\value{editoraddon}}{\value{editor}}{%
364       \usebibmacro{namepairs}{editor}{editoraddon}%
365     }{%
366       \printnames{editor}%
367       \setunit*\addspace}%
368     \printtext[nameaddon]{\printnames[byeditor]{editoraddon}}%
369   }%
370 }%
371 }

```

Traditional Oxford style is to use dashes instead of repeating author names, but NHR recommends abandoning the practice as it interferes with text mining. We therefore turn this feature off by default, but allow authors to switch it on with `dashed=true`.

```

372 \newbibmacro*{bbx:savehash}{}
373 \DeclareBibliographyOption{dashed}[true]{%
374   \ifstrequal{#1}{true}{%
375     \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{pagetracker}%
376     \renewbibmacro*{bbx:savehash}{\savefield{fullhash}{\bbx@lasthash}}%
377   }%
378   \renewbibmacro*{bbx:savehash}{}%
379 }%
380 }
381 \InitializeBibliographyStyle{%
382   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash}
383 \newbibmacro*{bbx:dashcheck}[2]{%
384   \ifboolexpr{
385     test {\iffieldequals{fullhash}{\bbx@lasthash}}
386     and
387     not test \iffirstonpage
388     and
389     (
390       not bool {bbx@inset}
391       or
392       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysetcount}{1}}
393     )
394   }{#1}{#2}%
395 }

```

The following is used in the `authortitle` and `authoryear` styles to switch off the dash check macro for reference sets.

```

396 \newbool{bbx@inset}
397 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{set}{%
398   \booltrue{bbx@inset}%
399   \entryset{}}{%
400   \newunit\newblock
401   \usebibmacro{setpageref}%
402   \finentry}

```

We provide options for how to handle the author name ‘Anonymous’.

```

403 \newtoggle{blx@ox@autoanon}
404 \newtoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}
405 \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{anon}[short]{%
406   \ifcsdef{blx@ox@opt@anon@#1}{%
407     \csuse{blx@ox@opt@anon@#1}%
408   }{%
409     \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}
410     {Invalid option 'anon=#1'}
411     {Valid values are 'long', 'short', and 'literal'.}}
412 \csdef{blx@ox@opt@anon@literal}{\togglefalse{blx@ox@autoanon}}
413 \csdef{blx@ox@opt@anon@long}{\toggletrue{blx@ox@autoanon}\togglefalse{blx@ox@abbranon}}
414 \csdef{blx@ox@opt@anon@short}{\toggletrue{blx@ox@autoanon}\toggletrue{blx@ox@abbranon}}

```

We copy the author to `rawauthor` for easier testing.

```

415 \DeclareStyleSourceMap{
416   \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%
417     \map{%
418       \step[fieldsource=author]%
419       \step[fieldset=rawauthor, origfieldval]%
420     }
421   }%
422 }

```

The author macro is enhanced from the standard version by

- checking if the author name is ‘Anonymous’;
- including a dash check, to see if the name(s) should be replaced with a dash (as in `authortitle` and `authoryear`);
- inserting the `nameaddon` field if provided;
- inserting the author type if provided (as in `authoryear`).

```

423 \newcommand*\oxrefanon{Anonymous}
424 \newtoggle{blx@ox@isanon}
425 \renewbibmacro*{author}{%
426   \iffieldequals{rawauthor}{\oxrefanon}{%
427     \toggletrue{blx@ox@isanon}%
428   }{%
429     \togglefalse{blx@ox@isanon}}%
430   \ifboolexpr{
431     test \ifuseauthor
432     and
433     ( not test {\ifnameundef{author}} )
434     and (
435       ( not togl {blx@ox@isanon} )

```

```

436     or
437     ( not togl {blx@ox@autoanon} )
438     or
439     test {\ifbibliography}
440   )
441 }
442 {\usebibmacro{bbx:dashcheck}
443  {\bibnamedash}
444  {\usebibmacro{bbx:savehash}%
445   \ifboolexpr{
446     togl {blx@ox@autoanon}
447     and
448     togl {blx@ox@isanon}
449   }{%
450     \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
451   }%
452   \usebibmacro{author+altauthor}%
453   }%
454   \iffieldundef{nameaddon}
455   {}
456   {\setunit{\addspace}%
457    \printfield{nameaddon}}%
458   \setunit{\printdelim{authortypedelim}}}%
459   \iffieldundef{author type}
460   {}
461   {\usebibmacro{authorstrg}%
462    \setunit{\addspace}}}%
463   {\global\undef\bbx@lasthash}}
464 \DeclareFieldFormat{author type}{\mkbibparens{#1}}

```

We make the punctuation between a title and ‘by [author]’ configurable.

```

465 \newcommand{\titlebyauthor delim}{\addspace}

```

Following `author title` and `author year`, we redefine the `editor` and `editor+others` macros to use a common `bbx:editor` macro. The macro we use is the similar to the normal one except we delegate printing editor names to `editor+altditor`, and we don’t yet add the year label.

```

466 \renewbibmacro*{editor}{%
467   \usebibmacro{bbx:editor}{editorstrg}}
468 \renewbibmacro*{editor+others}{%
469   \usebibmacro{bbx:editor}{editor+othersstrg}}
470 \newbibmacro*{bbx:editor}[1]{%
471   \ifboolexpr{
472     test \ifuseeditor
473     and
474     not test {\ifnameundef{editor}}
475   }
476   {\usebibmacro{bbx:dashcheck}
477    {\bibnamedash}
478    {\usebibmacro{editor+altditor}%
479     \setunit{\printdelim{editortypedelim}}%
480     \usebibmacro{bbx:savehash}}%
481    \usebibmacro{#1}%
482    \clearname{editor}}
483   {\global\undef\bbx@lasthash}}
484 \DeclareFieldFormat{editor type}{\mkbibparens{#1}}

```

We do the same for translator as well.

```

485 \renewbibmacro*{translator}{%
486   \usebibmacro{bbx:translator}{translatorstrg}}
487 \renewbibmacro*{translator+others}{%
488   \usebibmacro{bbx:translator}{translator+othersstrg}}
489 \newbibmacro*{bbx:translator}[1]{%
490   \ifboolexpr{
491     test \ifusetranslator
492     and
493     not test {\ifnameundef{translator}}
494   }
495   {\usebibmacro{bbx:dashcheck}
496     {\bibnamedash}
497     {\printnames{translator}%
498       \setunit{\printdelim{translatortypedelim}}}%
499     \usebibmacro{bbx:savehash}}%
500   \usebibmacro{#1}%
501   \clearname{translator}%
502   \setunit{\addspace}}%
503   {\global\undef\bbx@lasthash}}
504 \xpatchbibmacro{translatorstrg}%
505   {\bibstring}%
506   {\bibstring[mkbbiparens]}%
507   {\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch translatorstrg}}%
508 \xpatchbibmacro{translator+othersstrg}%
509   {\bibstring}%
510   {\bibstring[mkbbiparens]}%
511   {\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch translator+othersstrg}}%

```

When referencing one work from a collection by the same author, Oxford style traditionally puts ‘id.’ in the bookauthor position (instead of omitting it as in standard biblatex).

```

512 \renewbibmacro*{bybookauthor}{%
513   \ifnamesequal{author}{bookauthor}%
514   {\bibstring{idem\thefield{gender}}}%
515   {\printnames{bookauthor}}}

```

Similarly, with mixed collections, if referencing a work by the editor of the collection, the editor name is replaced with ‘id.’ We insert this logic into a copy of the editor+others macro, which will *not* get a year inserted into it by oyear.

```

516 \newbibmacro*{bookeditor}{%
517   \ifboolexpr{
518     test \ifuseeditor
519     and
520     not test {\ifnameundef{editor}}
521   }{%
522     \ifnamesequal{author}{editor}{%
523       \bibstring{idem\thefield{gender}}%
524       \setunit{\addspace}%
525       \usebibmacro{editor+othersstrg}%
526       \clearname{editor}%
527     }{%
528       \printnames[bookeditor]{editor}%
529       \setunit*\addspace}%
530     \usebibmacro{editor+othersstrg}%
531     \clearname{editor}%
532   }%
533 }{}

```

We provide a macro for printing series editors.

```

534 \newbibmacro*{byserieseditor}{%
535 \ifnameundef{serieseditor}
536 {}
537 {\usebibmacro{bytypestrg}{serieseditor}{serieseditor}%
538 \setunit{\addspace}%
539 \printnames[byeditor]{serieseditor}%
540 \newunit}}

```

2.1.3 TITLES

Title handling is mostly as it is in the standard styles, except that the `titleaddon` is printed in square brackets; it is not preceded by punctuation.

```

541 \renewbibmacro*{title}{%
542 \ifboolexpr{
543 test {\iffieldundef{title}}
544 and
545 test {\iffieldundef{subtitle}}
546 }
547 {}
548 {\printtext[title]{%
549 \printfield[titlecase]{title}%
550 \setunit{\subtitlepunct}%
551 \printfield[titlecase]{subtitle}}%
552 \setunit{\addspace}}%
553 \usebibmacro{origtitle}%
554 \setunit*{\addspace}%
555 \printfield{titleaddon}%
556 \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{equals}{%
557 \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
558 \usebibmacro{related:init}%
559 \usebibmacro{related}%
560 \clearfield{related}}%
561 }{}%
562 }{}%
563 }
564 \DeclareFieldFormat{titleaddon}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}

```

The `origtitle` field is used for translated works. If the cited work is a native language translation of a foreign work, the original title is given in parentheses. If the cited work is foreign translation of a native language work, the original title is printed in square brackets, preceded by the name of the foreign language and ‘translation of’.

```

565 \DeclareFieldFormat{origtitle}{\mkbibemph{#1}}
566 \newbibmacro*{origtitle}{%
567 \iffieldundef{origtitle}{}{%
568 \iflistundef{language}{%
569 \printtext[parens]{\printfield{origtitle}}%
570 }{%
571 \printtext[brackets]{%
572 \printlist{language}\space
573 \bibstring{translationof}\space
574 \printfield{origtitle}}}}

```

2.1.4 DATES AND TIMES

Year ranges are truncated (e.g. 2012–3). Therefore, we provide a command that compares two years, and outputs a full or truncated version of the second year, depending on how similar it is

to the first. It is adapted from code by Marco Daniel.¹

```
575 \newcommand{\blx@ox@compyear}[2]{%
576   \def\num@one{#1}%
577   \def\num@two{#2}%
578   \StrLen{\num@one}[\num@one@len]%
579   \StrLen{\num@two}[\num@two@len]%
```

The year is only trimmed if it is greater than, but has the same number of digits as, the comparison number.

```
580 \ifboolexpr{
581   test {\ifnumequal{\num@one@len}{\num@two@len}}
582   and
583   test {\ifnumless{\num@one}{\num@two}}
584 }{%
```

For years since 1000, at least two digits must be the same before trimming occurs.

```
585 \StrCompare{\num@one}{\num@two}[\Result]%
586 \ifnum\num@two@len>3%
587   \IfStrEq{\Result}{2}{\def\Result{1}}{%
588   \fi
```

Since `\Result` is the number of digits to trim from the left hand side of the year, plus one, we provide an extra sacrificial zero before trimming.

```
589 \StrGobbleLeft{0\num@two}{\Result}%
590 }{\num@two}}
```

We patch the date range formats from `biblatex.sty` to use the above function.

```
591 \patchcmd{\mkdaterangefull}{%
592   \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}%
593 }{%
594   \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}%
595     {\blx@ox@compyear{\thefield{#2year}}{\thefield{#2endyear}}}%
596     {\csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}}%
597 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch mkdaterangefull}}
598 \patchcmd{\mkdaterangefullextra}{%
599   \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}%
600 }{%
601   \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}%
602     {\blx@ox@compyear{\thefield{#2year}}{\thefield{#2endyear}}}%
603     {\csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}}%
604 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch mkdaterangefullextra}}
605 \patchcmd{\mkdaterangetrunc@i}{%
606   \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}%
607 }{%
608   \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}%
609     {\blx@ox@compyear{\thefield{#2year}}{\thefield{#2endyear}}}%
610     {\csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}}%
611 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch mkdaterangetrunc@i}}
612 \patchcmd{\mkdaterangetruncextra@i}{%
613   \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}%
614 }{%
615   \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}%
616     {\blx@ox@compyear{\thefield{#2year}}{\thefield{#2endyear}}}%
```

¹<http://tex.stackexchange.com/questions/23483/>

```

617     {\csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endyear}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}}%
618   }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch mkdaterangetruncextra@i}}

```

We provide a way of prefacing dates (and times) with a type. This is mainly intended for online resources.

```

619 \DeclareFieldFormat{datetype}{%
620   \ifbibstring{#1}{\bibstring{#1}}{#1\isdot}%
621 }
622 \newtoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}
623 \DeclareBibliographyOption{timefirst}[true]{%
624   \settoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{#1}}
625 \DeclareTypeOption{timefirst}[true]{%
626   \settoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{#1}}
627 \DeclareEntryOption{timefirst}[true]{%
628   \settoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{#1}}
629 \newbibmacro*{date+time}{%
630   \ifboolexpr{
631     test {\iffieldundef{year}}
632     and
633     test {\iffieldundef{season}}
634     and
635     test {\iffieldundef{month}}
636     and
637     test {\iffieldundef{hour}}
638   }{\%
639     \printfield{datetype}}%
640   \setunit*{\addspace}%
641   \iftoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{%
642     \printtime
643     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}}{\%
644     \printdate
645     \iftoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{\%
646       \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
647       \printtime}%
648   }
649   \renewbibmacro*{date}{\usebibmacro{date+time}}

```

We provide an equivalent for origdate. This is mainly intended for audiovisual resources (for the date of recording).

```

650 \DeclareFieldFormat{origdatetype}{%
651   \ifbibstring{#1}{\bibstring{#1}}{#1\isdot}%
652 }
653 \newbibmacro*{origdate+time}{%
654   \ifboolexpr{
655     test {\iffieldundef{origyear}}
656     and
657     test {\iffieldundef{origseason}}
658     and
659     test {\iffieldundef{origmonth}}
660     and
661     test {\iffieldundef{orighour}}
662   }{\%
663     \printfield{origdatetype}}%
664   \setunit*{\addspace}%
665   \iftoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{%
666     \printorigtime
667     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}}{\%
668     \printorigdate
669     \iftoggle{blx@ox@timefirst}{\%

```

```

670     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
671     \printorigtime}%
672 }

```

If a date is inferred, it goes in square brackets.

```

673 \DeclareFieldFormat{date}{%
674   \def\currentfield{date}%
675   \iffieldannotation{inferred}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}{#1}%
676   \undef\currentfield}
677 \DeclareFieldFormat{origdate}{%
678   \def\currentfield{origdate}%
679   \iffieldannotation{inferred}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}{#1}%
680   \undef\currentfield}
681 \DeclareFieldFormat{eventdate}{%
682   \def\currentfield{eventdate}%
683   \iffieldannotation{inferred}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}{#1}%
684   \undef\currentfield}

```

2.1.5 EDITIONS, PAGES, AND OTHER NUMBER-LIKE FIELDS

We let edition take a localization key as well as a number.

```

685 \xpatchfieldformat{edition}{%
686   {#1\isdot}%
687   {\ifbibstring{#1}{\bibstring{#1}}{#1\isdot}}%
688   {\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch edition}}

```

Page ranges are compressed, but are not usually marked with ‘pp.’. The exception is if the page numbers are not obviously numbers.

```

689 \DeclareFieldFormat{pages}{%
690   \iffieldundef{bookpagination}%
691     {\mkcomprange{#1}}%
692     {\mkcomprange[{\mkpageprefix[bookpagination]}]{#1}}%
693 }

```

The same is true in citations.

```

694 \DeclareFieldFormat{postnote}{%
695   \iffieldundef{pagination}%
696     {\mkcomprange{#1}}%
697     {\mkcomprange[{\mkpageprefix}]{#1}}%
698 }

```

2.1.6 PUBLISHERS

The *Oxford Guide to Style* says it is fine to omit publisher names uniformly from bibliographic information. This is odd, but we can support it with a simple option.

```

699 \DeclareBibliographyOption{nopublisher}[true]{%
700   \DeclareFieldInputHandler{publisher}{\def\NewValue{}}%
701 }

```

The style guides are less forgiving about omitting the place of publication. We provide a bibliography option that fills in such gaps with the `nolocation` localization string for selected entry

types. It works using a source map, which is a clean solution but cannot easily be switched off again or used on a per-type basis.

```

702 \DeclareBibliographyOption{noLocation}[true]{%
703   \DeclareStyleSourceMap{
704     \maps[datatype=bibtex]{
705       \map{
706         \pertype{book}
707         \pertype{mvbook}
708         \pertype{bookinbook}
709         \pertype{inbook}
710         \pertype{suppbook}
711         \pertype{collection}
712         \pertype{mvcollection}
713         \pertype{incollection}
714         \pertype{suppcollection}
715         \pertype{reference}
716         \pertype{mvreference}
717         \pertype{inreference}
718         \pertype{proceedings}
719         \pertype{mvproceedings}
720         \pertype{inproceedings}
721         \step[notfield=location, fieldset=location,
↪       fieldvalue={\noexpand\bibstring{noLocation}}]
722       }
723     }
724   }%
725 }

```

We also provide an entry option that has the same effect; this works using the `\restorelist` mechanism instead.

```

726 \newtoggle{blx@ox@noLoc}
727 \def\blx@ox@noLoc{{\bibstring{noLocation}}}
728 \DeclareEntryOption{noLocation}[true]{%
729   \settoggle{blx@ox@noLoc}{#1}%
730   \iflistundef{location}{%
731     \iftoggle{blx@ox@noLoc}{\restorelist{location}{\blx@ox@noLoc}}{}%
732   }{}

```

2.1.7 URLs

The OGS recommends the ISO convention of enclosing URLs in angle brackets, but NHR recommends leaving URLs bare so as not to interfere with text-mining. The latter is the default.

```

733 \DeclareBibliographyOption{isourls}[true]{%
734   \ifstrequal{#1}{true}
735     {\DeclareFieldFormat{url}{\langle$\url{##1}$\rangle$}}
736     {\DeclareFieldFormat{url}{\url{##1}}}%
737   }
738 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{isourls=false}

```

NHR specifies that URLs should be broken across lines after slashes and percents, and before other punctuation. They should never break after hyphens.

```

739 \renewcommand*{\biburlsetup}{%
740   \Urlmuskip=0mu plus 2mu\relax
741   \mathchardef\urlBigBreakPenalty=100\relax
742   \mathchardef\urlBreakPenalty=200\relax

```

```

743 \def\UrlBigBreaks{\do/\do:}%
744 \def\UrlNoBreaks{\do\(\do\[\do\{\do\<%
745 \def\UrlBreaks{%
746 \do\>\do}\do\]\do\)\do\|\do\|}%
747 \do\' \do\$ \do\* \do\^ \do\"}%
748 \appto\UrlSpecials{%
749 \do\!\mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`!\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
750 \do\&\mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\&\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
751 \do\+\mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\+\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
752 \do\,\mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\,\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
753 \do\-\mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\-\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
754 \do\.\mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\.\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
755 \do\;\mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\;\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
756 \do\=\mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\=\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
757 \do\?\mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\mathchar`\?\mskip\Urlmuskip}%
758 \do\_ \mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\_ \mskip\Urlmuskip}%
759 \do\#\mathbin{} \mskip-\Urlmuskip\# \mskip\Urlmuskip}%
760 }%
761 \ifnumgreater{\value{biburlnumpenalty}}{0}
762 {\def\do##1{\appto\UrlSpecials{\do##1{\mathchar`##1 \penalty\value{biburlnumpenalty}}}}%
763 \do\1\do\2\do\3\do\4\do\5\do\6\do\7\do\8\do\9\do\0}
764 {}%
765 \ifnumgreater{\value{biburlucpenalty}}{0}
766 {\def\do##1{\appto\UrlSpecials{\do##1{\mathchar`##1 \penalty\value{biburlucpenalty}}}}%
767 \do\A\do\B\do\C\do\D\do\E\do\F\do\G\do\H\do\I\do\J
768 \do\K\do\L\do\M\do\N\do\O\do\P\do\Q\do\R\do\S\do\T
769 \do\U\do\V\do\W\do\X\do\Y\do\Z}
770 {}%
771 \ifnumgreater{\value{biburlllcpenalty}}{0}
772 {\def\do##1{\appto\UrlSpecials{\do##1{\mathchar`##1 \penalty\value{biburlllcpenalty}}}}%
773 \do\A\do\B\do\C\do\d\do\e\do\f\do\g\do\h\do\i\do\j
774 \do\k\do\l\do\m\do\n\do\o\do\p\do\q\do\r\do\s\do\t
775 \do\u\do\v\do\w\do\x\do\y\do\z}
776 {}%
777 \let\do=\noexpand}

```

URL dates are set off with a comma rather than parentheses.

```

778 \DeclareFieldFormat{urldate}{\bibstring{urlseen}\space#1}
779 \xpatchbibmacro{url+urldate}%
780 {\setunit*{\addspace}}%
781 {\setunit*{\addcomma\addspace}}%
782 {}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch url+urldate}}

```

The DOI is introduced by ‘doi’ in lowercase.

```

783 \xpatchfieldformat{doi}%
784 {\mkbibacro{DOI}}%
785 {\printtext{doi}}%
786 {}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch doi}}

```

Unlike URLs, DOIs are preceded by a full stop.

```

787 \xpatchbibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
788 {\printfield{doi}}%
789 {\setunit{\addperiod\space}\printfield{doi}}%
790 {}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch doi+eprint+url}}

```

2.1.8 ADDENDA

The publication state is given in parentheses. Other addenda are added plain.

```

791 \renewbibmacro*{addendum+pubstate}{%
792 \ifboolexpr{
793   test {\iffieldundef{pubstate}}
794   or
795   test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{pubstate}}
796 }{ }{%
797   \nopunct
798   \ifbibstring{\thefield{pubstate}}{%
799     \printtext[pubstate]{\bibstring{\thefield{pubstate}}}%
800   }{%
801     \printfield{pubstate}}}%
802 \setunit{\addsemicolon\addspace}\newblock
803 \printfield{addendum}
804 \DeclareFieldFormat{pubstate}{\mkbibparens{#1}}

```

Publication descriptions are printed plain for unpublished works, and in brackets for other entry types.

```

805 \DeclareFieldFormat{howpublished}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
806 \DeclareFieldFormat[misc,unpublished]{howpublished}{#1}

```

2.1.9 ARTICLES AND PERIODICALS

Subtypes for articles and similar are in square brackets.

```

807 \DeclareFieldFormat[article,periodical,suppperiodical,review]{entrysubtype}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}

```

We provide a command for testing if a title is abbreviated. We use the traditional \LaTeX accent commands in case a non-Unicode input encoding is being used. Testing for Ç and Ş causes errors when using OT1 encoding.

```

808 \newcommand*{\blx@ox@abbrevstring}{%
809   A^{A}BCDEFG\u{G}HI\.{I}^{I}JKLMNO\^{O}\^{O}PQRSTU\^{U}\^{U}VWXYZ.}%
810 \AtBeginDocument{
811   \ifdefstring{\encodingdefault}{OT1}{ }{%
812     \renewcommand*{\blx@ox@abbrevstring}{%
813       A^{A}BC^{C}DEFG\u{G}HI\.{I}^{I}JKLMNO\^{O}\^{O}PQRS\c{S}TU\^{U}\^{U}VWXYZ.}%
814     }%
815   }
816 \newcommand*{\ifabbrev}[3]{%
817   \StrRight{#1}{1}[\blx@ox@lastchar]%
818   \IfSubStr{\blx@ox@abbrevstring}{\blx@ox@lastchar}{#2}{#3}
819 }

```

We renew the `journal+issuetitle` macro so that if a work takes up a whole issue (signified by using `issuetitle` *instead* of `title`), the title and journal title are separated by ‘=’ instead of the usual punctuation. It also inserts an appropriate localization string if the publication status demands it. We insert a comma after the journal title, regardless of what follows. There is also a comma after numeric (but not textual) series.

```

820 \renewbibmacro*{journal+issuetitle}{%
821 \ifboolexpr{
822   test {\iffieldundef{title}}
823   and

```

```

824     not test {\iffieldundef{issuetitle}}
825   }{%
826     \usebibmacro{issue}%
827     \setunit{\addspace =\addspace}%
828   }{%
829     \ifboolexpr{
830       ( not test {\iffieldundef{pubstate}} )
831       and
832       test {\ifbibxstring{\thefield{pubstate}in}}
833     }{%
834       \printtext{\bibstring{\thefield{pubstate}in}\space}%
835       \clearfield{pubstate}%
836     }{%}
837     \usebibmacro{journal}%
838     \iffieldundef{journalsubtitle}{%
839       \ifabbrev{\thefield{journaltitle}}{\setunit{\addspace}}{\newunit}%
840     }{%
841       \ifabbrev{\thefield{journalsubtitle}}{\setunit{\addspace}}{\newunit}}%
842     \iffieldundef{series}{%
843       \newunit\newblock
844       \printfield{series}%
845       \ifbibxstring{\thefield{series}}{%
846         \setunit{\addspace}%
847       }{%
848         \newunit}}%
849     \usebibmacro{volume+number+eid}%
850     \setunit{\addspace}%
851     \usebibmacro{issue+date}%
852     \newunit}

```

We renew the title+issuetitle macro (for whole periodical issues) to apply the same punctuation changes after the periodical name and series. At the same time, we delegate handling of volume and issue numbers to the appropriate macro so we can customize it.

```

853   \renewbibmacro*{title+issuetitle}{%
854     \usebibmacro{periodical}%
855     \iffieldundef{subtitle}{%
856       \ifabbrev{\thefield{title}}{\setunit{\addspace}}{\newunit}%
857     }{%
858       \ifabbrev{\thefield{subtitle}}{\setunit{\addspace}}{\newunit}}%
859     \iffieldundef{series}{%
860       \newunit\newblock
861       \printfield{series}%
862       \ifbibxstring{\thefield{series}}{%
863         \setunit{\addspace}%
864       }{%
865         \newunit}}%
866     \usebibmacro{volume+number+eid}%
867     \setunit{\addspace}%
868     \usebibmacro{issue+date}%
869     \newunit}

```

OGS and NHR provide plentiful options for formatting volume and issue numbers. We implement four of them here as options. The default is to use a slash between volume and issue number. Note that we prevent the volume+number+eid macro from actually printing the EID; this is printed by issue+date instead (see below).

```

870   \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{issuestyle}[slash]{%
871     \ifcsdef{blx@ox@issuestyle@#1}{%
872       \csuse{blx@ox@issuestyle@#1}%

```

```

873     }{%
874     \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}
875     {Invalid option 'issuestyle=#1'}
876     {Valid values are 'slash', 'colon', 'comma', 'parens'}%
877   }%
878 }
879 \csdef{blx@ox@issuestyle@slash}{%
880   \renewbibmacro*{volume+number+eid}{%
881     \printfield{volume}%
882     \setunit*{\addslash}%
883     \printfield{number}%
884   }%
885 }
886 \csdef{blx@ox@issuestyle@colon}{%
887   \renewbibmacro*{volume+number+eid}{%
888     \printfield{volume}%
889     \setunit*{\addcolon\space}%
890     \printfield{number}%
891   }%
892 }
893 \csdef{blx@ox@issuestyle@comma}{%
894   \renewbibmacro*{volume+number+eid}{%
895     \printfield{volume}%
896     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
897     \printfield{number}%
898   }%
899 }
900 \csdef{blx@ox@issuestyle@parens}{%
901   \renewbibmacro*{volume+number+eid}{%
902     \printfield{volume}%
903     \setunit*{\addspace}%
904     \printfield[parens]{number}%
905   }%
906 }
907 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{issuestyle=slash}

```

OGS consistently prints dates of newspapers and magazines bare, but those of academic journals in parentheses. NHR seems to favour printing dates in parentheses regardless, but notes that some publishing houses take the OGS approach.

We provide an option for switching between the two approaches. If active and an issue has no volume or issue numbers (first block), the season and date are printed bare. Otherwise (second block) they are printed in parentheses just as in the standard version of the macro.

```

908 \newtoggle{blx@ox@varissuedate}
909 \DeclareBibliographyOption{varissuedate}[true]{%
910   \settoggle{blx@ox@varissuedate}{#1}}
911 \DeclareTypeOption{varissuedate}[true]{%
912   \settoggle{blx@ox@varissuedate}{#1}}
913 \DeclareEntryOption{varissuedate}[true]{%
914   \settoggle{blx@ox@varissuedate}{#1}}
915 \DeclareBibliographyOption{issuedate-plain}[true]{%
916   \settoggle{blx@ox@varissuedate}{#1}}
917 \DeclareTypeOption{issuedate-plain}[true]{%
918   \settoggle{blx@ox@varissuedate}{#1}}
919 \DeclareEntryOption{issuedate-plain}[true]{%
920   \settoggle{blx@ox@varissuedate}{#1}}
921 \renewbibmacro*{issue+date}{%
922   \ifboolexpr{
923     test {\iffielddundef{issue}}
924     and

```

```

925     test {\iffieldundef{year}}
926     and
927     test {\iffieldundef{season}}
928     and
929     test {\iffieldundef{month}}
930   }{\%
931     \ifboolexpr{
932       togl {blx@ox@varissuedate}
933       and
934       test {\iffieldundef{volume}}
935       and
936       test {\iffieldundef{number}}
937     }{\%
938       \newunit
939       \printtext{%
940         \iffieldundef{issue}{%
941           \usebibmacro{date}
942         }{\%
943           \printfield{issue}%
944           \setunit*{\addspace}%
945           \usebibmacro{date}}}%
946     }{\%
947       \printtext[parens]{%
948         \iffieldundef{issue}{%
949           \usebibmacro{date}%
950         }{\%
951           \printfield{issue}%
952           \setunit*{\addspace}%
953           \usebibmacro{date}}}}}%
954     \newunit
955     \printfield{eid}%
956   }

```

Our article driver is like the standard one except

- it has no ‘in’ macro;
- there is a handler for the suppto relation;
- there is no language macro;
- the punctuation before related items is configurable.

```

957 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{article}{%
958   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
959   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
960   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
961   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
962   \usebibmacro{title}%
963   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
964   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
965   \newunit\newblock
966   \usebibmacro{bytranslator+others}%
967   \newunit\newblock
968   \printfield{version}%
969   \newunit\newblock
970   \usebibmacro{journal+issuetitle}%
971   \newunit
972   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
973   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{suppto}{%
974     \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}%
975     \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
976       \usebibmacro{related:init}%

```

```

977     \usebibmacro{related}%
978     \clearfield{related}%
979   }{}%
980 }{}%
981 \newunit
982 \usebibmacro{note+pages}%
983 \newunit\newblock
984 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
985   {\printfield{issn}}
986   {}%
987 \newunit\newblock
988 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
989 \newunit\newblock
990 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
991 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
992 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
993 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
994 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
995   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
996     \usebibmacro{related}}
997   {}%
998 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Similar changes are made to the periodical driver.

```

999 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{periodical}{%
1000   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1001   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1002   \usebibmacro{editor}%
1003   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1004   \usebibmacro{title+issuetitle}%
1005   \newunit\newblock
1006   \usebibmacro{byeditor}%
1007   \newunit\newblock
1008   \printfield{note}%
1009   \newunit\newblock
1010   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1011     {\printfield{issn}}
1012     {}%
1013   \newunit\newblock
1014   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1015   \newunit\newblock
1016   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1017   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1018   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1019   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1020   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1021     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1022       \usebibmacro{related}}
1023     {}%
1024   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

The supperiodical driver is just like the article one, except the note comes sooner after the title. This is to allow it to be used as a descriptor. Since we're breaking the alias, we need to explicitly replicate the article formatting for the rest of the entry.

```

1025 \DeclareFieldFormat[supperiodical]{title}{%
1026   \def\currentfield{title}%
1027   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
1028   \undef\currentfield}

```

```

1029 \DeclareFieldFormat[supperiodical]{volume}{#1}% volume of a journal
1030 \DeclareFieldFormat[supperiodical]{number}{#1}% number of a journal
1031 \DeclareFieldFormat[supperiodical]{series}{% series of a journal
1032   \ifinteger{#1}
1033     {\mkbibordseries{#1}~\bibstring{jourser}}
1034     {\ifbibstring{#1}{\bibstring{#1}}{#1}}
1035 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{supperiodical}{%
1036   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1037   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1038   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1039   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1040   \usebibmacro{title}%
1041   \setunit{\titlebyauthor}\newblock
1042   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1043   \newunit\newblock
1044   \usebibmacro{bytranslator+others}%
1045   \newunit\newblock
1046   \printfield{note}\clearfield{note}%
1047   \newunit\newblock
1048   \printfield{version}%
1049   \newunit\newblock
1050   \usebibmacro{journal+issuetitle}%
1051   \newunit
1052   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1053   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{suppto}{%
1054     \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}%
1055     \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
1056       \usebibmacro{related:init}%
1057       \usebibmacro{related}%
1058       \clearfield{related}%
1059     }{}%
1060   }{}%
1061   \newunit
1062   \usebibmacro{note+pages}%
1063   \newunit\newblock
1064   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1065     {\printfield{issn}}
1066     {}%
1067   \newunit\newblock
1068   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1069   \newunit\newblock
1070   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1071   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1072   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1073   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1074   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1075     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1076      \usebibmacro{related}}
1077     {}%
1078   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

2.1.10 BOOKS AND WORKS IN BOOKS

By default, editors do not appear before the title in book or reference entries.

```

1079 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions[book,mvbook,reference,mvreference]{useeditor=false,usetranslator=false}

```

The titles of books that have been collected into an anthology are treated like regular chapters and set in quotes. Poems and plays, however, are set in italics.

```

1080 \DeclareFieldFormat[bookinbook]{title}{%
1081   \ifbool{expr}{
1082     test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{poem}}
1083     or
1084     test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{play}}
1085   }{%
1086     \mkbibemph{#1}%
1087   }{%
1088     \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}

```

Unlike the standard styles, we have a separate driver for inference, so we need to change the title style accordingly.

```

1089 \DeclareFieldFormat[inference]{title}{\mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}

```

Volume numbers in monograph-style entries are formatted as roman numerals (if they are indeed numbers). We take some care here to support simple ranges (e.g. 1-3, 4–9). Support for more complex ranges may be considered on request.

```

1090 \DeclareFieldFormat[book,mvbook,bookinbook,inbook,suppbk,%
1091 collection,mvcollection,incollection,suppcollection,%
1092 proceedings,mvproceedings,inproceedings,%
1093 reference,mvreference,inreference]{volume}{%
1094   \IfSubStr{#1}{-}{%
1095     \StrCount{#1}{-}[\blx@ox@dashnum]%
1096     \StrBefore{#1}{-}[\blx@ox@volnum]%
1097     \expandafter\ifinteger\blx@ox@volnum{\Rn{\blx@ox@volnum}}{\blx@ox@volnum}\bibrangedash
1098     \StrBehind[\blx@ox@dashnum]{#1}{-}[\blx@ox@volnum]%
1099     \expandafter\ifinteger\blx@ox@volnum{\Rn{\blx@ox@volnum}}{\blx@ox@volnum}%
1100   }{%
1101     \ifinteger{#1}{\Rn{#1}}{#1}}

```

Where a multi-volume work is more like a series, the volume number and main title are put in a bracketted block between the volume title and the usual publication block.

```

1102 \newbibmacro*{maintitle+volume}{%
1103   \ifbool{expr}{
1104     test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}}
1105     or
1106     test {\iffieldundef{volume}}
1107   }{%
1108     {\printtext[maintitle+volume]{%
1109       \bibstring{volume}\addspace
1110       \printfield{volume}\printfield{part}\addspace
1111       \bibstring{ofseries}\addspace
1112       \usebibmacro{maintitle}}}
1113   }
1114   \DeclareFieldFormat{maintitle+volume}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}

```

The in before the booktitle is suppressed for works in yearbooks.

```

1115 \renewbibmacro*{in:}{%
1116   \iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{yearbook}{%
1117     \printtext{\bibstring{in}\intitlepunct}}

```

Oxford style signifies formal publication by putting the relevant details in parentheses.

```

1118 \DeclareFieldFormat{publication}{\mkbibparens{#1}}

```

Standard biblatex puts a space between series name and number. OGS separates them with a comma. It also has an example with a series editor.

```

1119 \renewbibmacro*{series+number}{%
1120 \printfield{series}%
1121 \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1122 \usebibmacro{byserieseditor}%
1123 \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1124 \printfield{number}}

```

We provide an option for displaying the series information before, instead of within, the publication block.

```

1125 \newtoggle{blx@ox@altbookseries}
1126 \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{bookseries}[in]{%
1127 \ifstrequal{#1}{out}{%
1128 \toggletrue{blx@ox@altbookseries}%
1129 }{%
1130 \togglefalse{blx@ox@altbookseries}%
1131 \ifstrequal{#1}{in}{%
1132 \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}
1133 {Invalid option 'bookseries=#1'}
1134 {Valid values are 'in' and 'out'.}}}}

```

When citing both the first and a later edition, the first one comes first, and the later one comes after a semicolon. As per standard biblatex, the elements of a single edition are separated by commas except that the publisher is preceded by a colon. The origdate is only printed here if at least one of the edition, the origlocation or the origpublisher is also specified.

```

1135 \newcounter{locpubpairs}
1136 \newbibmacro*{edition+publisher+location+date}{%
1137 \printlist{origlocation}%
1138 \iflistundef{origpublisher}%
1139 {\setunit*{\addcomma\space}}%
1140 {\setunit*{\addcolon\space}}%
1141 \printlist{origpublisher}%
1142 \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1143 \ifboolexpr{
1144 test {\iflistundef{origlocation}}
1145 and
1146 test {\iflistundef{origpublisher}}
1147 and
1148 test {\iffieldundef{edition}}
1149 }{%
1150 \printorigdate}%
1151 \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}%
1152 \printfield{edition}%
1153 \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%

```

If there are the same number of locations and publishers, and there are more than one pair, we print them pairwise rather than in two separate lists. This uses the same principle as the namepairs bibmacro, but does not have the list truncation apparatus.

```

1154 \ifboolexpr{%
1155 test {\ifnumcomp{\value{publisher}}{>}{1}}
1156 and
1157 test {\ifnumequal{\value{location}}{\value{publisher}}}
1158 }{%
1159 \setcounter{locpubpairs}{0}%

```

```

1160 \savebibmacro{list:andothers}%
1161 \renewbibmacro*{list:andothers}{}%
1162 \whileboolexpr{%
1163   test {\ifnumcomp{\value{locpubpairs}}{<}{\value{publisher}}}
1164 }{%
1165   \stepcounter{locpubpairs}%
1166   \ifnumcomp{\value{locpubpairs}}{>}{1}{%
1167     \ifnumequal{\value{publisher}}{2}{%
1168       \setunit*{\addspace\bibstring{and}\addspace}%
1169     }{%
1170       \ifnumequal{\value{locpubpairs}}{\value{publisher}}{%
1171         \setunit*{\addcomma\space\bibstring{and}\addspace}%
1172       }{%
1173         \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1174       }%
1175     }%
1176   }%
1177   \printlist[][{\value{locpubpairs}-\value{locpubpairs}}]{location}%
1178   \setunit*{\addcolon\space}%
1179   \printlist[][{\value{locpubpairs}-\value{locpubpairs}}]{publisher}%
1180 }%
1181 \restorebibmacro{list:andothers}%
1182 }{%
1183   \printlist{location}%
1184   \iflistundef{publisher}%
1185     {\setunit*{\addcomma\space}}%
1186     {\setunit*{\addcolon\space}}%
1187   \printlist{publisher}%
1188 }%
1189 \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1190 \usebibmacro{date}%
1191 }

```

Oxford style is to provide publication details – series name and number, edition, publisher, location, date – in a parenthetical block after the title information.

```

1192 \newbibmacro*{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}{%
1193   \iftoggle{blx@ox@altbookseries}{%
1194     \usebibmacro{series+number}%
1195     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock{}%
1196   \ifboolexpr{
1197     test {\iffieldundef{series}}
1198     and
1199     test {\iffieldundef{number}}
1200     and
1201     test {\iffieldundef{edition}}
1202     and
1203     test {\iflistundef{publisher}}
1204     and
1205     test {\iflistundef{location}}
1206     and
1207     test {\iffieldundef{year}}
1208     and
1209     test {\iffieldundef{season}}
1210     and
1211     test {\iffieldundef{month}}
1212   }{}%
1213   \nopunct
1214   \printtext[publication]{%
1215     \iftoggle{blx@ox@altbookseries}{}{}%
1216     \usebibmacro{series+number}%

```

```

1217     \setunit{\addsemicolon\addspace}}%
1218     \usebibmacro{edition+publisher+location+date}%
1219     \usebibmacro{copub}}}%
1220 \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{copub}{\clearfield{related}}%
1221 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
1222 \usebibmacro{origpub}%
1223 }

```

The edition information for reference works is recorded earlier in the reference, so we provide a variant that excludes it from the publication block.

```

1224 \newbibmacro*{series+number+publisher+location+date}{%
1225 \iftoggle{blx@ox@altbookseries}{%
1226   \usebibmacro{series+number}%
1227   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock}}{%
1228 \ifboolexpr{
1229   test {\iffieldundef{series}}
1230   and
1231   test {\iffieldundef{number}}
1232   and
1233   test {\iflistundef{publisher}}
1234   and
1235   test {\iflistundef{location}}
1236   and
1237   test {\iffieldundef{year}}
1238   and
1239   test {\iffieldundef{season}}
1240   and
1241   test {\iffieldundef{month}}
1242 }{%
1243   \nopunct
1244   \printtext[publication]{%
1245     \iftoggle{blx@ox@altbookseries}{%
1246       \usebibmacro{series+number}%
1247       \setunit{\addsemicolon\addspace}}%
1248     \usebibmacro{publisher+location+date}%
1249     \usebibmacro{copub}}}%
1250 \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{copub}{\clearfield{related}}%
1251 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
1252 \usebibmacro{origpub}%
1253 }

```

The copub macro prints co-publication details.

```

1254 \newbibmacro*{copub}{%
1255 \ifboolexpr{
1256   togl {bbx:related}
1257   and
1258   test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{copub}}
1259 }{%
1260   \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}%
1261   \usebibmacro{related:init}%
1262   \usebibmacro{related}%
1263 }}%
1264 }

```

The origpub macro prints the origdate field if it has not yet been cleared.

```

1265 \newbibmacro*{origpub}{%
1266 \ifboolexpr{

```

```

1267     test {\iflistundef{origlocation}}
1268     and
1269     test {\iflistundef{origpublisher}}
1270     and
1271     test {\iffieldundef{edition}}
1272     and
1273     ( not test {\iffieldundef{origyear}} )
1274   }{%
1275     \printtext[parens]{\bibstring{origpubin}\space\printorigdate}%
1276   }{%
1277 }

```

The changes to the book driver compared to the standard style are as follows:

- maintitle is processed with volume just before series, instead of with title;
- edition is processed where the standard style processes note, and vice versa;
- volumes is omitted;
- series to date information is delegated to a separate macro;
- support is added for howpublished field;

```

1278 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{book}{%
1279   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1280   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1281   \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
1282   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1283   \usebibmacro{title}%
1284   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1285   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1286   \newunit\newblock
1287   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1288   \newunit\newblock
1289   \printfield{note}%
1290   \newunit\newblock
1291   \usebibmacro{maintitle+volume}%
1292   \newunit
1293   \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1294   \setunit{\addspace}%
1295   \printfield{howpublished}%
1296   \newunit\newblock
1297   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1298   \newunit
1299   \printfield{pagetotal}%
1300   \newunit\newblock
1301   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1302     {\printfield{isbn}}
1303     {}%
1304   \newunit\newblock
1305   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1306   \newunit\newblock
1307   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1308   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1309   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1310   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1311   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1312     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1313       \usebibmacro{related}}
1314     {}%
1315   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Unlike the standard styles, we have a separate driver for `mvbook` which behaves slightly differently. It is in fact closer to the standard book driver. The changes are as follows:

- volume/part is processed just after `maintitle+title`;
- edition is processed where the standard style processes `note`;
- `note` is processed after volumes;
- series to date information is delegated to a separate macro;

```

1316 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{mvbook}{%
1317   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1318   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1319   \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
1320   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1321   \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
1322   \newunit
1323   \ifboolexpr{
1324     test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1325     or
1326     ( not test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}} )
1327   }{%
1328     \printfield{volume}%
1329     \printfield{part}%
1330   \setunit{\titlebyauthor\delim}\newblock
1331   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1332   \newunit\newblock
1333   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1334   \newunit\newblock
1335   \printfield{volumes}%
1336   \newunit\newblock
1337   \printfield{note}%
1338   \newunit\newblock
1339   \ifboolexpr{
1340     test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1341     and
1342     test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}}
1343   }{%
1344     \printfield{volume}%
1345     \printfield{part}%
1346   }{%
1347     \newunit\newblock
1348     \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1349     \newunit\newblock
1350     \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1351     \newunit
1352     \printfield{pagetotal}%
1353     \newunit\newblock
1354     \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1355     {\printfield{isbn}}
1356     {}%
1357     \newunit\newblock
1358     \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1359     \newunit\newblock
1360     \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1361     \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1362     \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1363     \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1364     \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1365     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1366       \usebibmacro{related}}
1367     {}%
1368     \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our inbook driver modifies the standard one in just the same way as our mvbook driver modifies the standard book.

```

1369 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{inbook}{%
1370   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1371   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1372   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1373   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitle}}\newblock
1374   \usebibmacro{title}%
1375   \setunit{\titlebyauthor}\newblock
1376   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1377   \newunit\newblock
1378   \usebibmacro{in:}%
1379   \usebibmacro{bybookauthor}%
1380   \newunit\newblock
1381   \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1382   \newunit
1383   \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1384   {\printfield{volume}%
1385     \printfield{part}}
1386   {}%
1387   \newunit\newblock
1388   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1389   \newunit\newblock
1390   \printfield{volumes}%
1391   \newunit\newblock
1392   \printfield{note}%
1393   \newunit\newblock
1394   \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1395   \newunit\newblock
1396   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1397   \newunit\newblock
1398   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1399   {\printfield{isbn}}
1400   {}%
1401   \newunit\newblock
1402   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1403   \newunit\newblock
1404   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1405   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1406   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1407   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1408   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1409   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1410     \usebibmacro{related}}
1411   {}%
1412   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our supbook driver is just like inbook except that the note is moved nearer the title so it can be used as a descriptor.

```

1413 \DeclareFieldFormat{supbook}{title}{%
1414   \def\currentfield{title}%
1415   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibemph{#1}}%
1416   \undef\currentfield}
1417 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{supbook}{%
1418   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1419   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1420   \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1421   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitle}}\newblock
1422   \usebibmacro{title}%

```

```

1423 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1424 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1425 \newunit\newblock
1426 \printfield{note}%
1427 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
1428 \usebibmacro{in:}%
1429 \usebibmacro{bybookauthor}%
1430 \newunit\newblock
1431 \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1432 \newunit
1433 \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1434 {\printfield{volume}%
1435 \printfield{part}}
1436 {}%
1437 \newunit\newblock
1438 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1439 \newunit\newblock
1440 \printfield{volumes}%
1441 \newunit\newblock
1442 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1443 \newunit\newblock
1444 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1445 \newunit\newblock
1446 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1447 {\printfield{isbn}}
1448 {}%
1449 \newunit\newblock
1450 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1451 \newunit\newblock
1452 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1453 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1454 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1455 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1456 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1457 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1458 \usebibmacro{related}}
1459 {}%
1460 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

We also provide a bookinbook driver that handles origdate differently.

```

1461 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{bookinbook}{%
1462 \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1463 \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1464 \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1465 \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1466 \usebibmacro{title}%
1467 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1468 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1469 \newunit\newblock
1470 \usebibmacro{in:}%
1471 \usebibmacro{bybookauthor}%
1472 \newunit\newblock
1473 \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1474 \newunit
1475 \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1476 {\printfield{volume}%
1477 \printfield{part}}
1478 {}%
1479 \newunit\newblock
1480 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%

```

```

1481 \newunit\newblock
1482 \printfield{volumes}%
1483 \newunit\newblock
1484 \printfield{note}%
1485 \newunit\newblock
1486 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1487 \newunit\newblock
1488 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1489 \newunit\newblock
1490 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1491 {\printfield{isbn}}
1492 {}%
1493 \newunit\newblock
1494 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1495 \newunit\newblock
1496 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1497 \setunit{\bibpagerefunct}\newblock
1498 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1499 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1500 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1501 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1502 \usebibmacro{related}}
1503 {}%
1504 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our collection driver modifies the standard one in just the same way as our book driver.

```

1505 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{collection}{%
1506 \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1507 \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1508 \usebibmacro{editor+others}%
1509 \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1510 \usebibmacro{title}%
1511 \newunit\newblock
1512 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1513 \newunit\newblock
1514 \printfield{note}%
1515 \newunit\newblock
1516 \usebibmacro{maintitle+volume}%
1517 \newunit
1518 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1519 \newunit\newblock
1520 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1521 \newunit
1522 \printfield{pagetotal}%
1523 \newunit\newblock
1524 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1525 {\printfield{isbn}}
1526 {}%
1527 \newunit\newblock
1528 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1529 \newunit\newblock
1530 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1531 \setunit{\bibpagerefunct}\newblock
1532 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1533 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1534 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1535 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1536 \usebibmacro{related}}
1537 {}%
1538 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our `mvcollection` driver modifies the standard collection driver in just the same way as our `mvbook` driver modifies the standard book.

```

1539 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{mvcollection}{%
1540   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1541   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1542   \usebibmacro{editor+others}%
1543   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1544   \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
1545   \newunit
1546   \ifboolexpr{
1547     test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1548     or
1549     ( not test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}} )
1550   }{%
1551     \printfield{volume}%
1552     \printfield{part}%
1553   \newunit\newblock
1554   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1555   \newunit\newblock
1556   \printfield{volumes}%
1557   \newunit\newblock
1558   \printfield{note}%
1559   \newunit\newblock
1560   \ifboolexpr{
1561     test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1562     and
1563     test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}}
1564   }{%
1565     \printfield{volume}%
1566     \printfield{part}%
1567   }{%
1568   \newunit\newblock
1569   \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1570   \newunit\newblock
1571   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1572   \newunit
1573   \printfield{pagetotal}%
1574   \newunit\newblock
1575   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1576   {\printfield{isbn}}
1577   {}%
1578   \newunit\newblock
1579   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1580   \newunit\newblock
1581   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1582   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1583   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1584   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1585   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1586   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1587     \usebibmacro{related}}
1588   {}%
1589   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our `incollection` driver modifies the standard one in the same way as our `mvbook` driver modifies the standard book. In addition, the `bookeditor` macro precedes `maintitle` instead of `byeditor+others` following it.

```

1590 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{incollection}{%
1591   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%

```

```

1592 \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1593 \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1594 \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1595 \usebibmacro{title}%
1596 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1597 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1598 \newunit\newblock
1599 \usebibmacro{in:}%
1600 \usebibmacro{bookeditor}%
1601 \newunit\newblock
1602 \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1603 \newunit
1604 \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1605 {\printfield{volume}%
1606 \printfield{part}}
1607 {}%
1608 \newunit\newblock
1609 \printfield{volumes}%
1610 \newunit\newblock
1611 \printfield{note}%
1612 \newunit\newblock%
1613 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1614 \newunit\newblock
1615 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1616 \newunit\newblock
1617 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1618 {\printfield{isbn}}
1619 {}%
1620 \newunit\newblock
1621 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1622 \newunit\newblock
1623 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1624 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1625 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1626 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1627 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1628 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1629 \usebibmacro{related}}
1630 {}%
1631 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our suppcollection driver is just like incollection except that the note is moved nearer the title so it can be used as a descriptor.

```

1632 \DeclareFieldFormat{suppcollection}{title}{%
1633 \def\currentfield{title}%
1634 \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibemph{#1}}%
1635 \undef\currentfield}
1636 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{suppcollection}{%
1637 \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1638 \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1639 \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1640 \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1641 \usebibmacro{title}%
1642 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1643 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1644 \newunit\newblock
1645 \printfield{note}%
1646 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
1647 \usebibmacro{in:}%
1648 \usebibmacro{bookeditor}%

```

```

1649 \newunit\newblock
1650 \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1651 \newunit
1652 \iffielddundef{maintitle}
1653 {\printfield{volume}%
1654   \printfield{part}}
1655 {}%
1656 \newunit\newblock
1657 \printfield{volumes}%
1658 \newunit\newblock%
1659 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1660 \newunit\newblock
1661 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1662 \newunit\newblock
1663 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1664 {\printfield{isbn}}
1665 {}%
1666 \newunit\newblock
1667 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1668 \newunit\newblock
1669 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1670 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1671 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1672 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1673 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1674 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1675   \usebibmacro{related}}
1676 {}%
1677 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Unlike the standard styles, we provide a separate driver for reference. It is just like book except that edition is given directly after the title.

```

1678 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{reference}{%
1679   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1680   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1681   \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
1682   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1683   \usebibmacro{title}%
1684   \newunit\newblock
1685   \printfield{edition}%
1686   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1687   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1688   \newunit\newblock
1689   \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1690   \newunit\newblock
1691   \printfield{note}%
1692   \newunit\newblock
1693   \usebibmacro{maintitle+volume}%
1694   \newunit
1695   \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}%
1696   \newunit\newblock
1697   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1698   \newunit
1699   \printfield{pagetotal}%
1700   \newunit\newblock
1701   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1702   {\printfield{isbn}}
1703   {}%
1704   \newunit\newblock
1705   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%

```

```

1706 \newunit\newblock
1707 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1708 \setunit{\bibpagerefunct}\newblock
1709 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1710 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1711 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1712 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1713 \usebibmacro{related}}
1714 {}%
1715 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Similarly, `mvreference` is just like `mvbook` except that edition is given directly after the title.

```

1716 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{mvreference}{%
1717 \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1718 \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1719 \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
1720 \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
1721 \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
1722 \newunit
1723 \ifboolexpr{
1724 test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1725 or
1726 ( not test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}} )
1727 }{%
1728 \printfield{volume}%
1729 \printfield{part}%
1730 \newunit\newblock
1731 \printfield{edition}%
1732 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1733 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1734 \newunit\newblock
1735 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1736 \newunit\newblock
1737 \printfield{volumes}%
1738 \newunit\newblock
1739 \printfield{note}%
1740 \newunit\newblock
1741 \ifboolexpr{
1742 test {\iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}}
1743 and
1744 test {\iffieldundef{maintitle}}
1745 }{%
1746 \printfield{volume}%
1747 \printfield{part}%
1748 }{%
1749 \newunit\newblock
1750 \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}%
1751 \newunit\newblock
1752 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1753 \newunit
1754 \printfield{pagetotal}%
1755 \newunit\newblock
1756 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1757 {\printfield{isbn}}
1758 {}%
1759 \newunit\newblock
1760 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1761 \newunit\newblock
1762 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1763 \setunit{\bibpagerefunct}\newblock

```

```

1764 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1765 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1766 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1767 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1768 \usebibmacro{related}}
1769 {}%
1770 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our inference driver is just like inbook except bookeditor replaces bybookauthor and edition is given just before byeditor+others.

```

1771 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{inreference}{%
1772 \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1773 \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1774 \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1775 \setunit{\printdelim{nametitleledelim}}\newblock
1776 \usebibmacro{title}%
1777 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1778 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1779 \newunit\newblock
1780 \iffieldundef{editor}{}{%
1781 \usebibmacro{in:}%
1782 \usebibmacro{bookeditor}%
1783 \newunit\newblock}%
1784 \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1785 \newunit
1786 \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1787 {\printfield{volume}%
1788 \printfield{part}}
1789 {}%
1790 \newunit\newblock
1791 \printfield{edition}%
1792 \newunit
1793 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1794 \newunit\newblock
1795 \printfield{volumes}%
1796 \newunit\newblock
1797 \printfield{note}%
1798 \newunit\newblock%
1799 \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}%
1800 \newunit\newblock
1801 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1802 \newunit
1803 \printfield{pagetotal}%
1804 \newunit\newblock
1805 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1806 {\printfield{isbn}}
1807 {}%
1808 \newunit\newblock
1809 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1810 \newunit\newblock
1811 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1812 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1813 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1814 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1815 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1816 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1817 \usebibmacro{related}}
1818 {}%
1819 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

2.1.11 WORKS PRESENTED AT MEETINGS

By default, editors do not appear before the title in proceedings entries.

```
1820 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions[proceedings,mvproceedings]{useeditor=false,usetranslator=false}
```

In our version of the event+venue+date macro, the venue and date are set off with commas respectively instead of parentheses.

```
1821 \renewbibmacro*{event+venue+date}{%
1822 \printfield{eventtitle}%
1823 \newunit
1824 \printfield{eventtitleaddon}%
1825 \newunit
1826 \printfield{venue}%
1827 \newunit%
1828 \printeventdate%
1829 \newunit}
```

The changes to the proceedings driver compared to the standard style are as follows:

- We support the concept of an author before the title, which is usually the organization;
- editor comes after the title, not before;
- volume/part is processed just after maintitle+title;
- note is moved to before series;
- series to date information is delegated to a separate macro;

As in the (inherited) standard style, mvproceedings is an alias for this driver, since it is unlikely that the proceedings of a single meeting will be split into long series of independently published volumes!

```
1830 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{proceedings}{%
1831 \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1832 \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1833 \usebibmacro{author}%
1834 \newunit
1835 \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
1836 \newunit
1837 \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1838 {\printfield{volume}%
1839 \printfield{part}}
1840 {}%
1841 \newunit\newblock
1842 \usebibmacro{event+venue+date}%
1843 \newunit\newblock
1844 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1845 \newunit\newblock
1846 \printfield{volumes}%
1847 \newunit\newblock
1848 \printfield{note}%
1849 \newunit\newblock
1850 \printlist{organization}%
1851 \newunit
1852 \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
1853 \newunit\newblock
1854 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1855 \newunit
1856 \printfield{pagetotal}%
```

```

1857 \newunit\newblock
1858 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1859 {\printfield{isbn}}
1860 {}%
1861 \newunit\newblock
1862 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1863 \newunit\newblock
1864 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1865 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1866 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1867 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
1868 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1869 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1870 \usebibmacro{related}}
1871 {}%
1872 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Our inproceedings driver modifies the standard one in the same way as our proceedings driver modifies the standard one.

```

1873 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{inproceedings}{%
1874 \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
1875 \usebibmacro{begentry}%
1876 \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
1877 \setunit{\printdelim{nametitle}}\newblock
1878 \usebibmacro{title}%
1879 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
1880 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
1881 \newunit\newblock
1882 \usebibmacro{in:}%
1883 \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
1884 \newunit
1885 \iffieldundef{maintitle}
1886 {\printfield{volume}%
1887 \printfield{part}}
1888 {}%
1889 \newunit\newblock
1890 \usebibmacro{event+venue+date}%
1891 \newunit\newblock
1892 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
1893 \newunit\newblock
1894 \printfield{volumes}%
1895 \newunit\newblock
1896 \printfield{note}%
1897 \newunit\newblock
1898 \printlist{organization}%
1899 \newunit
1900 \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}%
1901 \newunit\newblock
1902 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
1903 \newunit\newblock
1904 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
1905 {\printfield{isbn}}
1906 {}%
1907 \newunit\newblock
1908 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
1909 \newunit\newblock
1910 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
1911 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
1912 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
1913 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock

```

```

1914 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
1915 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
1916 \usebibmacro{related}}
1917 {}%
1918 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

2.1.12 GREY LITERATURE

We provide a macro for handling type+number. We provide some extra logic to insert ‘No.’ before the number if there is no type.

```

1919 \newbibmacro*{series+type+number}{%
1920 \ifboolexpr{
1921 test {\iffieldundef{series}}
1922 and
1923 test {\iffieldundef{type}}
1924 }{}{%
1925 \printfield{series}%
1926 \newunit
1927 \ifboolexpr{%
1928 test {\iffieldundef{type}}
1929 and
1930 not test {\iffieldundef{number}}
1931 }{%
1932 \bibcpstring{number}
1933 }{%
1934 \printfield{type}%
1935 }%
1936 \setunit*{\addspace}%
1937 \printfield{number}}}

```

Our version of the institution+location+date macro is just like the standard one except it is wrapped in parentheses, and the preceding punctuation is therefore suppressed. This is used by the report driver.

```

1938 \renewbibmacro*{institution+location+date}{%
1939 \ifboolexpr{
1940 ( test {\iffieldundef{number}}
1941 or
1942 not test {\iffieldundef{type}}
1943 or
1944 not test {\iffieldundef{series}}
1945 )
1946 and
1947 test {\iflistundef{institution}}
1948 and
1949 test {\iflistundef{location}}
1950 and
1951 test {\iffieldundef{year}}
1952 and
1953 test {\iffieldundef{season}}
1954 and
1955 test {\iffieldundef{month}}
1956 }{}{%
1957 \nopunct
1958 \printtext[publication]{%
1959 \ifboolexpr{
1960 test {\iffieldundef{series}}
1961 and

```

```

1962     test {\iffieldundef{type}}
1963     }{%
1964     \printfield{number}%
1965     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1966     }{%
1967     \printlist{location}%
1968     \iflistundef{institution}%
1969     {\setunit*{\addcomma\space}}%
1970     {\setunit*{\addcolon\space}}%
1971     \printlist{institution}%
1972     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
1973     \usebibmacro{date}}}}

```

We provide a slightly more complicated version with the type included at the beginning. It is used by the thesis driver. We provide two versions: one with the type outside and one with it inside the parentheses.

```

1974 \newtoggle{blx@ox@altthesis}
1975 \newtoggle{blx@ox@plainthesis}
1976 \DeclareFieldAlias{thesis:publication}{publication}
1977 \DeclareFieldFormat{plain}{#1}
1978 \DeclareBibliographyOption{altthesis}[true]{%
1979   \settoggle{blx@ox@altthesis}{#1}
1980 }
1981 \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{thesis}[out]{%
1982   \ifstrequal{#1}{plain}{%
1983     \toggletrue{blx@ox@altthesis}%
1984     \toggletrue{blx@ox@plainthesis}%
1985     \DeclareFieldAlias{thesis:publication}{plain}%
1986   }{%
1987     \togglefalse{blx@ox@plainthesis}%
1988     \DeclareFieldAlias{thesis:publication}{publication}%
1989     \ifstrequal{#1}{in}{%
1990       \toggletrue{blx@ox@altthesis}%
1991     }{%
1992       \togglefalse{blx@ox@altthesis}%
1993       \ifstrequal{#1}{out}{%
1994         \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}
1995           {Invalid option 'bookseries=#1'}
1996           {Valid values are 'in', 'out', and 'plain'.}}}}
1997 \newbibmacro*{type+institution+location+date}{%
1998   \iftoggle{blx@ox@altthesis}{%
1999     \ifboolexpr{
2000       test {\iffieldundef{type}}
2001       and
2002       test {\iflistundef{institution}}
2003       and
2004       test {\iflistundef{location}}
2005       and
2006       test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2007       and
2008       test {\iffieldundef{season}}
2009       and
2010       test {\iffieldundef{month}}
2011     }{%
2012     \iftoggle{blx@ox@plainthesis}{%{\nopunct}}%
2013     \printtext[thesis:publication]{%
2014       \printfield{type}%
2015       \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2016       \printlist{location}%
2017       \iflistundef{institution}{%

```

```

2018     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2019     }{%
2020     \setunit*{\addcolon\space}}%
2021     \printlist{institution}%
2022     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2023     \usebibmacro{date}}
2024 }{%
2025     \printfield{type}%
2026     \newunit
2027     \usebibmacro{institution+location+date}}

```

We provide an even more convoluted version that also includes series, title and number, and uses the more common publisher in place of institution. We also include some logic that means organization is used instead of publisher if no publisher is provided; otherwise it is printed before location. This is used by the manual driver.

```

2028 \newbibmacro*{type+series+number+edition+organization+publisher+location+date}{%
2029 \ifboolexpr{
2030   test {\iffieldundef{type}}
2031   and
2032   test {\iffieldundef{series}}
2033   and
2034   test {\iffieldundef{number}}
2035   and
2036   test {\iffieldundef{edition}}
2037   and
2038   test {\iflistundef{organization}}
2039   and
2040   test {\iflistundef{publisher}}
2041   and
2042   test {\iflistundef{location}}
2043   and
2044   test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2045   and
2046   test {\iffieldundef{season}}
2047   and
2048   test {\iffieldundef{month}}
2049 }{%
2050 \nopunct
2051 \printtext[publication]{%
2052   \usebibmacro{series+type+number}%
2053   \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}%
2054   \printfield{edition}%
2055   \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2056   \iflistundef{publisher}{%
2057     \printlist{organization}%
2058     \setunit*{\addcomma\space}}%
2059   \printlist{location}%
2060   \iflistundef{publisher}{%
2061     \iflistundef{organization}{%
2062       \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2063     }{%
2064       \setunit*{\addcolon\space}%
2065       \printlist{organization}}%
2066   }{%
2067     \setunit*{\addcolon\space}%
2068     \printlist{publisher}}%
2069   \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2070   \usebibmacro{date}}}}

```

The changes to the report driver compared to the standard style are as follows:

- support is added for volume, maintitle and series;
- type and number are moved to just before the publication information block;
- the punctuation is slightly different for the legal entry subtype.

```

2071 \newcommand*{\legreport}{legal}
2072 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{report}{%
2073   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2074   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2075   \usebibmacro{author}%
2076   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2077   \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
2078   \newunit
2079   \iffieldundef{maintitle}
2080   {\printfield{volume}%
2081     \printfield{part}}
2082   }%
2083   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2084   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2085   \newunit\newblock
2086   \printfield{version}%
2087   \newunit\newblock
2088   \printfield{note}%
2089   \newunit\newblock
2090   \usebibmacro{series+type+number}%
2091   \setunit{\addspace}%
2092   \usebibmacro{institution+location+date}%
2093   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\legreport}{%
2094     \setunit{\addspace}\nopunct
2095   }{%
2096     \newunit\newblock}%
2097   \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
2098   \newunit
2099   \printfield{pagetotal}%
2100   \newunit\newblock
2101   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
2102   {\printfield{isrn}}
2103   }%
2104   \newunit\newblock
2105   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2106   \newunit\newblock
2107   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2108   \setunit{\bibpagerefsep}\newblock
2109   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2110   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
2111   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
2112   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2113     \usebibmacro{related}}
2114   }%
2115   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

We patch the thesis driver to use our slightly more complex version.

```

2116 \xpatchbibdriver{thesis}{%
2117   \printfield{type}%
2118   \newunit
2119   \usebibmacro{institution+location+date}%
2120 }{%
2121   \usebibmacro{type+institution+location+date}%
2122 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch thesis}}

```

We give booklet entries descriptor support.

```

2123 \DeclareFieldFormat[booklet]{title}{%
2124 \def\currentfield{title}%
2125 \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
2126 \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
2127 \undef\currentfield}

```

With patents, the titles are italic and the patent type is not abbreviated.

```

2128 \DeclareFieldFormat[patent]{title}{\mkbibemph{#1}}
2129 \DeclareFieldFormat[patent]{type}{\ifbibstring{#1}{\biblstring{#1}}{#1}}

```

The holder, origdate and date fields have explicit signposting; the latter two use origdatetype and datetype, with some sensible defaults.

```

2130 \DeclareNameAlias{byholder}{default}
2131 \renewbibmacro*{byholder}{%
2132 \ifnameundef{holder}{}{%
2133 \bibstring{byholder}%
2134 \setunit{\addspace}%
2135 \printnames[byholder]{holder}}}
2136 \newbibmacro*{location+dates}{%
2137 \ifboolexpr{
2138 test {\iffieldundef{location}}
2139 and
2140 test {\iffieldundef{origyear}}
2141 and
2142 test {\iffieldundef{origmonth}}
2143 and
2144 test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2145 and
2146 test {\iffieldundef{month}}
2147 }{}{%
2148 \nopunct
2149 \printtext[publication]{%
2150 \printlist[][-\value{listtotal}]{location}%
2151 \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2152 \ifboolexpr{
2153 test {\iffieldundef{origyear}}
2154 and
2155 test {\iffieldundef{origmonth}}
2156 }{}{%
2157 \iffieldundef{origdatetype}{%
2158 \bibstring{filed}}
2159 }{
2160 \printfield{origdatetype}}%
2161 \setunit*{\addspace}}%
2162 \usebibmacro{origdate+time}%
2163 \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2164 \ifboolexpr{
2165 test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2166 and
2167 test {\iffieldundef{month}}
2168 }{}{%
2169 \iffieldundef{datetype}{%
2170 \bibstring{issued}}%
2171 }{
2172 \printfield{datetype}}%
2173 \setunit*{\addspace}}%
2174 \usebibmacro{date}}}}

```

The patent driver differs from the regular one by having note moved further forward, and having a publication block consisting of location, origdate and date.

```

2175 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{patent}{%
2176   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2177   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2178   \usebibmacro{author}%
2179   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2180   \usebibmacro{title}%
2181   \newunit
2182   \printlist{language}%
2183   \setunit{\titlebyauthor}\newblock
2184   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2185   \newunit\newblock
2186   \printfield{note}%
2187   \newunit\newblock
2188   \printfield{type}%
2189   \setunit*\addspace%
2190   \printfield{number}%
2191   \newunit\newblock
2192   \usebibmacro{byholder}%
2193   \newunit\newblock
2194   \usebibmacro{location+dates}%
2195   \newunit\newblock
2196   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2197   \newunit\newblock
2198   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2199   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2200   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2201   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
2202   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
2203     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2204      \usebibmacro{related}}
2205     {}%
2206   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Direct use of the manual entry type is not encouraged, but it serves as a basis for other entry types, notably standards, and software. The main change to the manual driver compared to the standard style is that type, series, number, edition and organization are moved into the publication information block with publisher, location and date. Note that standards will put the number field at the head of the reference if there is no author.

```

2207 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{manual}{%
2208   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2209   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2210   \ifboolexpr{
2211     test {\ifentrytype{standard}}
2212     and
2213     ( test {\ifnameundef{author}}
2214       or
2215       not test \ifuseauthor )
2216     and
2217     not test {\iffieldundef{number}}
2218   }{%
2219     \printfield{number}\clearfield{number}%
2220     \newunit\newblock
2221   }{%
2222     \usebibmacro{author/editor}%
2223     \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2224     \ifentrytype{software}{%
2225       \usebibmacro{title+version}%

```

```

2226 }{%
2227   \usebibmacro{title}}%
2228 \setunit{\titlebyauthor\delim}\newblock
2229 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2230 \newunit\newblock
2231 \usebibmacro{byeditor}%
2232 \newunit
2233 \ifentrytype{software}{}{%
2234   \newunit\printfield{version}}%
2235 \newunit
2236 \printfield{note}%
2237 \newunit\newblock
2238 \usebibmacro{type+series+number+edition+organization+publisher+location+date}%
2239 \newunit\newblock
2240 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
2241 \newunit
2242 \printfield{pagetotal}%
2243 \newunit\newblock
2244 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
2245   {\printfield{isbn}}
2246   {}%
2247 \newunit\newblock
2248 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2249 \newunit\newblock
2250 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2251 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2252 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2253 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
2254 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
2255   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2256     \usebibmacro{related}}
2257   {}%
2258 \usebibmacro{finentry}}
2259 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{standard}{manual}
2260 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions[standard]{useeditor=false}

```

2.1.13 AUDIOVISUAL MATERIALS

The publication block for audiovisual resources is quite different from the normal, as the type, series and number come between the publisher and date. The punctuation or otherwise between elements depends on the combination present. The date and time of recording is given before the block if a number is provided (indicating a published recording) but within it otherwise.

```

2261 \newbibmacro*{publisher+type+series+number+date}{%
2262   \iffieldundef{number}{}{%
2263     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2264     \usebibmacro{origdate+time}%
2265   }%
2266   \ifboolexpr{%
2267     test {\iflistundef{origpublisher}}
2268     and
2269     test {\iflistundef{location}}
2270     and
2271     test {\iflistundef{publisher}}
2272     and
2273     test {\iffieldundef{type}}
2274     and
2275     test {\iffieldundef{series}}
2276     and
2277     test {\iffieldundef{number}}

```

```

2278     and
2279     test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2280     and
2281     test {\iffieldundef{season}}
2282     and
2283     test {\iffieldundef{month}}
2284     and
2285     test {\iffieldundef{origyear}}
2286     and
2287     test {\iffieldundef{origseason}}
2288     and
2289     test {\iffieldundef{origmonth}}
2290     and
2291     test {\iffieldundef{hour}}
2292   }{}{%
2293     \nopunct
2294     \printtext[publication]{%
2295       \printlist{origpublisher}%
2296       \setunit*{\addsemicolon\space}%
2297       \printlist{location}%
2298       \iflistundef{publisher}%
2299         {\setunit*{\addcomma\space}}%
2300         {\setunit*{\addcolon\space}}%
2301       \printlist{publisher}%
2302       \iffieldundef{series}%
2303         {\setunit*{\addspace}}%
2304         {\setunit*{\recordseriespunct}}%
2305       \printfield{series}%
2306       \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
2307       \printfield{type}%
2308       \iflistundef{publisher}%
2309         {\setunit*{\addcomma\space}}%
2310         {\setunit*{\addspace}}%
2311       \printfield{number}%
2312       \iffieldundef{number}{%
2313         \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2314         \usebibmacro{origdate+time}%
2315       }{}%
2316       \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2317       \usebibmacro{date+time}}}}

```

We provide the `endeditor` option to determine if credits should be placed before or after the publication block.

```

2318     \newtoggle{blx@ox@endeditor}
2319     \DeclareEntryOption{endeditor}[true]{%
2320       \settoggle{blx@ox@endeditor}{#1}}
2321     \newbibmacro*{pre-byeditor+others}{%
2322       \iftoggle{blx@ox@endeditor}{}{%
2323         \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
2324       }}
2325     \newbibmacro*{post-byeditor+others}{%
2326       \iftoggle{blx@ox@endeditor}{%
2327         \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
2328       }{}}

```

We provide a specialist audio driver. It borrows elements from the book and online drivers, and incorporates the above variations.

```

2329 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{audio}{%
2330   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2331   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2332   \usebibmacro{author}%
2333   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2334   \usebibmacro{title}%
2335   \newunit
2336   \usebibmacro{maintitle}%
2337   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{includes}{%
2338     \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2339       \newunit\newblock
2340       \usebibmacro{related:init}%
2341       \usebibmacro{related}%
2342       \clearfield{related}%
2343     }{}%
2344   }{}%
2345   \setunit{\addspace}
2346   \usebibmacro{onlinetype}%
2347   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2348   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2349   \newunit\newblock
2350   \usebibmacro{pre-byeditor+others}%
2351   \newunit\newblock
2352   \printfield{volumes}%
2353   \newunit\newblock
2354   \printfield{note}%
2355   \newunit\newblock%
2356   \printlist{organization}%
2357   \newunit\newblock%
2358   \usebibmacro{publisher+type+series+number+date}%
2359   \setunit{\addspace}%
2360   \printfield{howpublished}%
2361   \newunit\newblock
2362   \usebibmacro{post-byeditor+others}%
2363   \newunit\newblock
2364   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
2365   {\printfield{isbn}}
2366   {}%
2367   \newunit\newblock
2368   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2369   \newunit\newblock
2370   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2371   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2372   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2373   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
2374   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
2375   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2376    \usebibmacro{related}}
2377   {}%
2378   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

The same driver will do very well for music, video and movie.

```

2379 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{music}{audio}
2380 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{movie}{audio}
2381 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{video}{audio}

```

In parallel with book-like entries, we provide an inaudio driver for citing tracks from an album.

```

2382 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{inaudio}{%
2383   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2384   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2385   \usebibmacro{author}%
2386   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2387   \usebibmacro{title}%
2388   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2389   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2390   \newunit\newblock
2391   \usebibmacro{in:}%
2392   \usebibmacro{bybookauthor}%
2393   \newunit\newblock
2394   \usebibmacro{maintitle+booktitle}%
2395   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{includes}{%
2396     \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2397       \newunit\newblock
2398       \usebibmacro{related:init}%
2399       \usebibmacro{related}%
2400       \clearfield{related}%
2401     }{}%
2402   }{}%
2403   \setunit{\addspace}
2404   \usebibmacro{onlinetype}%
2405   \newunit\newblock
2406   \usebibmacro{pre-byeditor+others}%
2407   \newunit\newblock
2408   \printfield{volumes}%
2409   \newunit\newblock
2410   \printfield{note}%
2411   \newunit\newblock%
2412   \printlist{organization}%
2413   \newunit\newblock%
2414   \usebibmacro{publisher+type+series+number+date}%
2415   \setunit{\addspace}%
2416   \printfield{howpublished}%
2417   \newunit\newblock
2418   \usebibmacro{post-byeditor+others}%
2419   \newunit\newblock
2420   \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
2421   {\printfield{isbn}}
2422   {}%
2423   \newunit\newblock
2424   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2425   \newunit\newblock
2426   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2427   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2428   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2429   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
2430   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
2431   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2432     \usebibmacro{related}}
2433   {}%
2434   \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

The same driver will do very well for `inmusic`, `invideo` and `inmovie`. The latter two are for completeness but probably not useful.

```

2435 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{inmusic}{inaudio}
2436 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{inmovie}{inaudio}
2437 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{invideo}{inaudio}

```

We set up appropriate inheritance rules.

```

2438 \DeclareDataInheritance{audio,music,movie,video}{inaudio,inmusic,inmovie,invideo}{%
2439   \inherit{title}{booktitle}
2440   \inherit{subtitle}{booksubtitle}
2441   \inherit{titleaddon}{booktitleaddon}
2442   \noinherit{shorttitle}
2443   \noinherit{sorttitle}
2444   \noinherit{indextitle}
2445   \noinherit{indexsorttitle}
2446 }

```

Titles for videos do not have a consistent format, so we define some entrysubtype-based variation. We also allow the use of descriptors; note that the title is transformed into a descriptor by means of an annotation, rather than using a dedicated field. This greatly simplifies the code used elsewhere.

```

2447 \DeclareFieldFormat[audio,music]{title}{%
2448   \def\currentfield{title}%
2449   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
2450     \iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{podcast}{%
2451       \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}%
2452     }{%
2453       \mkbibemph{#1}}}%
2454   \undef\currentfield}
2455 \DeclareFieldFormat[movie,video]{title}{%
2456   \def\currentfield{title}%
2457   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
2458     \ifboolexpr{
2459       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{episode}}
2460       or
2461       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{clip}}
2462       or
2463       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{webcast}}
2464     }{%
2465       \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}%
2466     }{%
2467       \mkbibemph{#1}}}%
2468   \undef\currentfield}
2469 \DeclareFieldFormat[inaudio,inmusic,inmovie,invideo]{title}{%
2470   \def\currentfield{title}%
2471   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
2472     \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}%
2473   }%
2474   \undef\currentfield}
2475 \DeclareFieldFormat[inaudio,inmusic]{booktitle}{%
2476   \def\currentfield{booktitle}%
2477   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
2478     \iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{podcast}{%
2479       \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}%
2480     }{%
2481       \mkbibemph{#1}}}%
2482   \undef\currentfield}
2483 \DeclareFieldFormat[inmovie,invideo]{booktitle}{%
2484   \def\currentfield{booktitle}%
2485   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
2486     \ifboolexpr{
2487       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{episode}}
2488       or
2489       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{clip}}
2490       or
2491       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{webcast}}
2492     }{%

```

```

2493     \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}%
2494   }{%
2495     \mkbibemph{#1}}}%
2496   \undef\currentfield}

```

The performance driver is similar to the audio driver, but instead of a publication block, it displays a set of event-related fields. With a bit of generosity, it can also work for artworks and images.

```

2497   \DeclareBibliographyDriver{performance}{%
2498     \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2499     \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2500     \usebibmacro{author}%
2501     \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2502     \usebibmacro{title}%
2503     \newunit
2504     \usebibmacro{maintitle}%
2505     \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{includes}{%
2506       \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
2507         \newunit\newblock
2508         \usebibmacro{related:init}%
2509         \usebibmacro{related}%
2510         \clearfield{related}%
2511       }{}%
2512     }{}%
2513     \setunit{\addspace}
2514     \usebibmacro{onlinetype}%
2515     \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2516     \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2517     \newunit\newblock
2518     \usebibmacro{pre-byeditor+others}%
2519     \setunit{\addspace}%
2520     \printfield{howpublished}%
2521     \newunit\newblock
2522     \printfield{type}%
2523     \newunit\newblock
2524     \printfield{note}%
2525     \ifboolexpr{
2526       test {\iffieldundef{origyear}}
2527       and
2528       test {\iffieldundef{origmonth}}
2529     }{}{%
2530       \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
2531       \printtext[publication]{\usebibmacro{origdate+time}}
2532     \newunit\newblock
2533     \usebibmacro{event+venue+location+date}%
2534     \newunit\newblock
2535     \usebibmacro{post-byeditor+others}%
2536     \newunit\newblock
2537     \printlist{organization}%
2538     \newunit\newblock
2539     \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
2540     {\printfield{isbn}}
2541     {}%
2542     \newunit\newblock
2543     \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2544     \newunit\newblock
2545     \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2546     \setunit{\bibpagerefunct}\newblock
2547     \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2548     \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
2549     \iftoggle{bbx:related}

```

```

2550     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2551      \usebibmacro{related}}
2552     {}%
2553     \usebibmacro{finentry}}
2554 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{image}{performance}
2555 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{artwork}{performance}

```

Here is the macro used for printing the event location and date for performances and exhibitions.

```

2556 \newbibmacro*{event+venue+location+date}{%
2557   \printfield{eventtitle}%
2558   \newunit
2559   \printfield{eventtitleaddon}%
2560   \newunit
2561   \printlist{institution}%
2562   \newunit
2563   \printfield{venue}%
2564   \newunit
2565   \printlist{location}%
2566   \newunit%
2567   \ifboolexpr{
2568     test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2569     and
2570     test {\iffieldundef{month}}
2571   }{\printeventdate}{\usebibmacro{date+time}}}

```

2.1.14 DIGITAL MEDIA

Website articles and social media

The titles of web pages and similar intrinsically online resources are written in roman text within quotes.

```

2572 \DeclareFieldFormat[online, image]{title}{%
2573   \def\currentfield{title}%
2574   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
2575   \undef\currentfield}

```

We provide an onlinetype macro for clarifying the type of online material. It is triggered by appropriate values of entrysubtype.

```

2576 \newbibmacro*{onlinetype}{%
2577   \ifboolexpr{
2578     test {\iffieldundef{url}}
2579     or
2580     test {\iffieldundef{entrysubtype}}
2581   }{}%
2582   \ifbibxstring{\thefield{entrysubtype}}{%
2583     \printtext[brackets]{\bibstring{\thefield{entrysubtype}}}%
2584   }{}}

```

The changes to the online driver compared to the standard style are as follows:

- We support the use of maintitle for, say, the title of the website in which the web page is located. This comes after title.
- We insert the aforementioned onlinetype macro after maintitle.
- The date is wrapped in parentheses if present.

- We support displaying a publisher after the date; this is a legacy feature based on examples that are now deprecated.

```

2585 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{online}{%
2586 \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2587 \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2588 \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
2589 \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2590 \usebibmacro{title}%
2591 \newunit
2592 \usebibmacro{maintitle}
2593 \setunit{\addspace}%
2594 \usebibmacro{onlinetype}%
2595 \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2596 \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2597 \newunit\newblock
2598 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
2599 \newunit\newblock
2600 \printfield{version}%
2601 \newunit
2602 \printfield{note}%
2603 \newunit\newblock
2604 \printlist{organization}%
2605 \iffieldundef{year}{}{%
2606 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
2607 \printtext[parens]{\usebibmacro{date+time}}%
2608 }%
2609 \newunit\newblock
2610 \printlist{publisher}%
2611 \newunit\newblock
2612 \iftoggle{bbx:eprint}
2613 {\usebibmacro{eprint}}
2614 {}%
2615 \newunit\newblock
2616 \usebibmacro{url+urldate}%
2617 \newunit\newblock
2618 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2619 \setunit{\bibpagerefunct}\newblock
2620 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2621 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
2622 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
2623 {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2624 \usebibmacro{related}}
2625 {}%
2626 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Software

The version for software goes between the title and titleaddon.

```

2627 \newbibmacro*{title+version}{%
2628 \ifboolexpr{
2629 test {\iffieldundef{title}}
2630 and
2631 test {\iffieldundef{subtitle}}
2632 }
2633 {}
2634 {\printtext[title]{%
2635 \printfield[titlecase]{title}%
2636 \setunit{\subtitlepunct}%
2637 \printfield[titlecase]{subtitle}}%

```

```

2638     \setunit{\addspace}}%
2639     \printfield{version}%
2640     \setunit{\addspace}%
2641     \printfield{titleaddon}%
2642   }
2643   \DeclareFieldFormat[software]{version}{\mkbibparens{\bibstring{version}~#1}}

```

The url date string is different for software: ‘downloaded’ rather than ‘accessed’.

```

2644   \DeclareFieldFormat[software]{urldate}{\bibstring{urldown}\space#1}

```

The software driver is a variant of the manual driver.

```

2645   \DeclareBibliographyAlias{software}{manual}

```

Datasets

The main change to the dataset driver compared to the standard style is that type, series, number, edition and organization are moved into the publication information block with publisher, location and date.

```

2646   \DeclareBibliographyDriver{dataset}{%
2647     \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2648     \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2649     \usebibmacro{author/editor+others/translator+others}%
2650     \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
2651     \usebibmacro{title}%
2652     \newunit
2653     \printlist{language}%
2654     \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
2655     \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
2656     \newunit\newblock
2657     \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
2658     \newunit\newblock
2659     \printfield{type}%
2660     \newunit
2661     \printfield{version}%
2662     \newunit\newblock
2663     \printfield{note}%
2664     \newunit\newblock
2665     \usebibmacro{type+series+number+edition+organization+publisher+location+date}%
2666     \newunit\newblock
2667     \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2668     \newunit\newblock
2669     \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2670     \setunit{\bibpagerefunct}\newblock
2671     \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2672     \newunit\newblock
2673     \iftoggle{bbx:related}
2674       {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2675         \usebibmacro{related}}
2676       {}%
2677     \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

2.1.15 LEGAL REFERENCES

Legal references are a law unto themselves, and thus require extensive fiddly coding. This entire section is adapted from oscola by Paul Stanley.

Entry options

```

2678 \newtoggle{bbx:scotstyle}
2679 \DeclareEntryOption{scottish-style}[true]{%
2680   \settoggle{bbx:scotstyle}{#1}}
2681 \newboolean{bbx@year-essential}\setboolean{bbx@year-essential}{false}
2682 \DeclareEntryOption{year-essential}[true]{%
2683   \setboolean{bbx@year-essential}{#1}}
2684 \newboolean{bbx@paryear-essential}\setboolean{bbx@paryear-essential}{false}
2685 \DeclareEntryOption{paryear-essential}[true]{%
2686   \setboolean{bbx@paryear-essential}{#1}}
2687 \newtoggle{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}
2688 \newtoggle{bbx:altcourt}
2689 \DeclareBibliographyOption{court-plain}[true]{%
2690   \settoggle{bbx:altcourt}{#1}}
2691 \DeclareEntryOption{court-plain}[true]{%
2692   \settoggle{bbx:altcourt}{#1}}
2693 \newtoggle{bbx@ecliuse}
2694 \newtoggle{bbx@eclionly}
2695 \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{ecli}[yes]{%
2696   \ifstrequal{#1}{no}{%
2697     \global\togglefalse{bbx@ecliuse}%
2698     \global\togglefalse{bbx@eclionly}%
2699   }{%
2700     \global\toggletrue{bbx@ecliuse}%
2701     \ifstrequal{#1}{only}{%
2702       \global\toggletrue{bbx@eclionly}%
2703     }{}}

```

Field formats

```

2704 \DeclareFieldFormat{casenotetitle}{\mkbibquote{\mkbibemph{#1}}}
2705 \DeclareFieldFormat[jurisdiction,legislation,legal]{journaltitle}{#1}
2706 \DeclareFieldFormat[jurisdiction]{volume}{#1}
2707 \DeclareFieldFormat[jurisdiction]{titleaddon}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
2708 \DeclareFieldFormat{romanvol}{\RN{#1}}
2709 \DeclareListFormat[jurisdiction]{listb}{}
2710 \DeclareFieldFormat{usseries}{\ifinteger{#1}{\mkusbibordinal{#1}}{#1}}
2711 \DeclareFieldFormat{verba}{#1}
2712
2713 \DeclareListFormat{echrinst}{%
2714   \ifboolexpr{%
2715     test {\ifnumequal{\value{listtotal}}{1}}
2716     or
2717     test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{listtotal}}}
2718   }{%
2719     \ifboolexpr{
2720       test {\ifdefstring{\Commission}{#1}}
2721       or
2722       test {\ifdefstring{\commission}{#1}}%
2723     }{%
2724       \bibstring{commissiondecision}%
2725     }{#1}%
2726   }{%
2727     \setcounter{blx@tmpcnt}{\value{listcount}}%
2728     \addtocounter{blx@tmpcnt}{1}%
2729     \ifnumequal{\value{blx@tmpcnt}}{\value{listtotal}}{%
2730       #1\space\bibstring{and}\addspace
2731     }{%
2732       #1\addcomma\space}}}%

```

```

2733 \newcommand*\commission}{commission}
2734 \newcommand*\Commission}{Commission}
2735 \DeclareListFormat{ecthr}{%
2736   \ifbool{expr{
2737     test {\ifdefstring{\Commission}{#1}}
2738     or
2739     test {\ifdefstring{\commission}{#1}}
2740   }}{\bibstring[\mkbibparens]{commissiondecision}\toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}{}}
2741
2742
2743 \newcommand*\pciirep}{PCIJ Rep}
2744 \DeclareFieldFormat{international}{%
2745   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\pciirep}{%
2746     \bibcplstring{jourser}\space #1%
2747   }{#1}}
2748
2749 \DeclareListFormat{checkcontains}{%
2750   \bbx@check{#1}}
2751 \newtoggle{bbx@institutiontoggle}
2752 \newcommand\iflistcontains[2]{%
2753   \global\togglefalse{bbx@institutiontoggle}%
2754   \def\bbx@check##1{%
2755     \ifdefstring{#2}{##1}{\global\toggletrue{bbx@institutiontoggle}}{}}%
2756   \printlist[checkcontains]{#1}%
2757   \iftoggle{bbx@institutiontoggle}}
2758
2759 \DeclareFieldFormat{draftleg}{%
2760   \StrBefore{#1}{ Bill}}
2761
2762 \DeclareListFormat{billprinting}{%
2763   \ifstrequal{#1}{HC}{%
2764     \mkbibbrackets{\strfield{number}}%
2765     \toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
2766   }{%
2767     \strfield{number}%
2768     \togglefalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}
2769
2770 \newcommand*\treatypartysep}{\allowbreak ---\allowbreak}
2771 \DeclareListFormat{treaty}{%
2772   \ifmoreitems{}{%
2773     \ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{1}{%
2774       \bibopenparen
2775     }{}%
2776     \ifnumgreater{\value{liststop}}{\value{listcount}}{%
2777       #1\treatypartysep
2778     }{%
2779       #1\bibcloseparen}}
2780
2781 \def\siganddate#1{%
2782   \def\bbx@tempa{#1}%
2783   \expandafter\bbx@signeddatei#1/relax}
2784 \def\bbx@signeddatei#1=#2/relax{%
2785   \def\bbx@tempa{#2-}%
2786   \bibstring{#1}\space\expandafter\makebbx@datei\bbx@tempa}
2787 \def\makebbx@datei#1-#2-#3-{%
2788   \makebbx@dateii{#1}{#2}{#3}}
2789 \def\makebbx@dateii#1#2#3{%
2790   \blx@imc@stripzeros{#3}~\mkbibmonth{#2}%
2791   \space
2792   #1}
2793 \DeclareListFormat{treatydates}{%
2794   \ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{1}{%

```

```

2795 \siganddate{#1}%
2796 }{%
2797 \addcomma\space\siganddate{#1}}

```

Pagination formats

We define an alternative to `\mkpageprefix` that takes a pagination key directly.

```

2798 \newrobustcmd*{\mkrawpageprefix}[1][none]{%
2799 \beginingroup
2800 \def\blx@tempa{\blx@mkpageprefix@i}%
2801 \ifstrequal{#1}{none}{}{%
2802 \ifbibstring{#1}{%
2803 \def\blx@tempa{\blx@mkpageprefix{#1}}%
2804 }{%
2805 \blx@warning@entry{Unknown pagination type '#1'}}%
2806 \@ifnextchar[%]
2807 {\blx@tempa}
2808 {\blx@tempa[\@firstofone]}}
2809
2810 \newcommand*\paragraphmarkings{[]}
2811 \DeclareFieldFormat[jurisdiction,legislation,legal]{postnote}{%
2812 \iffieldundef{pagination}{%
2813 \ifboolexpr{
2814 test {\ifkeyword{eu}}
2815 or
2816 test {\ifkeyword{echr}}
2817 }{%
2818 \mkcomprange[\mkrawpageprefix[paragraph]]{#1}%
2819 }{%
2820 \mkcomprange{#1}}%
2821 }{%
2822 \iffieldequals{pagination}{\paragraphmarkings}{%
2823 \mkcomprange[\mkbibbrackets]{#1}%
2824 }{%
2825 \mkcomprange[\mkpageprefix[pagination]]{#1}}}}

```

Shorthands

With legal references, the introduction of shorthands is less verbose.

```

2826 \renewbibmacro*{shorthandintro}{%
2827 \iffieldundef{shorthandintro}
2828 {\iffieldundef{shorthand}
2829 {}
2830 {\setunit{\addspace}%
2831 \printtext[parens]{%
2832 \ifboolexpr{
2833 test {\ifentrytype{jurisdiction}}
2834 or
2835 test {\ifentrytype{legal}}
2836 or
2837 test {\ifentrytype{legislation}}
2838 }{}%
2839 \bibstring{citedas}\space}%
2840 \printfield{shorthand}}}}
2841 {\setunit{\addspace}%
2842 \printtext[parens]{\printfield{shorthandintro}}}}

```

Common macros

```

2843 \newbibmacro*{issue/volume}{%
2844   \iffieldundef{volume}%
2845   {\iffieldundef{issue}%
2846    }%
2847   {\printfield{issue}}}%
2848   {\printfield[default]{volume}}
2849 \newcommand*{\subtypenewsp}{newspaper}
2850 \newbibmacro*{year+vol+report}[1][default]{%
2851   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewsp}{%
2852     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2853   }{%
2854     \usebibmacro{journaldate}%
2855     \setunit{\addspace}%
2856     \printfield[parens]{origyear}%
2857     \setunit{\addspace}%
2858     \printfield{volume}%
2859     \setunit{\addspace}}%
2860   \printfield{journaltitle}%
2861   \setunit*{\addspace}%
2862   \iffieldundef{series}{%
2863     \setunit{\addspace}%
2864     \printfield[#1]{series}%
2865     \setunit{\addspace}}%
2866   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewsp}{%
2867     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2868     \printdate%
2869   }{}}
2870 \newbibmacro*{journaldate}[1][%
2871   \ifboolexpr{
2872     test {\iffieldundef{#1volume}}
2873     or
2874     bool {bbx@#1year-essential}
2875   }{%
2876     \ifboolexpr{
2877       test {\ifkeyword{sc}}
2878       or
2879       test {\iftoggle{bbx:scotstyle}}
2880     }{%
2881       \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2882       \printfield{#1year}%
2883     }%
2884     \printfield[brackets]{#1year}}%
2885   }{%
2886     \printfield[parens]{#1year}}
2887 \newcommand*{\casenote}{casenote}
2888 \newcommand{\casenotetext}{\bibstring{casenote}}
2889 \newbibmacro{journaltitle}{%
2890   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\casenote}{%
2891     \iffieldundef{crossref}{%
2892       \usebibmacro{title}%
2893     }{%
2894       \iffieldundef{note}{%
2895         \restorefield{note}{\casenotetext}%
2896       }{}}%
2897     \ifboolexpr{
2898       test {\iffootnote}
2899       and test {\iftoggle{bbx@samefootnote}}
2900       and test {\iffieldequals{crossref}{\blx@lastkey@foot}}%
2901     }{ }\printfield[casenotetitle]{title}}%
2902   }{%

```

```

2903     \usebibmacro{title}}
2904 \newbibmacro*{unreported}[1][default]{%
2905   \iffieldundef{verba}{%
2906     \ifboolexpr{
2907       test {\iflistundef{institution}}
2908       and
2909       test {\iffieldundef{date}}
2910       and
2911       test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2912     }{}{%
2913       \ifboolexpr{
2914         test {\iffieldundef{date}}
2915         and
2916         test {\iffieldundef{year}}
2917       }{%
2918         \mkbibparens{\printlist[jurisdiction]{institution}}%
2919       }{%
2920         \toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
2921         \iflistundef{institution}{%
2922           \mkbibparens{\usebibmacro{date}}%
2923         }{%
2924           \printtext[parens]{%
2925             \printlist[#1]{institution}%
2926             \setunit{\addcomma\space}
2927             \usebibmacro{date}}}}}%
2928     }{%
2929       \iftoggle{bbx@ecluse}{}{}%
2930       \printfield{verba}}}}
2931 \newbibmacro{court-note}{%
2932   \iffieldundef{note}{%
2933     {}%
2934     {\printfield{note}}%
2935     \toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}}}
2936 \newbibmacro*{jurisdictionpages}{%
2937   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewsp}{}{}%
2938   \setunit{\addspace}%
2939   \printfield{pages}}}}
2940 \newbibmacro{pcitenote}{%
2941   \iffieldundef{parreporter}{}{}%
2942   \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2943   \iffieldundef{postnote}{}{}%
2944   \printfield{postnote}%
2945   \clearfield{postnote}%
2946   \setunit{\addsemicolon\space}}}}
2947 \newbibmacro*{courtid}{%
2948   \iffieldundef{number}{%
2949     \ifboolexpr{
2950       test {\iflistundef{institution}}
2951       and
2952       test {\iffieldundef{location}}%
2953     }{%
2954       \togglefalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
2955     }{%
2956       \ifboolexpr{%
2957         test {\iffieldundef{journaltitle}}
2958         or
2959         not togl {bbx:altcourt}}
2960       }{%
2961         \printtext[parens]{%
2962           \printfield{location}%
2963           \setunit{\addspace}%
2964           \printlist{institution}}%

```

```

2965     \usebibmacro{unrep:date}}%
2966     \toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}
2967   }{%
2968     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2969     \printfield{location}%
2970     \setunit*{\addspace}%
2971     \printlist{institution}}}%
2972 }{%
2973   \togglefalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}
2974 \newbibmacro*{unrep:date}{%
2975   \ifboolexpr{
2976     test {\iffieldundef{journaltitle}}%
2977     and
2978     test {\iffieldundef{number}}%
2979   }{%
2980     \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
2981     \usebibmacro{date}%
2982   }}

```

Legal cases

There are different formats depending on the jurisdiction.

```

2983 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{jurisdiction}{%
2984   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
2985   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
2986   \usebibmacro{juriscitation}%
2987   \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
2988   \setunit{\addspace}%\newblock
2989   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
2990   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
2991   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
2992   \setunit{\addspace}%\newblock
2993   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
2994     {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
2995     \usebibmacro{related}}
2996   {}%
2997   \usebibmacro{finentry}}
2998 \newtoggle{bbx@juriscitedone}
2999 \newbibmacro{juriscitation}{%
3000   \togglefalse{bbx@juriscitedone}%
3001   \renewcommand{\do}[1]{%
3002     \ifkeyword{##1}{%
3003       \toggletrue{bbx@juriscitedone}\usebibmacro{##1juriscitation}%
3004       \listbreak
3005     }}%
3006   \docsvlist{eu, echr, int, ca, us}%
3007   \iftoggle{bbx@juriscitedone}{\usebibmacro{enjuriscitation}}%
3008 }

```

Here is the format for EU cases.

```

3009 \newtoggle{bbx@commissiondecision}
3010 \newbibmacro*{eujuriscitation}{%
3011   \ifboolexpr{
3012     test {\iflistcontains{institution}{\commission}}
3013     or
3014     test {\iflistcontains{institution}{\Commission}}
3015   }{%
3016     \toggletrue{bbx@commissiondecision}%

```

```

3017 }{%
3018   \togglefalse{bbx@commissiondecision}}%
3019 \iftoggle{bbx@commissiondecision}{%
3020   \usebibmacro{eucasenumber}}%
3021 \usebibmacro{title}%
3022 \setunit{\addspace}%
3023 \iftoggle{bbx@commissiondecision}{%
3024   \usebibmacro{eucommissiondecision}}{}%
3025 \setunit{\addspace}%
3026 \usebibmacro{eu:reportinfo}%
3027 \iftoggle{bbx@commissiondecision}{%
3028   \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3029 }{%
3030   \setunit{\addspace}}%
3031 \usebibmacro{altreportdetails}%
3032 \usebibmacro{court-note}%
3033 }
3034 \newcommand*{\oxrefand{ and }}
3035 \newbibmacro{eucasetype}{%
3036   \iffieldundef{type}{%
3037     \ifboolexpr{
3038       test {\IfSubStr{\thefield{number}}{,}}
3039       or
3040       test {\IfSubStr{\thefield{number}}{--}}
3041       or
3042       test {\IfSubStr{\thefield{number}}{\oxrefand}}
3043     }{%
3044       \bibstring{eujoinedcases}%
3045     }{%
3046       \bibstring{eucase}}%
3047   }{%
3048     \printfield{type}}%
3049 }
3050 \newbibmacro{eucasenumber}{%
3051   \usebibmacro{eucasetype}%
3052   \setunit{\addnbspace}%
3053   \printfield{number}%
3054   \setunit{\addspace}}
3055 \newbibmacro{eucommissiondecision}{%
3056   \iffieldundef{userb}{%
3057     \iffieldundef{number}{%
3058       \printtext[parens]{%
3059         \usebibmacro{eucasetype}%
3060         \setunit{\addnbspace}%
3061         \printfield{number}}}%
3062     }{%
3063       \printtext[parens]{%
3064         \usebibmacro{eucasetype}%
3065         \setunit{\addnbspace}%
3066         \printfield{userb}}}%
3067     \setunit{\addspace}%
3068     \iffieldundef{number}{%
3069       \iffieldundef{type}{%
3070         \setunit{\addspace\bibstring{commissiondecision}\addspace}%
3071       }{%
3072         \setunit{\addspace\printfield{type}\addspace}}%
3073       \printfield{number}}%
3074     }%
3075 }
3076 \newbibmacro*{eu:reportinfo}{%
3077   \iftoggle{bbx@eclionly}{%
3078     \iffieldundef{verba}{%

```

```

3079     \usebibmacro{eu:osreport}
3080   }{%
3081     \printfield{verba}}%
3082 }{%
3083   \usebibmacro{eu:osreport}}}
3084 \newbibmacro*{eu:osreport}{%
3085   \iftoggle{bbx@ecliuse}{%
3086     \iffieldundef{verba}}{%
3087       \printfield{verba}%
3088       \setunit{\addcomma\space}}%
3089   }{}%
3090   \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{%
3091     \usebibmacro{unreported}}%
3092 }{%
3093   \usebibmacro{eu:year+vol+report}}}
3094 \newcommand*{\officialjournaltitle{OJ}}
3095 \newcommand*{\ecrreporttitle{ECR}}
3096 \newbibmacro*{eu:year+vol+report}{%
3097   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\ecrreporttitle}{%
3098     \printfield[brackets]{year}%
3099     \setunit{\addspace}%
3100     \printfield{journaltitle}%
3101     \setunit{\addspace}%
3102     \printfield{volume}%
3103     \setunit*{\printtext{--\allowbreak}}}%
3104     \printfield{pages}}%
3105 }{%
3106   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\officialjournaltitle}{%
3107     \printfield[brackets]{year}%
3108     \setunit{\addspace}%
3109     \printfield{journaltitle}%
3110     \setunit{\addspace}%
3111     \printfield[default]{series}%
3112     \usebibmacro{issue/volume}%
3113     \setunit{\printtext{\slash}}}%
3114     \printfield{pages}}%
3115 }{%
3116   \usebibmacro{year+vol+report}}}}

```

Here is the format for European Human Rights cases.

```

3117 \newbibmacro*{echrjuriscitation}{%
3118   \usebibmacro{title}%
3119   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3120   \iffieldundef{number}}{%
3121     \printtext[parens]{%
3122       \def\adddot{}%
3123       \bibstring{application}\space
3124       \bibstring{number}\space
3125       \printfield{number}}%
3126     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock}%
3127   \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{%
3128     \usebibmacro{unreported}[echrinst]}%
3129 }{%
3130   \usebibmacro{echr:year+vol+report}
3131   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3132   \usebibmacro{echr:courtid}}%
3133 \setunit{\addspace}%
3134 \usebibmacro{court-note}%
3135 \newblock
3136 \setunit{\addspace}}

```

```

3137 \newcommand*\seriesa{Series A}
3138 \newcommand*\echrreports{ECHR}
3139 \newbibmacro*{echr:year+vol+report}{%
3140   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\seriesa}{%
3141     \usebibmacro{seriesareport}%
3142   }{%
3143     \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\echrreports}{%
3144       \usebibmacro{echrreports}%
3145     }{%
3146       \usebibmacro{year+vol+report}
3147       \setunit{\addspace}%
3148       \printfield{pages}}}}
3149 \newbibmacro*{seriesareport}{%
3150   \printfield[parens]{year}%
3151   \setunit{\addspace}%
3152   \printfield{journaltitle}%
3153   \setunit{\addspace}%
3154   \printtext{\def\adddot{} \bibstring{number} \addspace}%
3155   \printfield{pages}}
3156 \newbibmacro*{echrreports}{%
3157   \printfield{journaltitle}%
3158   \setunit{\addspace}%
3159   \printfield{year}%
3160   \iffieldundef{volume}{%
3161     \printtext{--} \printfield[romanvol]{volume}}
3162   \setunit{\addspace}%
3163   \printfield{pages}}
3164 \newcommand*\decisionsandreports{DR}
3165 \newcommand*\collectionofdecisions{CD}
3166 \newbibmacro*{echr:courtid}{%
3167   \ifboolexpr{
3168     test {\iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\decisionsandreports}}
3169     or
3170     test {\iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\collectionofdecisions}}%
3171   }{%
3172     \printlist[ecthr]{institution}}}

```

Here is the format for international cases.

```

3173 \newbibmacro*{intjuriscitation}{%
3174   \iflistundef{institution}{%
3175     \setunit{} \printtext{}%
3176   }{%
3177     \printlist{institution}%
3178     \setunit{\addcomma\space}}%
3179   \usebibmacro{int:title}%
3180   \setunit{\addspace} \newblock
3181   \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{%
3182     \printfield{number}%
3183     \setunit{\addspace} \newblock
3184     \printtext[parens]{\printdate}%
3185   }{%
3186     \usebibmacro{year+vol+report}[international]%
3187   }%
3188   \setunit{\addspace}%
3189   \usebibmacro{int:jurisdictionpages}%
3190   \setunit{\addspace} \newblock
3191   \usebibmacro{court-note}%
3192 }
3193 \newbibmacro*{int:title}{%
3194   \ifboolexpr{
3195     test {\iffieldundef{title}}

```

```

3196     and
3197     test {\iffieldundef{subtitle}}
3198   }{}%
3199     \printtext[title]{%
3200       \printfield[titlecase]{title}%
3201       \setunit{\addspace}%
3202       \printfield[parens]{subtitle}}}%
3203   \setunit{\addspace}%
3204   \printfield{titleaddon}%
3205 }
3206 \newbibmacro*{int:jurisdictionpages}{%
3207   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\pcijrep}{%
3208     \printtext{\bibcpstring{number}\addspace}%
3209     \iffieldundef{pages}{%
3210       \printfield{number}%
3211     }{%
3212       \printfield{pages}}%
3213   }{%
3214     \printfield{pages}}

```

Here is the format for Canadian cases.

```

3215 \newbibmacro{canjuriscitation}{%
3216   \usebibmacro{title}%
3217   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3218   \printfield{number}%
3219   \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3220   \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{}{%
3221     \usebibmacro{can:year+vol+report}}%
3222   \usebibmacro{jurisdictionpages}%
3223   \usebibmacro{pcitenote}%
3224   \usebibmacro{altreportdetails}%
3225   \unspace\printlist[jurisdiction][1-\value{listtotal}]{listb}%
3226   \newunit\newblock
3227   \usebibmacro{courtid}%
3228   \newunit%
3229   \usebibmacro{court-note}%
3230   \newblock%
3231   \newunit}
3232 \newbibmacro*{can:year+vol+report}{%
3233   \iffieldundef{number}{%
3234     \setunit{\addspace}%
3235   }{%
3236     \ifboolexpr{
3237       test {\iffieldundef{volume}}
3238       or
3239       bool {bbx@year-essential}}%
3240     }{}%
3241     \clearfield{year}}}%
3242 \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewsp}{}{%
3243   \iffieldundef{year}{}{%
3244     \usebibmacro{journaldate}%
3245     \setunit{\addspace}}}
3246 \printfield{volume}%
3247 \setunit{\addspace}%
3248 \printfield{journaltitle}%
3249 \setunit*{\addspace}%
3250 \iffieldundef{series}{}{%
3251   \setunit{\addspace}%
3252   \printtext[parens]{\printfield[usseries]{series}}%
3253   \setunit{\addspace}}%

```

```

3254 \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypenewsp}{%
3255 \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3256 \usebibmacro{newspaperdate}%
3257 }{}}

```

Here is the format for American cases.

```

3258 \newbibmacro{usjuriscitation}{%
3259 \usebibmacro{title}%
3260 \setunit{\addcomma\space}\newblock%
3261 \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{%
3262 \printfield{number}%
3263 \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3264 \printfield[default]{eprint}%
3265 \clearfield{eprint}%
3266 }{
3267 \usebibmacro{us:vol+report}}%
3268 \setunit{\addspace}%
3269 \usebibmacro{jurisdictionpages}%
3270 \usebibmacro{us:postnote}%
3271 \usebibmacro{altreportdetails}%
3272 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3273 \unspace\printlist[jurisdiction][1-\value{listtotal}]{listb}%
3274 \setunit{\addspace}%
3275 \usebibmacro{us:courtid+date}%
3276 \setunit{\addspace}%
3277 \usebibmacro{court-note}%
3278 \newblock
3279 \setunit{\addspace}}
3280 \newbibmacro{us:vol+report}{%
3281 \printfield{volume}%
3282 \setunit{\addspace}%
3283 \printfield{journaltitle}%
3284 \iffieldundef{series}{%
3285 \setunit{\addspace}%
3286 \printfield[usseries]{series}}
3287 \newbibmacro{us:postnote}{%
3288 \iffieldundef{postnote}{%
3289 \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3290 \printfield{postnote}%
3291 \clearfield{postnote}%
3292 }}
3293 \newbibmacro{us:courtid+date}{%
3294 \ifboolexpr{
3295 test {\iflistundef{institution}}
3296 and
3297 test {\iflistundef{location}}
3298 and
3299 test {\iffieldundef{year}}
3300 }{%
3301 \printtext[parens]{%
3302 \printlist{location}%
3303 \setunit*\addspace}%
3304 \printlist{institution}%
3305 \setunit{\addspace}%
3306 \printfield{year}%
3307 \nopunct}}

```

Here is the format for English cases.

```

3308 \newbibmacro{enjuriscitation}{%
3309 \usebibmacro{title}%
3310 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3311 \printfield{number}%
3312 \setunit*{\addcomma\space}%
3313 \iffieldundef{journaltitle}{}{%
3314 \usebibmacro{year+vol+report}}%
3315 \usebibmacro{jurisdictionpages}%
3316 \usebibmacro{pcitenote}%
3317 \usebibmacro{altreportdetails}%
3318 \unspace\printlist[jurisdiction][1-\value{listtotal}]{listb}% additionalreports
3319 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3320 \usebibmacro{courtid}%
3321 \setunit{\addspace}%
3322 \usebibmacro{court-note}}
3323 \newbibmacro{altreportdetails}{%
3324 \restorefield{prenote}{\postnotesecond}%
3325 \iffieldundef{parreporter}{}{%
3326 \usebibmacro{journaldate}[par]%
3327 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3328 \usebibmacro{altreportvolume}%
3329 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3330 \usebibmacro{altjournaltitle}%
3331 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3332 \usebibmacro{altseries}%
3333 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3334 \usebibmacro{altjurisdictionpages}%
3335 \iffieldundef{prenote}{}{%
3336 \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3337 \printfield[postnote]{prenote}}}}
3338 \newbibmacro*{altreportvolume}{%
3339 \iffieldundef{parvolume}{}{%
3340 \printfield{parvolume}}}
3341 \newbibmacro*{altjournaltitle}{%
3342 \iffieldundef{parreporter}{}{
3343 \printfield{parreporter}}}
3344 \newbibmacro*{altseries}{%
3345 \iffieldundef{parseries}{}{%
3346 \printfield{parseries}}}
3347 \newbibmacro*{altjurisdictionpages}{%
3348 \iffieldundef{parpages}{}{%
3349 \printfield{parpages}}}%

```

Legislation

Legislation tends to have a more consistent format, though European entries need special handling.

```

3350 \newcommand*{\subtypecourtrules}{procedure-rule}
3351 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{legislation}{%
3352 \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
3353 \usebibmacro{begentry}%
3354 \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypecourtrules}{%
3355 \usebibmacro{courtrules}%
3356 }{%
3357 \ifkeyword{draft}{%
3358 \usebibmacro{legislation:bill}%
3359 }{%
3360 \ifkeyword{eu}{%
3361 \usebibmacro{eulegislation}%

```

```

3362     }{%
3363     \printfield[default]{title}%
3364     \setunit{\addspace}%
3365     \printfield[default]{year}%
3366     \setunit*{\addspace}%
3367     \usebibmacro{legnumber}%
3368     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3369     \usebibmacro{legsupp}}}%
3370 \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3371 \printfield{note}%
3372 \setunit{\addspace}%
3373 \usebibmacro{finentry}}
3374 \newbibmacro*{courtrules}{%
3375 \restorefield{prenote}{\postnotesecond}%
3376 \iffieldequalstr{shorttitle}{PD}{%
3377     \printfield{postnote}%
3378     \clearfield{postnote}%
3379     \setunit{\addspace}%
3380 }}{%
3381 \iffieldundef{shorttitle}{%
3382     \printfield[default]{title}%
3383 }}{%
3384     \printfield[default]{shorttitle}}%
3385 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3386 \iffieldundef{postnote}{%
3387     \toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
3388 }}{%
3389     \iffieldequalstr{shorttitle}{CPR}{%
3390         \printfield{postnote}%
3391         \setunit{\addspace}%
3392     }}{%
3393         \printtext{%
3394             \bibstring{order}\space
3395             \printfield{postnote}%
3396             \setunit{\addcomma\space}}}%
3397 \restorefield{postnote}{\postnotesecond}%
3398 \usebibmacro{postnote}%
3399 \clearfield{postnote}%
3400 \setunit{\addspace}\newblock}
3401 \newcommand*{\subtypeprimarylegislation}{primary}
3402 \newbibmacro*{legislation:bill}{%
3403 \printfield[draftleg]{title}%
3404 \setunit{\addspace}%
3405 \printlist{institution}%
3406 \setunit*{\addspace}%
3407 \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypeprimarylegislation}{%
3408     \bibcpstring{bill}%
3409     \setunit{\addspace}%
3410     \printtext[parens]{\usebibmacro{sessionyear}}%
3411     \setunit{\addspace}%
3412     \iffieldundef{number}{%
3413         \printlist[billprinting]{institution}}%
3414 }}{%
3415     \printtext[parens]{%
3416         \bibstring{draft}\space
3417         \printdate}}
3418 \setunit{\addspace}}
3419 \newbibmacro*{sessionyear}{%
3420 \iffieldundef{year}{%
3421     \printfield{year}%
3422     \iffieldundef{endyear}{%
3423         \bibdaterangesep

```

```

3424     \blx@ox@compyear{\thefield{year}}{\thefield{endyear}}}}
3425 \newbibmacro{eulgislation}{%
3426   \printfield[default]{title}%
3427   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock%
3428   \usebibmacro{eulegref}}
3429 \newcommand*\ojspecedtitle{OJ Spec Ed}
3430 \newbibmacro*{eulegref}{%
3431   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\officialjournaltitle}{%
3432     \printfield[brackets]{year}%
3433     \setunit{\addspace}%
3434     \printfield{journaltitle}%
3435     \setunit{\addspace}%
3436     \iffieldundef{series}{%
3437       \printtext{L}%
3438     }{%
3439       \printfield[default]{series}}%
3440   \usebibmacro{issue/volume}%
3441   \setunit*\addslash}%
3442   \printfield{pages}%
3443   \togglefalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}%
3444 }{%
3445   \usebibmacro{year+vol+report}%
3446   \setunit*\addspace}%
3447   \printfield{pages}}
3448 \newbibmacro*{legnumber}{%
3449   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\subtypeprimarylegislation}{%
3450     \ifboolexpr{(
3451       test {\iffieldundef{number}}
3452       or
3453       not test {\iffieldundef{title}} )
3454     and not (
3455       test {\ifkeyword{cy}}
3456       or
3457       test {\ifkeyword{sc}}
3458       or
3459       test {\ifkeyword{ni}} )
3460     )}{%
3461     \printtext[parens]{\printfield{number}}%
3462     \toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}%
3463 }{%
3464   \iffieldundef{number}{%
3465     \setunit{\addcomma\addspace}%
3466     \printfield{number}%
3467     \togglefalse{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}}}

```

This adds additional material for Welsh statutory instruments.

```

3468 \newbibmacro*{legsupp}{%
3469   \ifkeyword{cy}
3470   {\iffieldundef{userb}
3471     {}
3472     {\printtext{\mkbibparens{\printfield{userb}}}\toggletrue{blx@ox@nopostnotedelim}}}
3473   {}

```

Treaties, explanatory notes and Hansard

```

3474 \newcommand*{\explanatorynote}{explanatory note}
3475 \newcommand*{\parliamentarytype}{parliamentary}
3476 \newcommand*{\treatysubtype}{piltreaty}
3477 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{legal}{%
3478   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
3479   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
3480   \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\explanatorynote}{%
3481     \printfield[default]{title}%
3482     \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3483   }{%
3484     \iffieldequals{entrysubtype}{\parliamentarytype}{%
3485       \usebibmacro{legal:parliamentary}%
3486     }{%
3487       \usebibmacro{treatycitation}}}%
3488   \setunit{\addcomma\space}\newblock
3489   \printfield[default]{note}
3490   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3491   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}%
3492   \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3493   \usebibmacro{finentry}}
3494 \newbibmacro{legal:parliamentary}{%
3495   \printfield[default]{title}%
3496   \newunit\newblock
3497   \printfield{type}%
3498   \setunit{\addspace}%
3499   \iffieldundef{series}{}{%
3500     \printtext[parens]{%
3501       \bibstring{jourser}\space
3502       \printfield{series}}}%
3503   \setunit{\addspace}%
3504   \printfield{volume}%
3505   \setunit{\addcomma\space}%
3506   \usebibmacro{hansard-ref}%
3507   \setunit{\addspace}%
3508   \iffieldundef{year}{}{%
3509     \printtext[parens]{\usebibmacro{date}}}%
3510   \togglfalse{blx@ox@enopostnotedelim}}
3511 \newbibmacro*{hansard-ref}{%
3512   \iffieldundef{postnote}{%
3513     \iffieldundef{pages}{}{%
3514       \printfield{pages}}%
3515   }{}%
3516 \newbibmacro{treatycitation}{%
3517   \printfield[default]{title}%
3518   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock%
3519   \printlist[treaty]{institution}
3520   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3521   \usebibmacro{treatyinfo}%
3522   \setunit{\addspace}\newblock
3523   \usebibmacro{treaty:year+vol+report}}
3524 \newbibmacro{treatyinfo}{%
3525   \iflistundef{lista}{% execution
3526     \iffieldundef{year}{}{%
3527       \iffieldundef{volume}{}{%
3528         \printtext[parens]{\printdate}}}%
3529   }{%
3530     \printtext[parens]{\printlist[treatydates]{lista}}}}
3531 \newbibmacro{treaty:year+vol+report}{%
3532   \iffieldequals{journaltitle}{\officialjournaltitle}{%
3533     \usebibmacro{eulegref}%

```

```

3534 }{%
3535   \usebibmacro{treaty:date}%
3536   \setunit{\addspace}%
3537   \printfield[default]{volume}%
3538   \setunit{\addspace}%
3539   \printfield{journaltitle}%
3540   \setunit*\addspace}%
3541   \iffieldundef{series}{}{%
3542     \setunit{\addspace}%
3543     \printfield{series}%
3544     \setunit{\addspace}}%
3545   \printfield{pages}}}%
3546 \newbibmacro*{treaty:date}{%
3547   \ifboolexpr{
3548     test {\iffieldundef{volume}}
3549     or
3550     bool {bbx@year-essential}
3551   }{%
3552     \ifboolexpr{
3553       test {\ifkeyword{sc}}
3554       or
3555       test {\iftoggle{bbx:scotstyle}}
3556     }{%
3557       \printfield{year}%
3558     }{%
3559       \printfield[brackets]{year}%
3560     }}}

```

We don't really deal with commentaries as distinct from books.

```

3561 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{commentary}{book}

```

2.1.16 MANUSCRIPTS

In the spirit of compatibility, this code is adapted from biblatex-manuscripts-philology by Maïeul Rouquette.

Here are the additional punctuation commands.

```

3562 \newcommand{\locationlibrarypunct}{\addcomma\addspace}
3563 \newcommand{\collectionshelfmarkpunct}{\addspace}
3564 \newcommand{\datingpagespunct}{\addcomma\addspace}
3565 \newcommand{\librarycollectionpunct}{\addcomma\addspace}
3566 \newcommand{\pagetotalpagespunct}{\addcomma\addspace}
3567 \newcommand{\columnslayerpunct}{\addsemicolon\addspace}%

```

Here are the configurable macros for the two sides of a folio.

```

3568 \def\recto{r}
3569 \def\verso{v}
3570 \NumCheckSetup{\def\recto{}}\def\verso{}}

```

Here are some special field formats for the manuscript driver. Note that the title is transformed into a descriptor by means of an annotation, rather than using a dedicated field. This greatly simplifies the code used elsewhere.

```

3571 \DeclareFieldFormat[manuscript,unpublished]{title}{%
3572   \def\currentfield{title}%

```

```

3573     \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
3574     \undef\currentfield}
3575 \DeclareFieldFormat{columns+layer}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
3576 \DeclareFieldFormat{columns}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
3577 \DeclareFieldFormat{layer}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
3578 \DeclareFieldFormat{dating}{#1\isdot}%
3579 \DeclareFieldFormat{support}{\ifbibstring{#1}{\bibstring{#1}}{#1}}

```

Here are the unique bibmacros used by the manuscripts driver. We hide the date if there is no author or title to prevent it appearing as the first element in the reference. Similarly, we hide the (vague) dating field if the (exact) date is displayed.

```

3580 \newbibmacro{manuscript:date}{%
3581   \ifboolexpr{
3582     test {\ifnameundef{author}}
3583     and
3584     test {\iffieldundef{title}}
3585     and
3586     test {\iffieldundef{label}}
3587   }{\usebibmacro{date}}
3588 \newbibmacro{dating}{%
3589   \ifboolexpr{(
3590     test {\ifnameundef{author}}
3591     and
3592     test {\iffieldundef{title}}
3593     and
3594     test {\iffieldundef{label}}
3595   ) or
3596     test {\iffieldundef{year}}
3597 }{%
3598   \printfield{dating}%
3599 }{}}

```

We follow the structure of the biblatex-manuscripts-philology approach to allow special formatting to be applied to the collection and shelfmark, but we do not actually apply any.

```

3600 \newbibmacro{location+library+collection+shelfmark}{%
3601   \printfield{library}%
3602   \setunit{\locationlibrarypunct}%
3603   \printlist{location}%
3604   \setunit{\librarycollectionpunct}%
3605   \usebibmacro{collection+shelfmark}}
3606 \newbibmacro{collection+shelfmark}{%
3607   \ifboolexpr{
3608     test {\iffieldundef{collection}}
3609     and
3610     test {\iffieldundef{shelfmark}}
3611   }{\%
3612     \printtext[collection+shelfmark]{%
3613       \printfield{collection}%
3614       \setunit*\collectionshelfmarkpunct}%
3615     \printfield{shelfmark}}}}

```

Again, following biblatex-manuscripts-philology, we allow different formatting to be applied to columns and layers according to whether they occur adjacently or not, as they might be separated by a page specification.

```

3616 \newbibmacro{manuscript:pages}{%
3617   \printfield{pagetotal}%

```

```

3618     \setunit{\addspace}%
3619     \iffielddundef{pages}{%
3620       \usebibmacro{manuscript:columns+layer}%
3621     }{%
3622       \usebibmacro{manuscript:columns}%
3623       \setunit{\pagetotalpagespunct}%
3624       \printfield{pages}%
3625       \setunit{\addspace}%
3626       \usebibmacro{manuscript:layer}}}
3627 \newbibmacro{manuscript:columns}{%
3628   \iffielddundef{columns}{}%
3629   \printtext[columns]{\bibstring{\strfield{columns}column}}}%
3630 }%
3631 \newbibmacro{manuscript:layer}{%
3632   \iffielddundef{layer}{}%
3633   \printtext[layer]{\bibstring{\strfield{layer}layer}}}%
3634 }%
3635 \newbibmacro{manuscript:columns+layer}{%
3636   \ifboolexpr{
3637     test {\iffielddundef{columns}}
3638     or
3639     test{\iffielddundef{layer}}
3640   }{%
3641     \usebibmacro{manuscript:columns}%
3642     \usebibmacro{manuscript:layer}%
3643   }{%
3644     \printtext[columns+layer]{%
3645       \bibstring{\strfield{columns}column}%
3646       \setunit*\columnslayerpunct}%
3647     \bibstring{\strfield{layer}layer}}}%

```

Putting it all together, here is the manuscript driver.

```

3648 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{manuscript}{%
3649   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
3650   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
3651   \usebibmacro{author}%
3652   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
3653   \usebibmacro{title}%
3654   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
3655   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
3656   \newunit\newblock
3657   \printfield{howpublished}%
3658   \newunit\newblock
3659   \printfield{note}%
3660   \newunit\newblock
3661   \usebibmacro{manuscript:date}%
3662   \newunit\newblock
3663   \usebibmacro{location+library+collection+shelfmark}%
3664   \newunit
3665   \printfield{support}%
3666   \newunit
3667   \usebibmacro{dating}%
3668   \setunit{\datingpagespunct}
3669   \usebibmacro{manuscript:pages}
3670   \newunit\newblock%
3671   \iftoggle{bbx:url}{%
3672     \usebibmacro{url+urldate}%
3673   }{}%
3674   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
3675   \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%

```

```

3676     \usebibmacro{related:init}%
3677     \usebibmacro{related}%
3678   }{}%
3679     \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

We provide an alternative bibmacro for doing much the same but with the regular biblatex fields.

```

3680 \newbibmacro*{library+location+series+number}{%
3681   \printfield{library}%
3682   \setunit{\locationlibrarypunct}%
3683   \printlist{location}%
3684   \setunit{\librarycollectionpunct}%
3685   \ifboolexpr{
3686     test {\iffieldundef{series}}
3687     and
3688     test {\iffieldundef{number}}
3689   }{}%
3690   \printtext[collection+shelfmark]{%
3691     \printfield{series}%
3692     \setunit*{\collectionshelfmarkpunct}%
3693     \printfield{number}}}}

```

Lastly, we adapt the unpublished driver to allow it to do a similar thing but with the regular biblatex fields. The presence of the library field is what triggers ‘manuscript mode’.

```

3694 \newtoggle{blx@ox@ms}
3695 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{unpublished}{%
3696   \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
3697   \usebibmacro{begentry}%
3698   \iffieldundef{library}{\togglefalse{blx@ox@ms}}{\toggletrue{blx@ox@ms}}%
3699   \usebibmacro{author}%
3700   \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
3701   \usebibmacro{title}%
3702   \setunit{\titlebyauthordelim}\newblock
3703   \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
3704   \newunit\newblock
3705   \printfield{note}%
3706   \newunit\newblock
3707   \printfield{howpublished}%
3708   \newunit\newblock
3709   \iftoggle{blx@ox@ms}{%
3710     \usebibmacro{manuscript:date}%
3711     \newunit\newblock
3712     \usebibmacro{library+location+series+number}%
3713     \newunit
3714     \printfield{support}%
3715     \newunit
3716     \usebibmacro{dating}%
3717     \setunit{\datingpagespunct}
3718     \usebibmacro{manuscript:pages}
3719   }{%
3720     \usebibmacro{location+date}%
3721   }%
3722   \newunit\newblock
3723   \iftoggle{bbx:url}
3724     {\usebibmacro{url+urldate}}
3725     {}%
3726   \newunit\newblock
3727   \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
3728   \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
3729   \usebibmacro{pageref}%

```

```

3730 \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
3731 \iftoggle{bbx:related}
3732   {\usebibmacro{related:init}%
3733   \usebibmacro{related}}
3734   {}%
3735 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

2.1.17 LETTERS

The driver for letters is similar to the one for other unpublished materials.

```

3736 \DeclareBibliographyAlias{letter}{unpublished}
3737 \DeclareFieldFormat[letter]{title}{%
3738   \def\currentfield{title}%
3739   \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{\mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
3740   \undef\currentfield}
3741 \DeclareFieldFormat[letter]{date}{%
3742   \iffieldundef{url}{#1}{\mkbibparens{#1}}}

```

2.1.18 RELATED ENTRIES

We make the punctuation before related items configurable in remaining drivers inherited from the standard style.

```

3743 \xpatchbibdriver{booklet}{%
3744   \newunit\newblock
3745   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
3746 }{%
3747   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
3748   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
3749 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch booklet}}
3750 \xpatchbibdriver{misc}{%
3751   \newunit\newblock
3752   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
3753 }{%
3754   \setunit{\relatedtypepunct}\newblock
3755   \iftoggle{bbx:related}
3756 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch misc}}

```

We provide an option for setting the relatedtype punctuation.

```

3757 \DeclareBibliographyOption[string]{relationpunct}[semicolon]{%
3758   \ifcsdef{add#1}{%
3759     \ifstrequal{#1}{space}{%
3760       \renewcommand*{\relatedtypepunct}{\addspace}%
3761     }{%
3762       \renewcommand*{\relatedtypepunct}{\csuse{add#1}\space}}%
3763 }{%
3764   \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}{%
3765     Invalid option 'relationpunct=#1'%
3766   }{%
3767     Valid values are 'dot', 'comma', 'semicolon', 'colon',\MessageBreak
3768     'period', 'exclam', 'question', and 'space'.}}%
3769 \DeclareTypeOption[string]{relationpunct}[semicolon]{%
3770   \ifcsdef{add#1}{%
3771     \ifstrequal{#1}{space}{%
3772       \renewcommand*{\relatedtypepunct}{\addspace}%
3773     }{%

```

```

3774     \renewcommand*{\relatedtypepunct}{\csuse{add#1}\space}}%
3775 }{%
3776   \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}{%
3777     Invalid option 'relationpunct=#1'%
3778   }{%
3779     Valid values are 'dot', 'comma', 'semicolon', 'colon',\MessageBreak
3780     'period', 'exclam', 'question', and 'space'.}}%
3781 \newtoggle{blx@ox@relpunctset}
3782 \DeclareEntryOption[string]{relationpunct}[semicolon]{%
3783   \ifcsdef{add#1}{%
3784     \ifstrequal{#1}{space}{%
3785       \renewcommand*{\relatedtypepunct}{\addspace}}%
3786     }{%
3787       \renewcommand*{\relatedtypepunct}{\csuse{add#1}\space}}%
3788     \toggletrue{blx@ox@relpunctset}
3789   }{%
3790     \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}{%
3791       Invalid option 'relationpunct=#1'%
3792     }{%
3793       Valid values are 'dot', 'comma', 'semicolon', 'colon',\MessageBreak
3794       'period', 'exclam', 'question', and 'space'.}}%
3795 \newcounter{blx@ox@relitem}
3796 \xapptobibmacro{begrelated}{%
3797   \setcounter{blx@ox@relitem}{0}%
3798   \iftoggle{blx@ox@relpunctset}{%
3799     \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{in}{%
3800       \setunit{\addcomma\space}}}%
3801   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{reprintfrom}{%
3802     \setunit{\addperiod\space}}}%
3803   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{translationof}{%
3804     \setunit{\addspace}}}%
3805   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}{%
3806     \setunit{\addcomma\space}}}%
3807 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to append to begrelated}}
3808 \DeclareDelimFormat{relateddelimmultivolume}{\newunitpunct}
3809 \DeclareDelimFormat{begrelateddelimmultivolume}{\newunitpunct}

```

Translations

Where related item is the translation, the related string is prefaced with the language.

```

3810 \newbibmacro*{rellanguage}{%
3811   \def\do##1{%
3812     \entrydata{##1}{%
3813       \printlist{language}}}%
3814   \docsvfield{related}%
3815 }
3816 \DeclareFieldFormat{relatedstring:translationof}{%
3817   \usebibmacro{rellanguage}\space
3818   \bibstring{original}\addcomma\space}
3819
3820 \DeclareFieldFormat{related:translationof}{%
3821   \mkbibbrackets{#1}}

```

Co-publications

This relation simply prints what would go in the publication block.

```

3822 \newbibmacro*{related:copub}[1]{%
3823 \entrydata*{#1}{%
3824 \usebibmacro{publisher+location+date}%
3825 \setunit{\relateddelim}}}

```

Reprints

The standard styles define a special driver for the reprintfrom relation. For oxref, the standard generic driver is sufficient, so this code reverts the specialization.

```

3826 \renewbibmacro*{related:reprintfrom}[1]{%
3827 \entrydata*{#1}{%
3828 \nopunct
3829 \usedriver{%
3830 \ifnameundef{savedauthor}{%
3831 \ifnameundef{savededitor}{}{%
3832 \ifnameequal{editor}{savededitor}{%
3833 \clearname{editor}%
3834 }{}%
3835 }{%
3836 \ifnameequal{author}{savedauthor}{%
3837 \clearname{author}%
3838 }{}%
3839 \iffieldundef{savedtitle}{}{%
3840 \iffieldsequal{savedtitle}{title}{%
3841 \clearfield{title}%
3842 }{}%
3843 \renewbibmacro*{related:init}{}%
3844 \DeclareNameAlias{sortname}{default}%
3845 \ifbibmacroundef{date+extradate}{}{%
3846 \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{}%
3847 \renewbibmacro*{date}{\printdate}%
3848 \renewbibmacro*{pageref}{}%
3849 }%
3850 \thefield{entrytype}}}}

```

Articles that span issues

If an article spans several issues of a journal, we print the second reference after the first, omitting any information in common.

```

3851 \newbibmacro*{related:serialarticle}[1]{%
3852 \entrydata*{#1}{%
3853 \iffieldundef{savedjournaltitle}{}{%
3854 \iffieldsequal{journaltitle}{savedjournaltitle}{%
3855 \clearfield{journaltitle}%
3856 }{}%
3857 \iffieldundef{savedjournalsubtitle}{}{%
3858 \iffieldsequal{journalsubtitle}{savedjournalsubtitle}{%
3859 \clearfield{journalsubtitle}%
3860 }{}%
3861 \iffieldundef{savedseries}{}{%
3862 \iffieldsequal{series}{savedseries}{%
3863 \clearfield{series}%
3864 }{}%
3865 \iffieldundef{savedyear}{\clearfield{year}}{
3866 \iffieldsequal{year}{savedyear}{%
3867 \clearfield{year}%
3868 }{}%

```

```

3869     \usebibmacro{journal+issuetitle}%
3870     \newunit
3871     \usebibmacro{note+pages}%
3872     \newunit\newblock
3873     \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
3874     \newunit\newblock
3875     \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}}}

```

Reviews

We ensure that the field formatting for review entries matches that for article entries.

```

3876     \DeclareFieldFormat[review]{title}{\mkbibquote{#1}\isdot}
3877     \DeclareFieldFormat[review]{volume}{#1}% volume of a journal
3878     \DeclareFieldFormat[review]{number}{#1}% number of a journal
3879     \DeclareFieldFormat[review]{series}{% series of a journal
3880       \ifinteger{#1}
3881       {\mkbibordseries{#1}~\bibstring{jourser}}
3882       {\ifbibstring{#1}{\bibstring{#1}}{#1}}}

```

We take advantage of the Biber-specific mechanism of relating items in order to handle reviews. Compared to the default code, this is simpler in that we don't check for repeated authors/editors (it would be a rather biased review!), we directly set the author format, and we don't nullify the `date+extradate` macro.

```

3883     \newbibmacro*{related:reviewof}[1]{%
3884       \entrydata*{#1}{%
3885         \usedriver{%
3886           \renewbibmacro*{related:init}{}%
3887           \DeclareNameAlias{author}{given-family}%
3888           \renewbibmacro*{pageref}{}%
3889           }{\thefield{entrytype}}%
3890         }%
3891       }

```

Since a review is a special kind of journal article, the review driver is based on the article one, the difference being that the `related` macro comes just before `journal+issuetitle`. Oxford style links the two with 'in'.

```

3892     \DeclareBibliographyDriver{review}{%
3893       \usebibmacro{bibindex}%
3894       \usebibmacro{begentry}%
3895       \usebibmacro{author/translator+others}%
3896       \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
3897       \usebibmacro{title}%
3898       \setunit{\titlebyauthor}\newblock
3899       \usebibmacro{byauthor}%
3900       \newunit\newblock
3901       \usebibmacro{bytranslator+others}%
3902       \newunit\newblock
3903       \printfield{version}%
3904       \newunit\newblock
3905       \iftoggle{bbx:related}{%
3906         \usebibmacro{related:init}%
3907         \usebibmacro{related}%
3908       }{}%
3909       \newunit\newblock
3910       \usebibmacro{in:}%
3911       \setunit{\addspace}%

```

```

3912 \usebibmacro{journal+issuetitle}%
3913 \newunit
3914 \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
3915 \iffieldundef{note}%
3916   {\newunit}%
3917   {\setunit{\addsemicolon\addspace}}%
3918 \usebibmacro{note+pages}%
3919 \newunit\newblock
3920 \iftoggle{bbx:isbn}
3921   {\printfield{issn}}
3922   {}%
3923 \newunit\newblock
3924 \usebibmacro{doi+eprint+url}%
3925 \newunit\newblock
3926 \usebibmacro{addendum+pubstate}%
3927 \setunit{\bibpagerefpunct}\newblock
3928 \usebibmacro{pageref}%
3929 \usebibmacro{finentry}}

```

Multiple volumes

Standard biblatex provides the `multivolume` relation for different volumes of the same work that have slightly different publication details, but it doesn't quite work for Oxford style. This works better.

```

3930 \DeclareFieldFormat{related:multivolume}{#1}
3931 \renewbibmacro*{related:multivolume}[1]{%
3932   \entrydata*{#1}{%
3933     \printtext{%
3934       \printfield{volume}%
3935       \printfield{part}%
3936       \iffieldsequal{savedtitle}{title}{}{%
3937         \setunit{\addcolon\space}%
3938         \usebibmacro{title}}%
3939     }%
3940     \setunit*{\addspace}%
3941     \iffieldsequal{savedseries}{series}{\clearfield{series}}{}%
3942     \iffieldsequal{savednumber}{number}{\clearfield{number}}{}%
3943     \iffieldsequal{savededition}{edition}{\clearfield{edition}}{}%
3944     \ifboolexpr{
3945       test {\iflistsequal{savedpublisher}{publisher}}
3946       and
3947       test {\iflistsequal{savedlocation}{location}}
3948     }{\clearlist{publisher}\clearlist{location}}{}%
3949     \iffieldsequal{saveddate}{date}{\clearfield{date}}{}%
3950     \usebibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}%
3951   }}

```

Related editions

This macro is based on the 'bytranslator' one, but more general. Note that `\mkrelatedstringtext` was introduced in biblatex v3.16, so we backport it if an earlier version is used.

```

3952 \providecommand*\mkrelatedstringtext[1]{{{ \mainlang #1 }}}
3953 \newbibmacro*{related:editedas}[1]{%
3954   \entrydata{#1}{%
3955     \renewbibmacro*{name:hook}[1]{%
3956       \ifnumequal{value{listcount}}{1}
3957         {\mkrelatedstringtext{\ltx@initnamehook{#1}}}

```

```

3958     {}}%
3959     \printfield{edition}%
3960     \setunit{\addspace}%
3961     \usebibmacro{byeditor+others}%
3962     \setunit*{\addcomma\space\bibstring[\mkrelatedstringtext]{astitle}\space}%
3963     \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
3964     \setunit{\addspace}%
3965     \printfield{note}%
3966     \newunit\newblock
3967     \printfield{volumes}%
3968     \newunit
3969     \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}}}}
3970 \renewbibmacro*{related:bytranslator}[1]{%
3971 \entrydata{#1}{%
3972 \renewbibmacro*{name:hook}[1]{%
3973 \ifnumequal{\value{Listcount}}{1}
3974 {\mkrelatedstringtext{\ltx@initnamehook{#1}}}
3975 {}}%
3976 \printnames[bytranslator]{translator}%
3977 \setunit*{\addspace\bibstring[\mkrelatedstringtext]{astitle}\space}%
3978 \usebibmacro{maintitle+title}%
3979 \setunit{\addspace}%
3980 \printfield{note}%
3981 \newunit\newblock
3982 \printfield{volumes}%
3983 \newunit
3984 \usebibmacro{series+number+publisher+location+date}}}}

```

Joint releases

We provide support for CDs (for example) which contain more than one work.

```

3985 \newbibmacro*{related:includes}[1]{%
3986 \stepcounter{blx@ox@relicitem}%
3987 \ifnumequal{\value{blx@ox@relicitem}}{\value{bbx:relatedtotal}}%
3988 {\bibstring{and}\addspace}{}%
3989 \entrydata{#1}{%
3990 \ifbibmacroundef{date+extradate}}{%
3991 \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}}}%
3992 \usebibmacro{author}%
3993 \setunit{\printdelim{nametitledelim}}\newblock
3994 \usebibmacro{title}}

```

Subitems

We provide support for items in items in items. The outer two layers should be taken care of with an incollection entry or equivalent. The innermost item should be a misc entry. While we're at it, we provide descriptor support for misc entries.

```

3995 \DeclareFieldFormat[misc]{title}{%
3996 \def\currentfield{title}%
3997 \iffieldannotation{descriptor}{#1}{%
3998 \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{in}{%
3999 \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}%
4000 }{%
4001 \mkbibemph{#1}%
4002 }%
4003 \undef\currentfield}
4004 \newbibmacro*{related:in}[1]{%

```

```

4005 \entrydata*{#1}{%
4006   \usedriver
4007     {\ifnameundef{savedauthor}
4008       {\ifnameundef{savededitor}
4009         {}
4010         {\ifnameequal{editor}{savededitor}
4011           {\cleurname{editor}}
4012           {}}}
4013       {\ifnameequal{author}{savedauthor}
4014         {\cleurname{author}}
4015         {}}}%
4016 \renewbibmacro*{related:init}{}%
4017 \DeclareNameAlias{sortname}{default}%
4018 \ifbibmacroundef{date+extradate}
4019   {}
4020   {\renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{}%
4021     \renewbibmacro*{date}{\printdate}}%
4022 \renewbibmacro*{pageref}{}
4023 {\thefield{entrytype}}%
4024 \ifboolexpr{
4025   test {\iffieldundef{pages}}
4026   or
4027   test {\iffieldundef{savedpages}}
4028 }{%
4029   \newunit\newblock
4030 }%
4031 \setunit{\addspace}%
4032 \bibstring{thiscite}%
4033 \printunit{\addspace}%
4034 }%
4035 }%
4036 \usebibmacro{chapter+pages}%
4037 }

```

2.1.19 SOURCE MAPS

We use the source mapping capabilities of Biber to fix the following issues.

```

4038 \DeclareStyleSourceMap{%
4039   \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%

```

Sort order

proceedings and mvproceedings entries allow an organization to be printed in the author position.

```

4040   \map{
4041     \pertype{proceedings}
4042     \pertype{mvproceedings}
4043     \step[notfield=author,
4044           fieldsource=organization,
4045           fieldtarget=author]
4046   }

```

Descriptors

This map provides a helpful descriptor field that can simplify the provision of descriptors, being notes that can act as titles.

```

4047 \map[overwrite=false]{
4048   \step[fieldsource=descriptor, final]
4049   \step[notfield=title,
4050     fieldset=title+an,
4051     fieldvalue={=descriptor}]
4052   \step[notfield=title,
4053     fieldsource=descriptor,
4054     fieldtarget=title]
4055   \step[fieldsource=descriptor,
4056     fieldtarget=note]
4057 }

```

Pseudonyms and inferred authorship

These help ensure compatibility with biblatex-realauthor.

```

4058 \map[overwrite=false]{
4059   \step[fieldsource=realauthor, final]
4060   \step[notfield=author,
4061     fieldset=author+an,
4062     fieldvalue={=inferred}]
4063   \step[notfield=author,
4064     fieldsource=realauthor,
4065     fieldtarget=author]
4066   \step[fieldsource=realauthor,
4067     fieldtarget=authoraddon]
4068 }
4069 \map[overwrite=false]{
4070   \step[fieldsource=realeditor, final]
4071   \step[notfield=editor,
4072     fieldset=editor+an,
4073     fieldvalue={=inferred}]
4074   \step[notfield=editor,
4075     fieldsource=realeditor,
4076     fieldtarget=editor]
4077   \step[fieldsource=realeditor,
4078     fieldtarget=editoraddon]
4079 }

```

Editors as joint authors

This map provides a more portable interface for declaring a translator or revisor to be a joint author.

```

4080 \map[overwrite=false]{
4081   \step[fieldsource=editor+an,
4082     match=\regexp{=jointauthor},
4083     final]
4084   \step[fieldsource=editor,
4085     fieldtarget=jointauthor]
4086   \step[fieldsource=editortype,
4087     fieldtarget=jointauthortype]
4088 }
4089 \map[overwrite=false]{
4090   \step[fieldsource=translator+an,
4091     match=\regexp{=jointauthor},
4092     final]
4093   \step[fieldsource=translator,
4094     fieldtarget=jointauthor]

```

```

4095     \step[fieldset=jointauthortype,
4096           fieldvalue={=translator}]
4097   }

```

Standards

The purpose of this map is to move the number to the head of the reference in the absence of an author, and try to fix the sorting accordingly.

```

4098     \map[overwrite=false]{
4099       \pertype{standard}
4100       \step[notfield=author,
4101             fieldsource=number,
4102             final]
4103       \step[fieldset=sortkey,
4104             origfieldval]
4105     }

```

Audiovisual materials

For audiovisual materials, origdatetype defaults to ‘recorded’.

```

4106     \map[overwrite=false]{
4107       \pertype{audio}
4108       \pertype{music}
4109       \pertype{movie}
4110       \pertype{video}
4111       \pertype{inaudio}
4112       \pertype{inmusic}
4113       \pertype{inmovie}
4114       \pertype{invideo}
4115       \step[fieldset=origdatetype, fieldvalue={recorded}]
4116     }

```

Legal references

These help ensure compatibility with oscola.

```

4117     \map[overwrite=false]{
4118       \pertype{jurisdiction}
4119       \step[fieldsource=reporter,
4120             fieldtarget=journaltitle]
4121       \step[fieldsource=court,
4122             fieldtarget=institution]
4123       \step[fieldsource=additionalreports,
4124             fieldtarget=listb]
4125       \step[fieldsource=ecli,
4126             fieldtarget=verba]
4127     }%
4128     \map[overwrite=false]{
4129       \pertype{legal}
4130       \step[fieldsource=reporter,
4131             fieldtarget=journaltitle]
4132     }
4133     \map[overwrite=true]{
4134       \pertype{legal}
4135       \step[fieldsource=parties,
4136             fieldtarget=institution]

```

```

4137     \step[fieldsource=execution,
4138           fieldtarget=lista]
4139   }

```

This is how oscola removes dots from entries.

```

4140 \map[overwrite=true]{
4141   \pertype{jurisdiction}
4142   \pertype{legislation}
4143   \pertype{legal}
4144   \step[fieldsource=title,
4145         match=\regexp{(d)\.(\d)},
4146         replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4147   \step[fieldsource=title,
4148         match=\regexp{(D)\.(\d)},
4149         replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4150   \step[fieldsource=title,
4151         match=\regexp{\.(\D)},
4152         replace=\regexp{$1}]
4153   \step [fieldsource=title,
4154         match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4155         replace=\regexp{$1}]
4156   \step[fieldsource=shorttitle,
4157         match=\regexp{(d)\.(\d)},
4158         replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4159   \step[fieldsource=shorttitle,
4160         match=\regexp{(D)\.(\d)},
4161         replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4162   \step[fieldsource=shorttitle,
4163         match=\regexp{\.(\D)},
4164         replace=\regexp{$1}]
4165   \step [fieldsource=shorttitle,
4166         match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4167         replace=\regexp{$1}]
4168   \step[fieldsource=parreporter,
4169         match=\regexp{(d)\.(\d)},
4170         replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4171   \step[fieldsource=parreporter,
4172         match=\regexp{(D)\.(\d)},
4173         replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4174   \step[fieldsource=parreporter,
4175         match=\regexp{\.(\D)},
4176         replace=\regexp{$1}]
4177   \step [fieldsource=parreporter,
4178         match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4179         replace=\regexp{$1}]
4180   \step[fieldsource=journaltitle,
4181         match=\regexp{(d)\.(\d)},
4182         replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4183   \step[fieldsource=journaltitle,
4184         match=\regexp{(D)\.(\d)},
4185         replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4186   \step[fieldsource=journaltitle,
4187         match=\regexp{\.(\D)},
4188         replace=\regexp{$1}]
4189   \step [fieldsource=journaltitle,
4190         match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4191         replace=\regexp{$1}]
4192   \step[fieldsource=institution,
4193         match=\regexp{(d)\.(\d)},
4194         replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]

```

```

4195     \step[fieldsource=institution,
4196           match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4197           replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4198     \step[fieldsource=institution,
4199           match=\regexp{\.(\D)},
4200           replace=\regexp{$1}]
4201     \step[fieldsource=institution,
4202           match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4203           replace=\regexp{$1}]
4204     \step[fieldsource=publisher,
4205           match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4206           replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4207     \step[fieldsource=publisher,
4208           match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4209           replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4210     \step[fieldsource=publisher,
4211           match=\regexp{\.(\D)},
4212           replace=\regexp{$1}]
4213     \step [fieldsource=publisher,
4214           match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4215           replace=\regexp{$1}]
4216     \step[fieldsource=location,
4217           match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4218           replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4219     \step[fieldsource=location,
4220           match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4221           replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4222     \step[fieldsource=location,
4223           match=\regexp{\.(\D)},
4224           replace=\regexp{$1}]
4225     \step [fieldsource=location,
4226           match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4227           replace=\regexp{$1}]
4228     \step[fieldsource=series,
4229           match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4230           replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4231     \step[fieldsource=series,
4232           match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4233           replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4234     \step[fieldsource=series,
4235           match=\regexp{\.(\D)},
4236           replace=\regexp{$1}]
4237     \step [fieldsource=series,
4238           match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4239           replace=\regexp{$1}]
4240     \step[fieldsource=indextitle,
4241           match=\regexp{(\d)\.(\d)},
4242           replace=\regexp{$1.$2}]
4243     \step[fieldsource=indextitle,
4244           match=\regexp{(\D)\.(\d)},
4245           replace=\regexp{$1 $2}]
4246     \step[fieldsource=indextitle,
4247           match=\regexp{\.(\D)},
4248           replace=\regexp{$1}]
4249     \step [fieldsource=indextitle,
4250           match=\regexp{(\D)\.},
4251           replace=\regexp{$1}]
4252 }

```

If casenumber is given, it is converted to number or, if the number is already set, userb.

```

4253     \map[overwrite=false]{
4254         \step[fieldsource=casnumber, final]
4255         \step[notfield=number, fieldsource=casnumber, fieldtarget=number]
4256         \step[fieldsource=casnumber, fieldtarget=userb]
4257     }
4258 }%
4259 }

```

2.1.20 SORTING SCHEMES

We adjust the sort order to take into account some other fields that might end up at the front (library, collection, series).

```

4260 \DeclareSortingTemplate{nty}{
4261     \sort{
4262         \field{presort}
4263     }
4264     \sort[final]{
4265         \field{sortkey}
4266     }
4267     \sort{
4268         \field{sortname}
4269         \field{author}
4270         \field{editor}
4271         \field{translator}
4272         \field{sorttitle}
4273         \field{title}
4274         \field{library}
4275     }
4276     \sort{
4277         \field{sorttitle}
4278         \field{title}
4279     }
4280     \sort{
4281         \field{sortyear}
4282         \field{year}
4283     }
4284     \sort{
4285         \field{volume}
4286         \literal{0}
4287     }
4288     \sort{
4289         \field{location}
4290     }
4291     \sort{
4292         \field{collection}
4293         \field{series}
4294     }
4295 }
4296
4297 \DeclareSortingTemplate{nyt}{
4298     \sort{
4299         \field{presort}
4300     }
4301     \sort[final]{
4302         \field{sortkey}
4303     }
4304     \sort{
4305         \field{sortname}
4306         \field{author}

```

```
4307     \field{editor}
4308     \field{translator}
4309     \field{sorttitle}
4310     \field{title}
4311     \field{library}
4312   }
4313   \sort{
4314     \field{sortyear}
4315     \field{year}
4316   }
4317   \sort{
4318     \field{sorttitle}
4319     \field{title}
4320   }
4321   \sort{
4322     \field{volume}
4323     \literal{0}
4324   }
4325   \sort{
4326     \field{location}
4327   }
4328   \sort{
4329     \field{collection}
4330     \field{series}
4331   }
4332 }
4333
4334 \DeclareSortingTemplate{anyt}{
4335   \sort{
4336     \field{presort}
4337   }
4338   \sort{
4339     \field{labelalpha}
4340   }
4341   \sort[final]{
4342     \field{sortkey}
4343   }
4344   \sort{
4345     \field{sortname}
4346     \field{author}
4347     \field{editor}
4348     \field{translator}
4349     \field{sorttitle}
4350     \field{title}
4351     \field{library}
4352   }
4353   \sort{
4354     \field{sortyear}
4355     \field{year}
4356   }
4357   \sort{
4358     \field{sorttitle}
4359     \field{title}
4360   }
4361   \sort{
4362     \field{volume}
4363     \literal{0}
4364   }
4365   \sort{
4366     \field{location}
4367   }
4368   \sort{
```

```

4369     \field{collection}
4370     \field{series}
4371   }
4372 }

```

The following entry types never put editors first.

```

4373 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions
4374   [proceedings,report,artwork,audio,image,music,movie,performance,video,%
4375   manuscript,unpublished,review]{useeditor=false}

```

2.2 Notes style: oxnotes.bbx

2.2.1 PRELIMINARIES

First we load the common oxref features.

```

20 \RequireBibliographyStyle{oxref}

```

2.2.2 NAMES

We apply our special name format to names likely to appear at the start of an entry.

```

21 \DeclareNameAlias{author}{bib-family-given/cite-given-family}
22 \DeclareNameAlias[related:reviewof]{author}{given-family}
23 \DeclareNameAlias{editor}{bib-family-given/cite-given-family}
24 \DeclareNameAlias[related:reviewof]{editor}{given-family}

```

We ensure the printing of the anon localization string matches.

```

25 \xpatchbibmacro{author}{%
26   \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
27 }{%
28   \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{%
29     \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{\bibcpsstring[\textsc]{anon}}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}%
30   }{%
31     \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{\bibcplstring[\textsc]{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
32   }%
33 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxnotes) failed to patch author}}

```

2.2.3 MULTIVOLUME DATES

For the very particular use case of breaking down multivolume works into their constituent volumes, we remove the overall date, assuming that the individual volume dates will be used instead.

```

34 \xpretobibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}{%
35   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}{%
36     \clearfield{year}\clearfield{month}\clearfield{day}%
37   }{}{}

```

2.2.4 SOURCE MAPS

```
38 \DeclareStyleSourceMap{%
39   \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%
```

Sort order

For entry types that print the maintitle and volume before the title, we need to make sure this is reflected in the sort order.

```
40   \map{
41     \pertype{mvbook}
42     \pertype{mvcollection}
43     \pertype{mvreference}
44     \pertype{proceedings}
45     \pertype{mvproceedings}
46     \pertype{report}
47     \step[fieldsource=maintitle]%
48     \step[fieldset=sorttitle, origfieldval]%
49     \step[fieldsource=volume]%
50     \step[fieldset=sorttitle, append, origfieldval]%
51     \step[fieldsource=title]%
52     \step[fieldset=sorttitle, append, origfieldval]%
53   }%
54 }%
55 }
```

2.3 Numeric style: oxnum.bbx

2.3.1 PRELIMINARIES

First we load the common oxref features.

```
20 \RequireBibliographyStyle{oxref}
```

2.3.2 NAMES

We apply our special name format to names likely to appear at the start of an entry.

```
21 \DeclareNameAlias{author}{bib-family-given/cite-given-family}
22 \DeclareNameAlias[related:reviewof]{author}{given-family}
23 \DeclareNameAlias{editor}{bib-family-given/cite-given-family}
24 \DeclareNameAlias[related:reviewof]{editor}{given-family}
```

We ensure the printing of the anon localization string matches.

```
25 \xpatchbibmacro{author}{%
26   \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
27 }{%
28   \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{%
29     \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{\bibcpsstring[\textsc]{anon}}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}%
30   }{%
31     \iftoggle{blx@ox@scnames}{\bibcplstring[\textsc]{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
32   }%
33 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxnum) failed to patch author}}
```

2.3.3 MULTIVOLUME DATES

For the very particular use case of breaking down multivolume works into their constituent volumes, we remove the overall date, assuming that the individual volume dates will be used instead.

```

34 \xpretobibmacro{series+number+edition+publisher+location+date}{%
35 \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{multivolume}{%
36 \clearfield{year}\clearfield{month}\clearfield{day}%
37 }{}{}{}

```

2.3.4 LABEL NUMBERS

This next code is extracted from the standard numeric style.

```

38 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{LabelNumber}
39
40 \providebool{bbx:subentry}
41
42 \DeclareBibliographyOption{subentry}[true]{%
43 \setbool{bbx:subentry}{#1}}
44
45 \DeclareFieldFormat{bibentrysetcount}{\mkbibparens{\mknumalph{#1}}}
46 \DeclareFieldFormat{labelnumberwidth}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
47 \DeclareFieldFormat{shorthandwidth}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
48
49 \defbibenvironment{bibliography}
50 {\list
51 {\printtext[labelnumberwidth]{%
52 \printfield{labelprefix}%
53 \printfield{labelnumber}}}
54 {\setlength{\labelwidth}{\labelnumberwidth}%
55 \setlength{\leftmargin}{\labelwidth}%
56 \setlength{\labelsep}{\biblabelsep}%
57 \addtolength{\leftmargin}{\labelsep}%
58 \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
59 \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}}%
60 \renewcommand*{\makeatlabel}[1]{\hss##1}}
61 {\endlist}
62 {\item}
63
64 \defbibenvironment{shorthand}
65 {\list
66 {\printfield[shorthandwidth]{shorthand}}
67 {\setlength{\labelwidth}{\shorthandwidth}%
68 \setlength{\leftmargin}{\labelwidth}%
69 \setlength{\labelsep}{\biblabelsep}%
70 \addtolength{\leftmargin}{\labelsep}%
71 \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
72 \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}}%
73 \renewcommand*{\makeatlabel}[1]{\hss##1}}
74 {\endlist}
75 {\item}
76
77 \DeclareBibliographyDriver{set}{%
78 \entryset
79 {\ifbool{bbx:subentry}
80 {\printfield[bibentrysetcount]{entrysetcount}%
81 \printunit*{\adddnbspace}}
82 {}}}
83 {}%

```

```

84 \newunit\newblock
85 \usebibmacro{setpageref}%
86 \finentry}

```

2.4 Author–year style: `oxyear.bbx`

2.4.1 PRELIMINARIES

First we load the common oxref features.

```

20 \RequireBibliographyStyle{oxref}

```

Here we set some defaults different to the standard ones. The author can still override them.

```

21 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{giveninits,labeldateparts,sorting=nyt,pagetracker,maxcitenames=2}

```

2.4.2 DATE MERGING OPTION

We provide the `mergedate` option from the `authoryear` style. In case it isn't clear from the standard documentation, the purpose of this option is twofold: it determines whether the date printed at the head of the reference is the same as or different from `labeldate` as used in the citations, and to what extent the date information at the head of the reference is repeated later on. The OGS and NHR consistently use a variant that is between the basic and compact options, in that the year is always moved to the head of the reference (matching `labeldate`) but the month and day are never moved; this is implemented as the `year` value.

```

22 \DeclareBiblatexOption{global,type,entry}{mergedate}[true]{%
23 \ifcsdef{bbx@opt@mergedate@#1}
24 { \csuse{bbx@opt@mergedate@#1}
25 { \PackageError{biblatex-oxref}
26 {Invalid option 'mergedate=#1'}
27 {Valid values are 'maximum', 'compact', 'basic', 'minimum', \MessageBreak
28 {year', 'true' (=year), and 'false'.}}}

```

The various values affect the definition of the following macro, used at the head of the reference, for which we coin the `dateLabel` field format.

```

29 \providebibmacro*{date+extradate}{}
30 \DeclareFieldFormat{dateLabel}{\mkbibparens{#1}}
31 \DeclareFieldFormat{labeldate}{%
32 \iflabeldateisdate{%
33 \def\currentfield{date}%
34 }{%
35 \iflabeldateisanydate{%
36 \def\currentfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}date}%
37 }{%
38 \def\currentfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}%
39 \iffieldannotation{inferred}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}{#1}%
40 \undef\currentfield}

```

On a related note, the `labeldate` uses the `origdate` if provided in preference to `date`, and falls back to `pubstate` if provided.

```

41 \DeclareLabeldate{%
42 \field{origdate}
43 \field{date}

```

```

44 \field{year}
45 \field{eventdate}
46 \field{pubstate}
47 \literal{nodate}
48 }

```

The extradate string should be printed bare.

```

49 \DeclareFieldFormat{extradate}{%
50 \iffieldundef{\thefield{labeldatesource}}{%
51 \iffieldnums{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}}{~}%
52 }{%
53 \iffieldnums{\thefield{labeldatesource}}{~}%
54 }%
55 \mkbibemph{\mknumalph{#1}}}%

```

We provide tests similar to `\labeldateisdate` to tell if the `labeldate` is (a) any type of date, and (b) neither a date nor `pubstate`.

```

56 \def\iflabeldateisanydate{%
57 \ifboolexpr{%
58 togl {blx@labeldateparts}
59 and not test {\iffieldundef{labeldatesource}}
60 and (
61 test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{year}}
62 or not test {\iffieldundef{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}}
63 )}}
64 \def\iflabeldateispubstate{%
65 \ifboolexpr{%
66 not test {\iffieldundef{labeldatesource}}
67 and test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{pubstate}}}}

```

We also provide a wrapper around `\printlabeldateextra` that does nothing if the label date is the ‘nodate’ literal *and* `sortyear` is defined. Sadly `sortyear` is consumed before we get to this point, so we need a proxy toggle.

```

68 \newtoggle{blx@ox@nonodate}
69 \DeclareBibliographyOption{nonodate}[true]{%
70 \settoggle{blx@ox@nonodate}{#1}}
71 \DeclareTypeOption{nonodate}[true]{%
72 \settoggle{blx@ox@nonodate}{#1}}
73 \DeclareEntryOption{nonodate}[true]{%
74 \settoggle{blx@ox@nonodate}{#1}}
75 \newbibmacro*{labeldate}{%
76 \ifboolexpr{
77 test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{nodate}}
78 and
79 togl {blx@ox@nonodate}
80 }{\printtext[dateLabel]{\printlabeldateextra}}}

```

Here we provide the various possible definitions. The `authoryear` implementation does it by clearing, changing or restoring the normal definitions of the date and `issue+date` macros. This is not so great for us as our versions of those macros are quite complex (too much to keep repeating). There are additional complications that arise from us using `origdate` in preference to `date` for the label year, and from our option that requires us to print some dates without years. Conceptually it is more straightforward to clear the data fields instead.

- `true` is the same as `year` (see below).

```
81 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@true{\bbx@opt@mergedate@year}
```

- maximum merges the issue and the whole date with the date label. Therefore, we clear year, month, and day from the date used for the label, as well as the issue field.

```
82 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@maximum{%
83 \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{%
84 \iffieldundef{labelyear}}{%
85 \iflabeldateisdate{%
86 \printtext[datelabel]{%
87 \printfield{issue}\clearfield{issue}%
88 \setunit*\addspace}%
89 \printdateextra}%
90 \clearfield{year}\clearfield{season}\clearfield{month}\clearfield{day}%
91 }{%
92 \iflabeldateisanydate{%
93 \printtext[datelabel]{%
94 \csuse{print\thefield{labeldatesource}dateextra}}%
95 \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}%
96 \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}season}%
97 \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}month}%
98 \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}day}%
99 }{%
100 \usebibmacro{labeldate}%
101 \iflabeldateispubstate}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}}}
```

- compact merges the whole date (but not issue) with date label. Therefore, we clear year, month, and day from the date used for the label, but leave the issue field alone.

```
102 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@compact{%
103 \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{%
104 \iffieldundef{labelyear}}{%
105 \iflabeldateisdate{%
106 \printtext[datelabel]{\printdateextra}%
107 \clearfield{year}\clearfield{season}\clearfield{month}\clearfield{day}%
108 }{%
109 \iflabeldateisanydate{%
110 \printtext[datelabel]{%
111 \csuse{print\thefield{labeldatesource}dateextra}}%
112 \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}%
113 \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}season}%
114 \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}month}%
115 \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}day}%
116 }{%
117 \usebibmacro{labeldate}%
118 \iflabeldateispubstate}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}}}
```

- year always merges the year, and only the year, with the label date. Other date and time components are displayed later in the reference. Therefore we clear the year from the date used for the label, but leave the month and day alone.

```
119 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@year{%
120 \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{%
121 \iffieldundef{labelyear}}{%
122 \usebibmacro{labeldate}%
123 \iflabeldateisdate{%
124 \clearfield{year}}
```

```

125 }{%
126   \iflabeldateisanydate{%
127     \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}%
128   }{%
129     \iflabeldateispubstate{}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}%
130   }}}}

```

- basic will merge a year-only date with the date label, but will otherwise display the label year at the head of the reference and the full date later. Therefore we clear the year if and only if there is no month component *and* (if this is the regular date) no issue.

```

131 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@basic{%
132   \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{%
133     \iffieldundef{labelyear}{}{%
134       \usebibmacro{labeldate}%
135       \iflabeldateisdate{%
136         \ifboolexpr{
137           test {\ifdateshavedifferentprecision{label}{}
138             or
139             not test {\iffieldundef{issue}}
140         }{}{%
141           \clearfield{year}}%
142         }{%
143           \iflabeldateisanydate{%
144             \ifdateshavedifferentprecision{label}{\thefield{labeldatesource}}{}{%
145               \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}}%
146             }{%
147               \iflabeldateispubstate{}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}%
148             }}}}

```

- minimum will only merge the date with the label date if the two are identical, that is, a bare year with no month or disambiguating suffix. Therefore we clear the year if and only if there is no month component, no extradate, *and* (if this is the regular date) no issue.

```

149 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@minimum{%
150   \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{%
151     \iffieldundef{labelyear}{}{%
152       \usebibmacro{labeldate}%
153       \iflabeldateisdate{%
154         \ifboolexpr{
155           test {\ifdateshavedifferentprecision{label}{}
156             or
157             not test {\iffieldundef{extradate}}
158             or
159             not test {\iffieldundef{issue}}
160         }{}{%
161           \clearfield{year}}%
162         }{%
163           \iflabeldateisanydate{%
164             \ifboolexpr{
165               test {\ifdateshavedifferentprecision{label}{\thefield{labeldatesource}}
166                 or
167                 not test {\iffieldundef{extradate}}
168             }{}{%
169               \clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}year}}%
170             }{%
171               \iflabeldateispubstate{}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}%
172             }}}}

```

- false suppresses any merging. We only clear the label date source if it is a non-date field other than pubstate.

```

173 \def\bbx@opt@mergedate@false{%
174 \renewbibmacro*{date+extradate}{%
175 \iffieldundef{labelyear}}{%
176 \usebibmacro{labeldate}%
177 \iflabeldateisanydate}{%
178 \iflabeldateispubstate}{\clearfield{\thefield{labeldatesource}}}%
179 }}}}

```

We set the default to be true/year.

```

180 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{mergedate}

```

The problem with moving years but leaving months and days behind is that the regular date range macros in `biblatex.sty` do nothing at all if no year is printed. We therefore need to patch the macros with extra routines for printing year-free date ranges: the rather extravagantly named `\mknoyeardaterangefull` and `\mknoyeardaterangetrunc`.

```

181 \newrobustcmd*{\mknoyeardaterangefull}[2]{%
182 \iffieldundef{#2month}}{%
183 \datecircaprint
184 \printtext[#2date]{%
185 \iffieldundef{#2season}{%
186 \csuse{mkbibdate#1}}{#2month}{#2day}%
187 \blx@printtime{#2}}}%
188 }{%
189 \csuse{mkbibseasondate#1}}{#2season}}%
190 \dateuncertainprint
191 \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}}{%
192 \iffieldequalstr{#2endmonth}}{%
193 \mbox{\bibdaterangesep}%
194 }{%
195 \bibdaterangesep
196 \enddatecircaprint
197 \iffieldundef{#2season}{%
198 \csuse{mkbibdate#1}}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}%
199 \blx@printtime{#2}{end}%
200 }{%
201 \csuse{mkbibseasondate#1}}{#2endseason}}%
202 \enddateuncertainprint}}}}}

```

There is a potential problem for `\mknoyeardaterangetrunc`, in that if the year and endyear are missing, it cannot tell if they are the same, so if the months are the same but the years are different, the range would be erroneously compressed. However, the only reason the year should be missing is that it is in the label, so we test `labelyear` instead.

```

203 \newrobustcmd*{\mknoyeardaterangetrunc}[2]{%
204 \iffieldundef{#2month}}{%
205 \datecircaprint
206 \printtext[#2date]{%
207 \iffieldundef{#2season}{%
208 \ifboolexpr{
209 test {\iffieldsequal{labelyear}{labelendyear}}
210 and
211 test {\iffieldsequal{#2month}{#2endmonth}}
212 }{%
213 \csuse{mkbibdate#1}}{#2day}%

```

```

214     }%
215     \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2month}{#2day}}%
216   }%
217   \csuse{mkbibseasondate#1}{#2season}}%
218   \dateuncertainprint
219   \iffieldundef{#2endmonth}{}%
220   \iffieldequalstr{#2endmonth}{}%
221   \mbox{\bibdaterangesep}%
222   }%
223   \bibdaterangesep
224   \enddatecircaprint
225   \iffieldundef{#2season}{%
226   \csuse{mkbibdate#1}{#2endmonth}{#2endday}}%
227   }%
228   \csuse{mkbibseasondate#1}{#2endseason}}%
229   \enddateuncertainprint}}}}

```

Now we patch the four date range commands. The extra commands, which print disambiguating labels as well, should only print those labels if the year is present, so they can use the same non-year date range functions as the non-extra commands.

```

230   \xpatchcmd{\mkdaterangefull}{%
231     \iffieldundef{#2year} {\blx@nounit}%
232   }{%
233     \iffieldundef{#2year} {\mknoyeardaterangefull{#1}{#2}}%
234   }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to patch mkdaterangefull}}
235   \xpatchcmd{\mkdaterangetrunc@i}{%
236     \iffieldundef{#2year} {\blx@nounit}%
237   }{%
238     \iffieldundef{#2year} {\mknoyeardaterangetrunc{#1}{#2}}%
239   }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to patch mkdaterangetrunc@i}}
240   \xpatchcmd{\mkdaterangefullextra}{%
241     \iffieldundef{#2year} {\blx@nounit}%
242   }{%
243     \iffieldundef{#2year} {\mknoyeardaterangefull{#1}{#2}}%
244   }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to patch mkdaterangefullextra}}
245   \xpatchcmd{\mkdaterangetruncextra@i}{%
246     \iffieldundef{#2year} {\blx@nounit}%
247   }{%
248     \iffieldundef{#2year} {\mknoyeardaterangetrunc{#1}{#2}}%
249   }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to patch mkdaterangetruncextra@i}}

```

2.4.3 BIBLIOGRAPHY FORMATTING

We let biblatex measure shorthands so we can use `\shorthandwidth` later.

```

250   \DeclareFieldFormat{shorthandwidth}{#1}

```

We enhance the family-given name format to handle the pseudo and inferred annotations.

```

251   \xpretonameformat{family-given}{%
252     \iffieldannotation{inferred}{\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{1}{\bibopenbracket}{}}%
253     \ifitemannotation{inferred}{\bibopenbracket}{}%
254   }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to prepend to family-given}}
255   \xpatchnameformat{family-given}{%
256     \usebibmacro{name:andothers}%
257   }{%
258     \ifitemannotation{pseudo}{%
259       \addspace\printtext[parens]{\bibsstring{pseudo}}%

```

```

260     }{}%
261     \ifitemannotation{inferred}{\bibclosebracket}{}%
262     \usebibmacro{name:andothers}%
263     \iffieldannotation{inferred}{}%
264     \ifboolexpr{
265         test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{maxnames}}}
266         or
267         test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{listtotal}}}
268         or (
269             test {\ifnumequal{\value{listcount}}{\value{minnames}}}
270             and
271             test {\ifnumgreater{\value{listtotal}}{\value{maxnames}}} )
272     }\bibclosebracket}{}%
273     }{}%
274     }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch family-given}}
275     \DeclareNameAlias{shortauthor}{family-given}
276     \DeclareNameAlias{shorteditor}{family-given}

```

Names at the head of the reference are family-given, but names elsewhere are given-family.

```

277     \DeclareNameAlias{sortname}{family-given}
278     \DeclareNameAlias{author}{family-given}
279     \DeclareNameAlias{editor}{family-given}
280     \DeclareNameAlias{translator}{family-given}

```

The bibliography formatting is just like authoryear except we do not eliminate item separation by default.

```

281     \defbibenvironment{bibliography}
282     {
283         \list
284         {
285             \setlength{\leftmargin}{\bibhang}%
286             \setlength{\itemindent}{-\leftmargin}%
287             \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
288             \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}}
289     }

```

The shorthand formatting is just like authoryear.

```

290     \defbibenvironment{shorthand}
291     {
292         \list
293         {
294             \printfield[shorthandwidth]{shorthand}
295             \setlength{\labelwidth}{\shorthandwidth}%
296             \setlength{\leftmargin}{\labelwidth}%
297             \setlength{\labelsep}{\biblabelsep}%
298             \addtolength{\leftmargin}{\labelsep}%
299             \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
300             \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}%
301             \renewcommand*{\makeLabel}[1]{##1\hss}}

```

2.4.4 NAME AND DATE FORMATTING

We set up hashing just as in authoryear.

```

302     \InitializeBibliographyStyle{\global\undef\bbx@lasthash}

```

We ensure related entries do not interfere with the hashing.

```

303 \xapptobibmacro{begrelated}{%
304   \booltrue{bbx@inset}}%
305 {}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to append to begrelated}}
306 \xapptobibmacro{endrelated}{%
307   \usebibmacro*{bbx:savehash}}%
308 {}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to append to endrelated}}

```

We patch the author macro so that the date label information appears at the end (as in authoryear).

```

309 \xpatchbibmacro{author}{%
310   \iffieldundef{author type}%
311 }{%
312   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}%
313   \setunit*{\addspace}%
314   \iffieldundef{author type}%
315 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to patch author (author type)}}%
316 \xpatchbibmacro{author}{%
317   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
318 }{%
319   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
320   \usebibmacro{labeltitle}%
321   \setunit*{\addspace}%
322   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}%
323 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to patch author (lasthash)}}%

```

We patch it further so that, where an author name has a corresponding (different) short author name, the short name is given first and the long name given in parentheses. Note that this only affects cases where `authoraddon` has not been provided.

```

324 \xpatchbibmacro{namepairs}{%
325   \printnames[by#1]%
326 }{%
327   \printnames[#1]%
328 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to patch namepairs}}
329 \xpatchbibmacro{author+altauthor}{%
330   \printnames{author}%
331 }{%
332   \ifboolexpr{%
333     ( not test {\iffnameundef{shortauthor}} )
334     and
335     test {\ifnumequal{\value{shortauthor}}{\value{author}}}
336 }{%
337   \usebibmacro{namepairs}{author}{shortauthor}%
338 }{%
339   \printnames{author}%
340 }%
341 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to patch author+altauthor}}%

```

We apply the same patches to `bbx:editor`, but also move the editor string to after the date label.

```

342 \xpatchbibmacro{bbx:editor}{%
343   \usebibmacro{#1}%
344 }{%
345   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}%
346   \setunit*{\addspace}%
347   \usebibmacro{#1}%
348 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyyear) failed to patch bbx:editor}}%
349 \xpatchbibmacro{bbx:editor}{%

```

```

350   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
351 }{%
352   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
353   \usebibmacro{labeltitle}%
354   \setunit*{\addspace}%
355   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}%
356 }{%\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch bbx:editor (lasthash)}}%
357 \xpatchbibmacro{editor+altditor}{%
358   \printnames[byeditor]%
359 }{%
360   \printnames[editor]%
361 }{%\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch editor+altditor}}
362 \xpatchbibmacro{editor+altditor}{%
363   \printnames{editor}%
364 }{%
365   \ifboolexpr{%
366     ( not test {\ifnameundef{shorteditor}} )
367     and
368     test {\ifnumequal{\value{shorteditor}}{\value{editor}}}
369   }{%
370     \usebibmacro{namepairs}{editor}{shorteditor}%
371   }{%
372     \printnames{editor}%
373   }%
374 }{%\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch editor+altditor (shorteditor)}}%

```

We apply the same patches to `bbx:translator` as we do for `bbx:editor`, except for the shortening one.

```

375 \xpatchbibmacro{bbx:translator}{%
376   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
377 }{%
378   \global\undef\bbx@lasthash
379   \usebibmacro{labeltitle}%
380   \setunit*{\addspace}%
381   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}%
382 }{%\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch bbx:translator (lasthash)}}%
383 \xpatchbibmacro{bbx:translator}{%
384   \usebibmacro{#1}%
385 }{%
386   \usebibmacro{date+extradate}%
387   \setunit*{\addspace}%
388   \usebibmacro{#1}%
389 }{%\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch bbx:translator}}%

```

The `labeltitle` macro differs from the one from `authoryear` in that it also includes the subtitle. We record the fact that we have cleared the title.

```

390 \newtoggle{blx@ox@clearedtitle}
391 \newbibmacro*{labeltitle}{%
392   \iffieldundef{label}{%
393     \iffieldundef{shorttitle}{%
394       \ifboolexpr{
395         test {\iffieldundef{title}}
396         and
397         test {\iffieldundef{subtitle}}
398       }{%
399         \printfield{library}%
400         \clearfield{library}%
401       }{%
402         \printtext[title]{%

```

```

403     \printfield[titlecase]{title}%
404     \setunit{\subtitlepunct}%
405     \printfield[titlecase]{subtitle}%
406     \clearfield{title}%
407     \clearfield{subtitle}%
408     \toggletrue{blx@ox@clearedtitle}%
409     \setunit{\addspace}%
410   }%
411 }{%
412   \printtext[title]{\printfield[titlecase]{shorttitle}}%
413 }%
414 }{%
415   \printfield{label}%
416 }%
417 }

```

If the `labeltitle` pulls the title from a `maintitle+title` macro, we flick a switch to make the driver use `maintitle+volume` instead.

```

418 \xpretobibmacro{maintitle+title}{%
419   \iftoggle{blx@ox@clearedtitle}{%
420     \usebibmacro{maintitle+volume}%
421     \clearfield{maintitle}%
422     \clearfield{volume}%
423   }{}%
424 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to prepend to maintitle+title}}
425 \DeclareFieldFormat[mvbook,mvcollection,mvreference,proceedings,mvproceedings]{maintitle+volume}{#1}

```

The date of online entries is printed in parentheses; as the year is moved after the author, this can lead to empty parentheses unless a month is printed, so we change the test accordingly.

```

426 \xpatchbibdriver{online}{%
427   \iffieldundef{year}%
428 }{%
429   \ifboolexpr{
430     test {\iffieldundef{season}}
431     and
432     test {\iffieldundef{month}}
433   }%
434 }{}{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch online}}

```

We ensure the label title in citations matches the formatting used for the equivalent information in the bibliography entry.

```

435 \DeclareFieldFormat[bookinbook]{citetitle}{%
436   \ifboolexpr{
437     test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{poem}}
438     or
439     test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{play}}
440   }{%
441     \mkbibemph{#1}%
442   }{%
443     \mkbibquote{#1\visdot}}
444 \DeclareFieldFormat[supperiodical,inaudio,inmusic,inmovie,invideo,online,%
445   image,manuscript,unpublished]{citetitle}{%
446   \def\currentfield{title}%
447   \ifboolexpr{
448     test {\iffieldannotation{descriptor}}
449     or (
450     test {\iffieldundef{shorttitle}}

```

```

451     and
452     test {\iffieldundef{title}}
453   )
454   }{#1}{\mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
455   \undef\currentfield}
456 \DeclareFieldFormat[suppperiodical,inaudio,inmusic,inmovie,invideo,online,%
457   image,manuscript,unpublished]{citetitle}{%
458   \def\currentfield{title}%
459   \ifboolexpr{
460     test {\iffieldannotation{descriptor}}
461     or (
462       test {\iffieldundef{shorttitle}}
463       and
464       test {\iffieldundef{title}}
465     )
466   }{#1}{\mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
467   \undef\currentfield}
468 \DeclareFieldFormat[audio,music]{citetitle}{%
469   \def\currentfield{title}%
470   \ifboolexpr{
471     test {\iffieldannotation{descriptor}}
472     or (
473       test {\iffieldundef{shorttitle}}
474       and
475       test {\iffieldundef{title}}
476     )
477   }{#1}{%
478     \iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{podcast}{%
479       \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
480     }{%
481       \mkbibemph{#1}}}%
482   \undef\currentfield}
483 \DeclareFieldFormat[movie,video]{citetitle}{%
484   \def\currentfield{title}%
485   \ifboolexpr{
486     test {\iffieldannotation{descriptor}}
487     or (
488       test {\iffieldundef{shorttitle}}
489       and
490       test {\iffieldundef{title}}
491     )
492   }{#1}{%
493     \ifboolexpr{
494       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{episode}}
495       or
496       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{clip}}
497       or
498       test {\iffieldequalstr{entrysubtype}{webcast}}
499     }{%
500       \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}}%
501     }{%
502       \mkbibemph{#1}}}%
503   \undef\currentfield}
504 \DeclareFieldFormat[legislation,legal]{citetitle}{#1}
505 \DeclareFieldFormat[misc]%
506   {citetitle}{%
507   \def\currentfield{title}%
508   \ifboolexpr{
509     test {\iffieldannotation{descriptor}}
510     or (
511       test {\iffieldundef{shorttitle}}
512       and

```

```

513     test {\iffieldundef{title}}
514   )
515 }{#1}{%
516   \iffieldequalstr{relatedtype}{in}{%
517     \mkbibquote{#1\isdot}%
518   }{%
519     \mkbibemph{#1}%
520   }}%
521 \undef\currentfield}

```

2.4.5 JOURNAL DIVISION FORMATTING

Oxyear uses a colon to demarcate page numbers in journal articles.

```

522 \renewcommand*\bibpagespunct}{%
523   \ifboolexpr{
524     test {\ifentrytype{article}}
525     or
526     test {\ifentrytype{supperperiodical}}
527     or
528     test {\ifentrytype{review}}
529   }{%
530     \addcolon\space
531   }{%
532     \addcomma\space
533   }%
534 }

```

2.4.6 MANUSCRIPTS

Since we clear the title, we need a more sophisticated test for whether to suppress the date.

```

535 \renewbibmacro{manuscript:date}{%
536   \ifboolexpr{
537     test {\ifnameundef{author}}
538     and
539     not togl {blx@ox@clearedtitle}
540     and
541     test {\iffieldundef{label}}
542   }{\usebibmacro{date}}

```

We include the library field as a fallback title.

```

543 \DeclareLabeltitle{%
544   \field{shorttitle}
545   \field{title}
546   \field{maintitle}
547   \field{library}
548 }

```

2.4.7 SOURCE MAPS

We use the source mapping capabilities of Biber to fix the following issues.

```

549 \DeclareStyleSourcemap{%
550   \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%

```

Suppressing a ‘nodate’ label

Unless already set, the `nonodate` option is inserted if `sortyear` is used. We accomplish this with source maps; the first one works where options (not including `nonodate`) have been set, the second where no options have been set.

```

551     \map[overwrite=true]{
552         \step[notmatch=\regexp{nonodate}, fieldsource=options, final]
553         \step[fieldsource=sortyear, final]
554         \step[fieldset=options, append, fieldvalue={,nonodate}]
555     }
556     \map[overwrite=true]{
557         \step[notfield=options, final]
558         \step[fieldsource=sortyear, final]
559         \step[fieldset=options, fieldvalue={nonodate}]
560     }

```

Standards

The purpose of this map is to change the number into a label in the absence of an author, so that the citations come out right and the date is positioned correctly.

```

561     \map[overwrite=false]{
562         \pertype{standard}
563         \step[notfield=author,
564             fieldsource=number,
565             fieldtarget=label]
566     }
567 }}

```

2.5 Alphabetic style: `oxalph.bbx`

2.5.1 PRELIMINARIES

This style is based on `oxyear`.

```

20     \RequireBibliographyStyle{oxyear}

```

2.5.2 SUPPRESSING LABELEXTRA

Since the label codes do all the disambiguation, it is not necessary for the date at the head of the reference to have a disambiguation component.

```

21     \xpatchcmd{\bbx@opt@mergedate@maximum}{%
22         \printdateextra
23     }{%
24         \printdate
25     }{{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxalph) failed to patch bbx@opt@mergedate@maximum
26     ↔ (print)}}}
26     \xpatchcmd{\bbx@opt@mergedate@maximum}{%
27         \csuse{print\thefield{labeldatesource}dateextra}%
28     }{%
29         \csuse{print\thefield{labeldatesource}date}%
30     }{{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxalph) failed to patch bbx@opt@mergedate@maximum
31     ↔ (label)}}}
31     \xpatchcmd{\bbx@opt@mergedate@compact}{%
32         \csuse{print\thefield{labeldatesource}dateextra}%

```

```

33 }{%
34   \csuse{print\thefield{labeldatesource}date}%
35 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxalph) failed to patch bbx@opt@mergedate@compact}}
36 \xpatchbibmacro{labeldate}{%
37   \printlabeldateextra
38 }{%
39   \printlabeldate
40 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxalph) failed to patch labeldate}}
41 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{mergedate}

```

2.5.3 LABEL CODES: PRINTING

This next code is extracted from the standard alphabetic style, and among other things ensures the citation labels are printed in the bibliography.

```

42 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{labelalpha,sorting=anyt}
43
44 \DeclareFieldFormat{labelalphawidth}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
45 \DeclareFieldFormat{shorthandwidth}{\mkbibbrackets{#1}}
46
47 \defbibenvironment{bibliography}
48   {\list
49     {\printtext[labelalphawidth]{%
50       \printfield{labelprefix}%
51       \printfield{labelalpha}%
52       \printfield{extraalpha}}
53     {\setlength{\labelwidth}{\labelalphawidth}%
54     \setlength{\leftmargin}{\labelwidth}%
55     \setlength{\labelsep}{\biblabelsep}%
56     \addtolength{\leftmargin}{\labelsep}%
57     \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
58     \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}}%
59     \renewcommand*{\makeLabel}[1]{##1\hss}}
60   {\endlist}
61   {\item}
62
63 \defbibenvironment{shorthand}
64   {\list
65     {\printfield[shorthandwidth]{shorthand}}
66     {\setlength{\labelwidth}{\shorthandwidth}%
67     \setlength{\leftmargin}{\labelwidth}%
68     \setlength{\labelsep}{\biblabelsep}%
69     \addtolength{\leftmargin}{\labelsep}%
70     \setlength{\itemsep}{\bibitemsep}%
71     \setlength{\parsep}{\bibparsep}}%
72     \renewcommand*{\makeLabel}[1]{##1\hss}}
73   {\endlist}
74   {\item}

```

2.5.4 LABEL CODES: GENERATING

The standard labels are generated from the `labelname` and year. We widen the net a bit, so that if there is no `labelname`, we fall back to the `shortlabeltitle` or `labeltitle`; also we use `labelyear` in place of year. The `shortlabeltitle` is generated from all the capital letters in the title and subtitle, with the help of a source map.

```

75 \DeclareStyleSourceMap{%
76   \maps[datatype=bibtex]{%

```

```
77     \map[overwrite=false]{%
78       \step[fieldsource=title, final]
79       \step[fieldset=shortlabeltitle, origfieldval]
80       \step[fieldsource=subtitle]
81       \step[fieldset=shortlabeltitle, origfieldval, append=true]
82       \step[fieldsource=shortlabeltitle,
83         match=\regexp{[^\p{Lu}]},
84         replace=\regexp{}}
85     }}}
86 \DeclareLabelalphaTemplate{%
87   \labelelement{
88     \field[final]{shorthand}
89     \field{label}
90     \field[strwidth=3, strside=left, ifnames=1]{labelname}
91     \field[strwidth=1, strside=left]{labelname}
92     \field[strwidth=3, strside=left]{shortlabeltitle}
93     \field[strwidth=4, strside=left]{labeltitle}
94   }
95   \labelelement{
96     \field[strwidth=2, strside=right]{labelyear}
97   }
98 }
```

Citation styles

3.1 Notes style: oxnotes.cbx

The standard verbose style is a close match for what we need.

```
20 \RequireCitationStyle{verbose}
```

Variants are also provided that load the respective variant of verbose at this point.

The main difference is that the `citepages` option from these styles needs to be `separate` by default, and the `\postnotedelim` before the bibliography string `thiscite` ('at') is replaced by a simple space.

```
21 \newbibmacro*{cite:postnote:pages}{%
22   \setunit{\addspace}%
23   \bibstring{thiscite}%
24   \setunit{\addspace}%
25   \printfield{postnote}}
26 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{citepages=separate}
```

3.2 Numeric style: oxnum.cbx

The standard numeric style works, needing only a little configuration.

```
20 \RequireCitationStyle{numeric-comp}
```

Compressed citations are delimited with a semicolon, just like non-compressed citations.

```
21 \renewcommand*{\multicitedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
22 \renewcommand*{\compctedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
```

The page reference postnote is given after a colon.

```
23 \renewcommand*{\postnotedelim}{\addcolon\space}
```

3.3 Author–year style: oxyyear.cbx

The standard authoryear-comp style is a close match for what we need.

```
20 \RequireCitationStyle{authoryear-comp}
```

This sets `uniquename` to `full`, but that conflicts with `giveninits` set by the bibliography style, so we set it to `init` instead. If left alone, biblatex would do this anyway, but if we do it explicitly, we avoid the warning message.

```
21 \ExecuteBibliographyOptions{uniquename=init}
```

We provide a slightly different `labeldate` macro that obeys the `nonodate` option.

```
22 \renewbibmacro*{cite:labeldate+extradate}{%
23   \ifboolexpr{
24     test {\iffielddundef{labelyear}}
25     or
26     ( test {\iffieldequalstr{labeldatesource}{nodate}}
27       and
28       togl {blx@ox@nonodate} )
29   }{\printtext[bibhyperref]{\printlabeldateextra}}
```

We insert anonymous author handling into `cite`.

```
30 \xpatchbibmacro{cite}{%
31   \printnames{labelname}%
32 }{%
33   \ifboolexpr{
34     test {\iffieldequalstr{labelnamesource}{author}}
35     and
36     togl {blx@ox@autoanon}
37     and
38     test {\iffieldequals{rawauthor}{\oxrefanon}}
39   }{%
40     \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
41   }{%
42     \printnames{labelname}%
43   }%
44 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref (oxyear) failed to patch cite}}
```

The name and year are usually separated by a space, but if the date is replaced by a word (e.g. ‘forthcoming’, ‘n.d.’), they are separated by a comma.

```
45 \DeclareDelimFormat{nameyeardelim}{%
46   \iflabeldateisanydate
47   {\addspace}%
48   {\addcomma\space}}
49 \DeclareDelimFormat{nonameyeardelim}{%
50   \iflabeldateisanydate
51   {\addspace}%
52   {\addcomma\space}}
```

Compressed citations are delimited with a semicolon, just like non-compressed citations.

```
53 \renewcommand*{\multicitedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
54 \renewcommand*{\complicatedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
```

The page reference postnote is given after a colon.

```
55 \renewcommand*{\postnotedelim}{\addcolon\space}
```

3.4 Alphabetic style: oxalph.cbx

The standard alphabetic style works, needing only a little configuration.

```
20 \RequireCitationStyle{alphabetic}
```

Compressed citations are delimited with a semicolon, just like non-compressed citations.

```
21 \renewcommand*{\multicitedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
22 \renewcommand*{\complicatedelim}{\addsemicolon\space}
```

The page reference postnote is given after a colon.

```
23 \renewcommand*{\postnotedelim}{\addcolon\space}
```

3.5 Common citation fixes

This code is appended to all the citation style files.

Just in case someone loaded this without loading `oxref.bbx`, we ensure the necessary definitions are in place.

```
1 \RequirePackage{etoolbox}
2 \RequirePackage{xpatch}
3 \providetoggle{blx@ox@autoanon}
4 \providetoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}
```

We fix the `textcite` macro so if the `anon` option is set to `long` or `short`, a value of ‘Anonymous’ is replaced by the bibliography string `anon`.

```
5 \xpatchbibmacro{textcite}{%
6 \printnames{labelname}%
7 }{%
8 \ifboolexpr{
9 test {\iffieldequalstr{labelnamesource}{author}}
10 and
11 togl {blx@ox@autoanon}
12 and
13 test {\iffieldequals{rawauthor}{\oxrefanon}}
14 }{%
15 \iftoggle{blx@ox@abbranon}{\bibcpsstring{anon}}{\bibcplstring{anon}}%
16 }{%
17 \printnames{labelname}%
18 }%
19 }{\wlog{WARNING: biblatex-oxref failed to patch textcite}}
```

Data model adjustments

4.1 oxnotes.dbx, oxyyear.dbx, oxnum.dbx, and oxalph.dbx

We provide an additional name part for handling titles.

```
20 \DeclareDatamodelConstant[type=list]{nameparts}{prefix,family,suffix,given,title}
```

The datatype and origdatatype fields are used for prefixing the date with a description.

```
21 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{datatype,origdatatype}
```

We add the inaudio entry type and friends.

```
22 \DeclareDatamodelEntrytypes{inaudio,inmusic,inmovie,invideo}
```

The authoraddon and editoraddon fields are used for handling pseudonyms. The serieseditor field is used for the editor of a book series, as opposed to the editor of the particular cited work.

```
23 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=list,datatype=name]{authoraddon,editoraddon,serieseditor}
```

The jointauthor and jointauthortype fields are used for internally for handling editors/translators who can be considered joint authors.

```
24 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=list,datatype=name]{jointauthor}
25 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{jointauthortype}
```

The rawauthor field is used internally for checking whether an the name given in the author field is a keyword meaning ‘anonymous’.

```
26 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{rawauthor}
27 \DeclareDatamodelEntryfields{datatype,origdatatype,authoraddon,editoraddon,%
28 serieseditor,jointauthor,jointauthortype,rawauthor}
```

We provide a shortlabeltitle field to contain our custom reduction of the labeltitle.

```
29 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{shortlabeltitle}
```

This data model is borrowed from biblatex-manuscripts-philology.

```
30 \DeclareDatamodelEntrytypes{manuscript}
31 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{catalog,dating,%
32   shortlibrary,columns, collection,shortcollection,usualtitle,shelfmark,%
33   sortshelfmark,support,columns,layer}
34 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=list,datatype=name]{scribe,owner}
35 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=list,datatype=literal]{origin}
36 \DeclareDatamodelEntryfields[manuscript]{catalog,dating,shortlibrary,%
37   shortcollection,columns,languages,collection,usualtitle,shelfmark,%
38   sortshelfmark,support,columns,origin,scribe,owner}
```

This data model helps with legal citations.

```
39 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=date]{pardate}
40 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=literal]{parreporter,parseries}
41 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=integer]{parvolume}
42 \DeclareDatamodelFields[type=field,datatype=range]{parpages}
43 \DeclareDatamodelEntryfields[jurisdiction]{pardate,parreporter,parseries,%
44   parvolume,parpages}
```

Localization modules

5.1 English: english-oxref.lbx

Here we set some language-specific punctuation and date formatting.

```

20 \InheritBibliographyExtras{english}
21 \DeclareBibliographyExtras{%
22   \def\finalandcomma{\addcomma}%
23   \protected\def\mkusbibordinal#1{%
24     \begingroup
25     \@tempcnta0#1\relax\number\@tempcnta
26     \@whilenum\@tempcnta>100\do{\advance\@tempcnta-100\relax}%
27     \ifnum\@tempcnta>20
28       \@whilenum\@tempcnta>9\do{\advance\@tempcnta-10\relax}%
29     \fi
30     \ifcase\@tempcnta th\or st\or d\or d\else th\fi
31     \endgroup}%
32 }

```

We load the standard set of localization strings, then add our adjustments.

```

33 \DeclareBibliographyStrings{%
34   inherit      = {english},

```

These are new strings defined by oxref:

- Roles expressed as functions

```

35   director      = {{director}{dir\adddot}},
36   directors     = {{directors}{dirs\adddot}},
37   performer     = {{}},
38   performers    = {{}},
39   reader        = {{reader}{reader}},
40   readers       = {{readers}{readers}},
41   conductor      = {{conductor}{cond\adddot}},
42   conductors    = {{conductors}{cond\adddot}},
43   serieseditor  = {{series editor}{ser\adddot\space ed\adddot}},
44   serieseditors = {{series editors}{ser\adddot\space eds\adddot}},
45   holder        = {{holder}{holder}},
46   holders       = {{holders}{holders}},
47   editorcm      = {{editor and compiler}{ed\adddot\space and comp\adddot}},
48   editorcms     = {{editors and compilers}{eds\adddot\space and comp\adddot}},

```

- Roles expressed as actions

```

49 byperformer = {{}},
50 bydirector  = {{directed by}}{dir\addot}},
51 byreader    = {{read by}}{read by}},
52 byconductor = {{conducted by}}{cond\addot}},
53 byserieseditor = {{edited by}}{ed\addot}},
54 byholder    = {{held by}}{held by}},
55 byeditorcm  = {{edited and compiled by}}{ed\addotsspace and comp\addot}},

```

- Publication details

```

56 facsimile    = {{facsimile edition}}{facs\addotsspace edn\addot}},
57 revised     = {{revised edition}}{rev\addotsspace edn\addot}},
58 revisedenlarged = {{revised and enlarged edition}}{rev\addotsspace and enl\addotsspace
↔ edn\addot}},
59 revisedreprint = {{revised reprint}}{rev\addotsspace repr\addot}},
60 suppto      = {{Supplement to}}{Supplement to}},
61 equals      = {{=}}{=}},
62 original    = {{original}}{orig\addot}},

```

- Publication state

```

63 impressin   = {{to be published in}}{to be published in}},

```

- Pagination

```

64 book        = {{book}}{bk\addot}},
65 books       = {{books}}{bks\addot}},
66 canto       = {{canto}}{canto}},
67 cantos      = {{cantos}}{cantos}},
68 stanza      = {{stanza}}{stanza}},
69 stanzas     = {{stanzas}}{stanzas}},
70 act         = {{Act}}{Act}},
71 acts        = {{Acts}}{Acts}},
72 scene       = {{Scene}}{Scene}},
73 scenes      = {{Scenes}}{Scenes}},
74 folio       = {{folio}}{fo\addot}},
75 folios      = {{folios}}{fos\addot}},
76 article     = {{article}}{art\addot}},
77 articles    = {{articles}}{arts\addot}},
78 clause      = {{clause}}{cl\addot}},
79 clauses     = {{clauses}}{cls\addot}},
80 regulation  = {{regulation}}{reg\addot}},
81 regulations = {{regulations}}{regs\addot}},
82 rule        = {{rule}}{r\addot}},
83 rules       = {{rules}}{rr\addot}},
84 booktotal   = {{book}}{bk\addot}},
85 booktotals  = {{books}}{bks\addot}},
86 cantototal  = {{canto}}{canto}},
87 cantototals = {{cantos}}{cantos}},
88 stanzatotal = {{stanza}}{stanza}},
89 stanzatotals = {{stanzas}}{stanzas}},
90 acttotal    = {{Act}}{Act}},
91 acttotals   = {{Acts}}{Acts}},
92 scenetotal  = {{Scene}}{Scene}},
93 scenetotals = {{Scenes}}{Scenes}},
94 foliototal  = {{folio}}{fo\addot}},
95 foliototals = {{folios}}{fos\addot}},
96 articletotal = {{article}}{art\addot}},
97 articletotals = {{articles}}{arts\addot}},

```

```

98 clausetotal = {{clause}}{cl\addot}},
99 clausetotals = {{clauses}}{cls\addot}},
100 regulationtotal = {{regulation}}{reg\addot}},
101 regulationtotals = {{regulations}}{regs\addot}},
102 ruletotal = {{rule}}{r\addot}},
103 ruletotals = {{rules}}{rr\addot}},

```

- Types

```

104 facebook = {{Facebook post}}{Facebook post}},
105 tweet = {{Twitter post}}{Twitter post}},
106 podcast = {{podcast}}{podcast}},
107 clip = {{video}}{video}},
108 webcast = {{webcast}}{webcast}},
109 poster = {{poster}}{poster}},

```

- Miscellaneous

```

110 nolocation = {{no place}}{n\addot p\addot}},
111 modified = {{last modified}}{last modified}},
112 recorded = {{recorded}}{recorded}},
113 uploaded = {{uploaded}}{uploaded}},
114 filed = {{filed}}{filed}},
115 issued = {{issued}}{issued}},

```

- Labels

```

116 anon = {{Anonymous}}{Anon\addot}},
117 pseudo = {{Pseudo-}}{Ps\addot-}},
118 urldown = {{downloaded}}{downloaded}},

```

- Country names, patents, and patent requests,

```

119 countryjp = {{Japan}}{JP}},
120 patentjp = {{Japanese patent}}{Japanese pat.\addot}},
121 patreqjp = {{Japanese patent request}}{Japanese pat.\addot req.\addot}},

```

- These are borrowed from other styles.

```

122 1column = {{one column}}{1\addnbspace col\addot}},
123 2column = {{two columns}}{2\addnbspace col\addot}},
124 inflayer = {{inferior layer}}{inf\adddot space lay\addot}},
125 suplayer = {{superior layer}}{sup\adddot space lay\addot}},
126 paper = {{paper}}{pap\addot}},
127 papyrus = {{papyrus}}{papy\addot}},
128 pergament = {{pergament}}{perg\addot}},
129 eucase = {{Case}}{Case}},
130 eujoinedcases = {{Joined Cases}}{Joined Cases}},
131 commissiondecision = {{Commission Decision}}{Commission Decision}},
132 application = {{Application}}{App\addot}},
133 order = {{Order}}{Ord\addot}},
134 bill = {{Bill}}{Bill}},
135 draft = {{draft}}{draft}},
136 opened = {{opened for signature}}{opened for signature}},
137 signed = {{signed}}{signed}},
138 adopted = {{adopted}}{adopted}},

```

```
139   inforce           = {{entered into force}}{entered into force}},
```

The rest of these strings are the standard ones, overridden to match the examples in the *Oxford Guide to Style* and *New Hart's Rules*. Many of these are guesses extrapolated from what is given.

The roles expressed as functions do not need adjusting. The roles expressed as actions do not typically end in 'by' when abbreviated; the 'with' parts go first when abbreviated if there is more than one editorial role (at least, that is one way of interpreting the examples).

```
140   byeditor          = {{edited by}}{ed\adddot}},
141   bycompiler        = {{compiled by}}{comp\adddot}},
142   byfounder         = {{founded by}}{found\adddot}},
143   bycontinuator     = {{continued by}}{cont\adddot}},
144   byredactor        = {{redacted by}}{red\adddot}},
145   byreviser         = {{revised by}}{rev\adddot}},
146   byreviewer        = {{reviewed by}}{rev\adddot}},
147   bycollaborator    = {{in collaboration with}}{in collab\adddotsspace with}},
148   bytranslator      = {{translated \lbox@lfromlang\ by}}{trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang}},
149   bycommentator     = {{commented by}}{comm\adddot}},
150   byannotator       = {{annotated by}}{annot\adddot}},
151   byeditortr        = {{edited and translated \lbox@lfromlang\ by}}%
152                       {ed\adddotsspace and trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang}},
153   byeditorco        = {{edited and commented by}}%
154                       {ed\adddotsspace and comm\adddot}},
155   byeditoran        = {{edited and annotated by}}%
156                       {ed\adddotsspace and annot\adddot}},
157   byeditorin        = {{edited, with an introduction, by}}%
158                       {ed.\adddotsspace with introduction}},
159   byeditorfo        = {{edited, with a foreword, by}}%
160                       {ed.\adddotsspace with foreword}},
161   byeditoraf        = {{edited, with an afterword, by}}%
162                       {ed.\adddotsspace with afterword}},
163   byeditortrco      = {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and commented by}}%
164                       {ed.,\addabbrvspace trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and
↵   comm\adddot}},
165   byeditortran      = {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and annotated by}}%
166                       {ed.,\addabbrvspace trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and
↵   annot\adddot}},
167   byeditortrin      = {{edited and translated \lbox@lfromlang, with an introduction, by}}%
168                       {with introduction, ed\adddotsspace and trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang}},
169   byeditortrfo      = {{edited and translated \lbox@lfromlang, with a foreword, by}}%
170                       {with foreword, ed\adddotsspace and trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang}},
171   byeditortraf      = {{edited and translated \lbox@lfromlang, with an afterword, by}}%
172                       {with afterword, ed\adddotsspace and trans\adddot\ \lbox@sfromlang}},
173   byeditorcoin      = {{edited and commented, with an introduction, by}}%
174                       {with introduction, ed\adddotsspace and comm\adddot}},
175   byeditorcofo      = {{edited and commented, with a foreword, by}}%
176                       {with foreword, ed\adddotsspace and comm\adddot}},
177   byeditorcoaf      = {{edited and commented, with an afterword, by}}%
178                       {with afterword, ed\adddotsspace and comm\adddot}},
179   byeditoranin      = {{edited and annotated, with an introduction, by}}%
180                       {with introduction, ed\adddotsspace and annot\adddot}},
181   byeditoranfo      = {{edited and annotated, with a foreword, by}}%
182                       {with foreword, ed\adddotsspace and annot\adddot}},
183   byeditoranaf      = {{edited and annotated, with an afterword, by}}%
184                       {with afterword, ed\adddotsspace and annot\adddot}},
185   byeditortrcoin    = {{edited, translated \lbox@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and commented, with
↵   an introduction, by}}%
186                       {with introduction, ed.,\addabbrvspace trans\adddot\
↵   \lbox@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and comm\adddot}},
```

```

187 byeditortrcofo = {{edited, translated \ltx@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and commented, with a
↪ foreword, by}}%
188     {with foreword, ed.,\addabrvspace trans\adddot\
↪ \ltx@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and comm\adddot}},
189 byeditortrcoaf = {{edited, translated \ltx@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and commented, with
↪ an afterword, by}}%
190     {with afterword, ed.,\addabrvspace trans\adddot\
↪ \ltx@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and comm\adddot}},
191 byeditortranin = {{edited, translated \ltx@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and annotated, with
↪ an introduction, by}}%
192     {with introduction, ed.,\addabrvspace trans\adddot\
↪ \ltx@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and annot\adddot}},
193 byeditortranfo = {{edited, translated \ltx@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and annotated, with a
↪ foreword, by}}%
194     {with foreword, ed.,\addabrvspace trans\adddot\
↪ \ltx@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and annot\adddot}},
195 byeditortranaf = {{edited, translated \ltx@lfromlang\finalandcomma\ and annotated, with
↪ an afterword, by}}%
196     {with afterword, ed.,\addabrvspace trans\adddot\
↪ \ltx@sfromlang\finalandcomma\ and annot\adddot}},
197 bytranslatorco = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang\ and commented by}}%
198     {trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ and comm\adddot}},
199 bytranslatoran = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang\ and annotated by}}%
200     {trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ and annot\adddot}},
201 bytranslatorin = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang, with an introduction, by}}%
202     {trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ with introduction}},
203 bytranslatorfo = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang, with a foreword, by}}%
204     {trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ with foreword}},
205 bytranslatoraf = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang, with an afterword, by}}%
206     {trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ with afterword}},
207 bytranslatorcoin = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang\ and commented, with an introduction, by}}%
208     {with introduction, trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ and comm\adddot}},
209 bytranslatorcofo = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang\ and commented, with a foreword, by}}%
210     {with foreword, trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ and comm\adddot}},
211 bytranslatorcoaf = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang\ and commented, with an afterword, by}}%
212     {with afterword, trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ and comm\adddot}},
213 bytranslatoranin = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang\ and annotated, with an introduction, by}}%
214     {with introduction, trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ and annot\adddot}},
215 bytranslatoranfo = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang\ and annotated, with a foreword, by}}%
216     {with foreword, trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ and annot\adddot}},
217 bytranslatoranaf = {{translated \ltx@lfromlang\ and annotated, with an afterword, by}}%
218     {with afterword, trans\adddot\ \ltx@sfromlang\ and annot\adddot}},

```

The roles expressed as objects and terms for supplementary material are not abbreviated.

```

219 withinroduction = {{with an introduction by}{with an introduction by}},
220 withcommentator = {{with a commentary by}{with a commentary by}},
221 withannotator = {{with annotations by}{with annotations by}},
222 withinroduction = {{with an introduction by}{with an introduction by}},
223 withforeword = {{with a foreword by}{with a foreword by}},
224 withafterword = {{with an afterword by}{with an afterword by}},
225 introduction = {{introduction}{introduction}},

```

The abbreviations for some publication details are different.

```

226 newseries = {{new series}{\mkbibacro{NS}}},
227 oldseries = {{old series}{\mkbibacro{OS}}},
228 edition = {{edition}{edn\adddot}},
229 reprint = {{reprint\nopunct}{repr\adddot\nopunct}},
230 reviewof = {{review of}{review of}},
231 reprintas = {{reprinted as}{repr\adddot\space as}},

```

```

232 reprintfrom = {{from}}{from}},
233 translationas = {{English translation as}}{Eng\addotsspace trans\addotsspace as}},
234 origpubin = {{originally published in}}{originally pub\addot}},

```

There is also a different abbreviation for ‘paragraph’.

```

235 paragraph = {{paragraph}}{para\addot}},
236 paragraphs = {{paragraphs}}{paras\addot}},

```

New Hart’s Rules uses ‘accessed’ for URL dates.

```

237 urlseen = {{accessed}}{accessed}},

```

Scholarly citation terms are abbreviated. Oxford style is to use ‘henceforth’ for shorthands and ‘at’ to cite a page within a range.

```

238 idem = {{idem}}{id\addot}},
239 idemsm = {{idem}}{id\addot}},
240 idemsf = {{eadem}}{ead\addot}},
241 idemsn = {{idem}}{id\addot}},
242 idempm = {{eidem}}{eid\addot}},
243 idempf = {{eaedem}}{eaed\addot}},
244 idempn = {{eadem}}{ead\addot}},
245 idemp = {{eidem}}{eid\addot}},
246 citedas = {{henceforth}}{henceforth}},
247 thiscite = {{at}}{at}},

```

Languages are abbreviated.

```

248 langamerican = {{English}}{Eng\addot}},
249 langbrazilian = {{Brazilian}}{Braz\addot}},
250 langcatalan = {{Catalan}}{Catal\addot}},
251 langcroatian = {{Croatian}}{Croat\addot}},
252 langczech = {{Czech}}{Czech}},
253 langdanish = {{Danish}}{Dan\addot}},
254 langdutch = {{Dutch}}{Dutch}},
255 langenglish = {{English}}{Eng\addot}},
256 langestonian = {{Estonian}}{Eston\addot}},
257 langfinnish = {{Finnish}}{Finn\addot}},
258 langfrench = {{French}}{Fr\addot}},
259 langgerman = {{German}}{Ger\addot}},
260 langgreek = {{Greek}}{Gr\addot}},
261 langitalian = {{Italian}}{It\addot}},
262 langlatin = {{Latin}}{Lat\addot}},
263 langnorwegian = {{Norwegian}}{Norw\addot}},
264 langpolish = {{Polish}}{Pol\addot}},
265 langportuguese = {{Portuguese}}{Port\addot}},
266 langrussian = {{Russian}}{Russ\addot}},
267 langslovene = {{Slovene}}{Slov\addot}},
268 langspanish = {{Spanish}}{Sp\addot}},
269 langswedish = {{Swedish}}{Swed\addot}},
270 }

```

5.2 British English: british-oxref.lbx

Here we set some language-specific punctuation and date formatting.

```
20 \InheritBibliographyExtras{british}
21 \DeclareBibliographyExtras{%
```

The only difference from the standard British date format is that we print it ‘clean’, with a cardinal instead of an ordinal day.

```
22 \protected\def\mkbibdatelong#1#2#3{%
23 \iffieldundef{#3}
24 {}
25 {\stripzeros{\thefield{#3}}}%
26 \iffieldundef{#2}{\nobreakspace}}%
27 \iffieldundef{#2}
28 {}
29 {\mkbibmonth{\thefield{#2}}}%
30 \iffieldundef{#1}{\space}}%
31 \iffieldbibstring{#1}
32 {\bibstring{\thefield{#1}}}
33 {\dateeraprintpre{#1}\stripzeros{\thefield{#1}}}}%
```

As you’d expect from an Oxford style, we use the Oxford comma, and use a period as the time separator.

```
34 \def\finalandcomma{\addcomma}%
35 \def\bibtimesep{\addperiod}%
36 }
```

We use the British abbreviations for 12-hour clock times.

```
37 \DeclareBibliographyStrings{%
38 inherit = {english},
39 am = {{a\adddot m\adddot}{a\adddot m\adddot}},
40 pm = {{p\adddot m\adddot}{p\adddot m\adddot}},
41 }
```

5.3 American English: american-oxref.lbx

```
20 \InheritBibliographyExtras{english}
21 \DeclareBibliographyExtras{\uspunctuation}
22 \InheritBibliographyStrings{english}
```

5.4 Other languages

Currently oxref only supports British and American English explicitly, but if there is demand more languages may be added. If you would like to contribute support for your language, a list of the non-standard bibliography strings requiring definition may be found in section 2.1.1.